"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,229. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WHITMAN HAS START ON GAYNOR IN RACE

Mayor Would Run Again, but Grimly Says He Has No Party —Republicans for Whitman

EVEN WITHOUT FUSIONISTS

The Mayor Thinks Fusionists Ought to be for Him, for Hasn't He Run the City as They Talk of Doing It?

Mayor Gaynor gave a characteristic interview to The Evening Mail yesterday, in which he offered himself as a candidate for renomination in an ironical sort of way. He said no party or organization would nominate him, and he could hardly expect the people to nominate him by petition; and, besides, what was everybody's business was nobody's business. He thought really the Fusionists ought to take him out of the cold, for had he not put into effect all those principles they were always talking about? Meanwhile the Republicans appear to be lining up solidly for District Attorney Whitman for the Mayoralty, if the action of their leaders can be taken as a guide to sentiment.

There will be a general conference on Monday afternoon of sub-committees representing the five Republican County Committees in this city, at the Republican Club, to discuss the Mayoralty situation and determine on a uniform line of action in the relation of the Republicans to the anti-Tammany fusion movement, as represented by the Citizens' Municipal Committee of One Hundred and Seven.

All the Republican county organizations in the city have come out in favor of the nomination of District Attorney Charles S. Whitman for the head of the municipal ticket this Fall. Practical unanimity is also said to exist on the proposition, originating with the leaders of the New York County Republican organization, to "go it alone" with Whitman in the event that the Fusion Committee should fail to unite behind his candidacy all the other organizations which, as a matter of policy, should enter as elements into the proposed campaign against Tammany Hall and its candidates.

Next Monday's conference was called because the Citizens' Committee has summoned the Republicans and the Progressives, the most important factors arrayed against Tammany in the municipal fight, to appear before them on Tuesday afternoon and present a statement of their attitude with regard to fusion and their candidates.

It has not been decided whether the Bull Moosers, who polled the second biggest vote in this city in the Gubernatorial contest last Fall, or the Republicans are to be given a hearing first by the Hapgood committee.

Between the two there exists the most pronounced rivalry for second turn. This is not prompted by any "After you, my dear Alphonse," spirit in either organization. The fact is that each would rather have the other step up before the Hapgood committee first and lay all its cards on the table.

Among the Progressives there is not the unanimous feeling in favor of Mr. Whitman's candidacy that prevails in the Republican ranks. Collector Mitchel has some ardent advocates among the Bull Moosers, and so has Borough President McAneny. The present outlook is that there may be a fight within the local organization of the third party before the anti-Tammany Fusion candidate for Mayor has been picked. This was foreshadowed yesterday in a statement made by Charles H. Duell, Jr., son of the leader of the Roosevelt forces in this city during the ante-convention campaign last Spring. Mr. Duell said:

"The sentiment among the rank and file of the Progressive Party, judging from all manner of diligent investigations which have been made, is overwhelmingly for District Attorney Whitman for Mayor. In conflict, however, with this sentiment, there is an apparent intention on the part of certain leaders of the Progressive county organization to prevent, if possible, Whitman's nomination and throw what influence they have to some other candidate.

It was announced yesterday that the Hapgood committee's sub-Committee on Nominations would be in session both on Tuesday afternoon and evening and possibly on Wednesday, too, to the end that ample opportunity be given for the presentation of the claims of both Progressives and Republicans at the outset of the committee's deliberations.

"Unless the fusionists nominate me," said Mayor Gaynor in his Evening Mail interview, "I am out in the cold, unless some good people get together who think I have done pretty well and nominate me by petition."

Regarding his candidacy the Mayor said:

"Will I be a candidate for renomination, you ask me. As I have said, I have no party back of me, and I have not heard a word from the leaders of any party. I do not suppose there is any party or organization that would nominate me. I am certain that I have no right to ask them to nominate me. I have no claim on them.

"You suggest that the people of the city may nominate me. I am not vain enough to think anything like that. And, besides, what is everybody's business is nobody's business. And I assure you there are a whole lot of people that are dead against me. I have put them out of business. I have kept their hands out of the public Treasury.

"You ask me if it is not true that the anti-Tammany campaign cry is at the present time meaningless. I can only say that there can be no anti-Tammany cry against me. That kind of cry is no more against me than an anti-Republican cry. No political organization made me. I never belonged to any, to start with. Nor can they unmake me, I hope.

"I did not ask to be nominated for Mayor. The nomination was offered to me twice in former years. How I came to accept it four years ago I can hardly tell you. Something led me into it. I have been through a pretty tough time since. I bear the marks of physical and moral assassins on me, and I am perfectly content to go out carrying them with me to the end.

Jests With the Fusionists.

"I suppose I should not say that. I should not allude to such matters at all. The moral assassins have tried their best to kill me. They are worse than physical assassins. They are the most despicable people on the face of the earth. No wonder wives and growing daughters beg men to stay out of office or get out. These moral assassin brutes spare no one's feelings.

"You ask me whether this word 'fusion' is not misunderstood by many people. I suppose many people are carried away with it without knowing what it is. But I do not believe these so-called 'fusionists' can make any one think that a fusion against the Democratic Party or any other party is a fusion against me.

"I have allowed no party and no political organization to interfere in the government of this city. Sometimes I think that I ought to be the one to be nominated by the so-called fusionists. Have I not carried out what they have been pretending to demand for years and years?

"Let them stand up and answer that.

Continued on Page 4.

HEART MAY STOP 10 MINUTES

Dr. Carrel Says the Interruption Is Not Dangerous in Surgery.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 12.—The following very interesting statements, some of which are considered striking by the leading lights of French medical science, were made to-day by Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, New York, at his first official lecture at the Paul Beaujon Hospital.

Dr. Carrel announced that he was now able to operate in the chest cavity with as much ease and safety as in the abdomen. "It is now a simple cut," he said, "and we open the thorax and operate upon the lungs, heart, and aorta as we treat the kidneys and the intestines. We now know, also, just how much the brain, the spinal cord, and the heart can stand as regards the temporary anaesthetics required by operations.

"The heart suffers very little from interrupted circulation as long as care is taken that it has enough oxygen, and it may be stopped for five or even ten minutes without danger; while in the spinal marrow the circulation may be stopped as long as twenty minutes.

"For the brain, however, four minutes is the limit of safety, and after five it is very difficult to restore normal conditions."

A huge field of work remained, he said in conclusion, to be done, as regards operations upon the human heart, and the study of these was of the greatest possible importance. This was especially true of surgery for aneurisms and the shrinking of the aorta or pulmonary arteries.

The lecture was received with great enthusiasm.

DIES IN BLAZING BIPLANE.

Drew, Seeking an Aerial Joy Ride, Killed in 200-Foot Fall.

LIMA, Ohio, June 12.—Andrew Drew, an aviator pupil of Orville Wright, met his death here this evening in a blazing biplane. Drew went up with a desire to take "just a little joy ride"—his last words to his partner—in a machine which he had not thoroughly tested. His partner in a local school of aviation, J. C. Brabazon, had urged him not to make the trip.

Drew fell 200 feet, his machine falling like a torch hurled from the sky. He was dead when Brabazon and several workmen at the Lima State Hospital pulled his body from under the wreck.

Drew was anxious to try out the machine and urged Brabazon, who has made several flights with him, to join him.

"Let's take just one little joy ride," he laughed, "and then I'll go and eat with you," said Drew.

Brabazon demurred on the ground that it was getting too dark to fly and there were no places suitable for a good landing.

The wrecked machine was used by Calvin Rogers when he made the last lap of his coast-to-coast flight two years ago.

When in the air but a short time Drew shut off his motor and the men at the aviation grounds saw a red tongue of flame dart from the machine.

The flash of red at the rear of the machine increased, and Drew, evidently hoping to land in a field a half mile away, made an emergency dip in an effort to save himself. The biplane, stationary for a moment, suddenly shot downward, careening as it fell.

This year has been a tragic one for the airmen, fifty-seven having been killed thus far and many others seriously injured. Since the beginning of flying, which practically started in 1908, there have been 275 fatalities. Drew's death is the third this month. On June 5 the French airman, Auguste Bernard, and his passenger, Mme. Rose Amecel, were killed in a Paris flight. Mme. Amecel was the sixth woman to lose her life in a fall.

GIVES HER GIFTS TO OTHERS

Miss Newman Makes 70 Poor Children Happy on Her 10th Birthday.

Beatrice Newman had only to name her choice of a present for her tenth birthday yesterday, and her father, Abraham B. Newman, an importer of smokers' materials at 288 and 290 East Houston Street, agreed to grant it. He even tried to help her by suggestions, but in reply to each, calculated to gladden a child's heart, Beatrice shook her head. Mr. Newman was mystified until Beatrice said:

"Papa, there is something that will make me happier. In the school where I go there are poor children who think I have pretty clothes than they do. Let me buy each of them a lovely Summer dress. I'll be happy then."

Newman agreed. He sent word to Miss H. A. Hulskamp, Principal of Public School 62, at Fourth Street and Avenue A, to supply the names of children who would share in his daughter's birthday happiness. Miss Hulskamp selected seventy children between the ages of 7 and 12. They formed in line yesterday in front of Mr. Newman's place of business, and provision was made for each to receive a dainty dress.

"It's the best birthday I ever had," Beatrice told her father last night.

TO GUARD TURNER FORTUNE

Conservator for Heiress and Mother After Dispute with Suitor.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, June 12.—The Probate Court of Hartford, Conn., to-day appointed a conservator for the estate of Miss Isabella Turner, an heiress of Glastonbury, and her mother, Mrs. Harriet Turner, after testimony had been given that the head of the family, Sturgess Turner, a retired manufacturer, was suffering from softening of the brain. The Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Company of this city was appointed conservator by Probate Judge L. P. Waldo.

Miss Turner was engaged to A. Leon Wood, a Hartford insurance agent, and the wedding was set for yesterday, but last week Mrs. Turner recalled the invitations and announced that the marriage had been postponed indefinitely. It was reported at that time that the postponement was due to a dispute over a pre-nuptial contract. Under that contract, it is now understood here, Wood was to receive $250 a month for life.

Wood refused to-night to make any comment on a report current that he would sue the conservator for breach of the pre-nuptial contract or on the statement made in court in the presence of the State Attorney for Hartford County that Wood had "attempted to obtain some of the Turner property."

It was developed in court that Wood appeared to have a strong influence over Mrs. Turner and her daughter.

Flavor all Summer drinks with ANGOSTURA BITTERS, a delicious appetizer and tonic.—Adv.

M'REYNOLDS URGES QUICK U. P. ACTION

Opposes the Road's Dissolution Plans and Objects to Further Extension of Time.

SUGGESTS A RECEIVERSHIP

Company Ready to Trade $38,000,000 S. P. Stock to Pennsylvania for B. & O. Shares.

ST. PAUL, June 12.—Attorney General McReynolds served notice to-day that the Government was opposed to giving any further extension of time to the Union Pacific Railroad to dispose of its holdings of Southern Pacific stock as ordered by the Supreme Court. In doing so he made known to the railroad's attorneys and to Judges Sanborn, Hook, and Smith of the United States Court his objections to two of the latest plans proposed by the railroad for getting rid of its $126,650,000 worth of Southern Pacific stock.

A new plan was proposed for the disposition of almost a third of the Southern Pacific stock held by Union Pacific. It provides for trading Southern Pacific stock to the Pennsylvania Railroad for the latter company's holdings in the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

When the hearing had been concluded after long arguments on both sides, the court took the whole case under advisement.

"We are anxious to comply with the mandate of the Supreme Court and dispose of our Southern Pacific holdings, but we are unwilling to sell them for the price we could get in the present state of the market," Robert S. Lovett, Chairman of the Union Pacific board, told the court.

"The Supreme Court ordered the Union Pacific to relinquish its Southern Pacific stock by July 1," responded Attorney General McReynolds. "That time practically has arrived and the Union Pacific has not complied with the mandate. The time has come for this court to take the matter in hand and order something done. If loss is incurred by the immediate sale of the stock, it will be as the result of wrongful action on the part of the railroad."

Mr. McReynolds said he could see no objection to the Union Pacific's proposed exchange of $38,000,000 worth of Southern Pacific stock—a little less than one-third of its total holdings—for Baltimore & Ohio stock held by the Pennsylvania Railroad. He asked the court for a brief time, however, to investigate the stock holdings of the various railroads involved.

Permission to make this exchange was sought by the railroad in a supplemental plan of dissolution filed to-day. The two plans were explained to the court by N. H. Loomis of Omaha, ex-Judge Lovett's associate. He thought the railroad should be allowed a year to carry out the plans, if approved.

During the discussion of the primary plan providing for the sale of the stock by public subscription through a syndicate, Judge Smith asked the railroad lawyer what there was to prevent the syndicate fixing a prohibitive price on the stock, thus preventing popular sale and thereby leaving control of the Southern Pacific in the hands of the Union Pacific.

Mr. Loomis said the railroad was acting in good faith and desired no prohibitive price placed on the stock. He agreed, however, that the court should fix a minimum price, provided the figure was not below par.

Mr. McReynolds said he had hoped that the financial interests would get together and arrange an exchange of stock whereby the Union Pacific would acquire the Central Pacific in return for its Southern Pacific stock. Failure to negotiate such a deal, he said, left the Government with no alternative except to institute litigation against the Southern Pacific to compel it to relinquish its control of the Central Pacific.

Judge Sanborn asked the Attorney General what action he thought the court should take. Mr. McReynolds said that one of two things should be done: The court should either appoint a receiver to undertake the disposition of the stock or should itself devise some means of disposing of it.

The primary plan proposed provided for the sale of the stock by popular subscription in similar to city bonds, while the alternative plan provided for placing the disfranchised stock in the hands of a trustee and the issuance of certificates of interest against it. These certificates would be exchangeable only upon the filing of an affidavit that the holder did not own any of the capital stock of the Union Pacific.

RUMOR OF CONSOLIDATION.

Harriman Interests Deny Plan for Transcontinental System.

The proposal to exchange part of the $126,650,000 of Southern Pacific stock now owned by Union Pacific for the Pennsylvania Railroad's holdings of Baltimore & Ohio was considered some months ago and then dropped, to be taken up again recently. The exchange would relieve the Pennsylvania of a possible embarrassment through the holding of a one-third interest in a line with which it is in competition at certain points.

In 1906 the Union Pacific purchased $40,000,000 of Baltimore & Ohio preferred and common stock from the Pennsylvania. This fact, coupled with the offer made at St. Paul for the balance of the Pennsylvania's holdings in Baltimore & Ohio, started a rumor yesterday that it was planned to link the Union Pacific and the Baltimore & Ohio, and the Southern Pacific with the Pennsylvania to make two great transcontinental systems. On this point one of the largest financial interests in the Harriman roads said:

"There is nothing further from the minds of the Directors of the roads concerned. If the trade succeeds it is intended, when conditions permit, to offer the Baltimore & Ohio stock acquired from the Pennsylvania, together with the shares already held in the treasury, to the Union Pacific stockholders for subscription."

P. R. R. CONFIRMS OFFER.

Willing to Trade B. & O. Stock if Court Will Allow It.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—In reference to the dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., giving the details of a proposed stock trade between the Pennsylvania and Union Pacific Railroads, the Pennsylvania Company issued the following statement here to-day:

The Pennsylvania Railroad confirms the statement telegraphed from St. Paul that, subject absolutely to the approval of the United States District Court in connection with its decree of dissolution in the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific dissolution case, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell its holdings of the common and preferred stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and purchase Southern Pacific stock held by the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

The arrangement is, subject as stated to the approval of the court, that the company will receive in exchange for its Baltimore & Ohio stock Southern Pacific stock at the rate of $100 of Southern Pacific stock for $80 of Baltimore & Ohio stock, and that the Union Pacific Railroad Company will receive in exchange for its Southern Pacific stock Baltimore & Ohio stock at the rate of $100 of Baltimore & Ohio stock for $80 of Southern Pacific stock.

Continued on Page 4.

Burns Reveals Inside Story of Tracking the McNamaras

One of the most graphic detective narratives ever written, showing how a bit of sawdust in an empty can led step by step to unraveling a great dynamite conspiracy, IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ONE JUROR SAVES DUFFY FROM PRISON

Votes Steadily for Acquittal and Brings About a Disagreement, 11 to 1.

After being locked up for twenty-four hours and twenty-five minutes the jury in the case of Police Sergt. Peter J. Duffy, charged with collecting graft from Julius Roth, a Harlem gambler, announced to Justice Goff in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court at 5:30 P. M. yesterday that it could not reach a verdict. The jury was discharged by Justice Goff and Duffy was released in the custody of his lawyer, Abraham Levy, with the understanding that he would appear in court at 11 o'clock this morning and furnish $5,000 bail to answer to the indictments still standing against him. It is expected that an early motion will be made by the District Attorney for another trial.

The jury, it was learned, was deadlocked from the very moment that the case reached its hands at 5:05 P. M. on Wednesday. Fourteen ballots were taken. The first ballot showed nine for conviction and three for acquittal. Before midnight on Wednesday the vote stood ten for conviction and two for acquittal. Another juror became convinced of the guilt of Duffy early yesterday morning, but all the reasoning at the command of the eleven men did not suffice to overcome the determination of the twelfth man.

This twelfth man was Harry L. Whaley, a salesman, of 523 West 135th Street, who was Juror No. 9. It was said that he had stood out for acquittal for three reasons. The first was that he did not believe the testimony of ex-Patrolman Eugene Fox, a self-confessed grafter, that he had turned over a list of graft paying gambling houses to Duffy, and that Duffy had told him all of the places but one had paid up. The second was that one of the witnesses against Duffy was a negro waiter, Henry Harris, and that he wouldn't take the word of any negro against that of any white man. The third was that he was convinced Duffy had told the truth in his own defense. Mr. Whaley is a Southerner. He was chosen from the regular panel of talesmen after the special panel had been exhausted.

First Ballot 9 to 3 for Conviction.

When the first ballot was taken immediately after the retirement of the jury, those voting with Mr. Whaley were Henry L. Hamilton, a real estate broker, of 1,077 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, and Theodore Corbett, a manufacturer of flagpoles, of 1,053 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx. The rehearing of the testimony of Roth, the gambler, and of the negro waiter, who had differed as to the time of Duffy's visits, made no change in the vote, it was said. Corbett was won over after Justice Goff had ordered the jury locked up for the night.

During the night there was little rest for the two who were for acquittal, according to several of the jurymen who consented to talk after their discharge. The ten who were for conviction, it was said, took turns in sleeping on the hard wooden benches in the jury room, while the rest argued it out with the two who were for acquittal. When the court attendants called the jurors for breakfast the first vote for the day was deferred until after their return from the Murray Hill Hotel.

Last Ballot 11 to 1 for Conviction.

This time it was eleven for conviction and one for acquittal. Debate, it was said, ceased shortly after 9 o'clock, because it had become heated and personal. The outstanding juror held aloof from his fellow jurors, but reiterated at intervals his opinion that Duffy should not be declared guilty on the unsupported testimony of a gambler.

At 11:10 A. M. the jury filed into court to rehear the charge of Justice Goff, wherein it was stated that some corroboration of an accomplice to the felony was necessary, but that the corroboration might take the form of circumstances.

There was no change in the line-up when the jury was polled again. Rigby D. Valliant, the foreman, thereafter sent in several notes to Justice Goff, each informing him that no agreement could be reached. The jurors did not ask for luncheon, nor did Justice Goff suggest that they be sent out for it. When Justice Goff at 5:30 P. M. finally called the jury in the jurors had gone more than ten hours without a thing to eat.

Jury Discharged, Duffy Paroled.

Duffy stood at the rail and his eyes were fixed on the foreman while the latter, a former cadet at West Point, stood erect and reported that the jury was hopelessly deadlocked.

"I regret it very much," said Justice Goff, "because it entails not only further expense on the part of the prosecution, but also further anxiety and delay on the part of the defendant."

He then discharged the jury.

Mr. Levy immediately asked for the parole of his client. The original bail had been $7,000, Mr. Levy pointed out, and there were still five indictments against Duffy.

Justice Goff suggested a reduction of bail to $5,000, and asked Assistant District Attorney Clark if he desired to make objection to the request to parole Duffy in the custody of his counsel until he could obtain bail. Mr. Clark raised no objection, and Mr. Levy was ordered to produce Duffy in court at 11 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Whaley, the juror who stood out to the last against conviction, was among the first to leave the building. His mother was ill, and he hastened to her bedside. Later in the evening a TIMES reporter called him on the telephone. Mr. Whaley admitted that he had voted alone and spoke in a passionate tone about the case.

"I did not consider that the testimony of Roth and Fox had been corroborated," he said.

When informed of the statements of his fellow jurors that he had been prejudiced against Harris because he was a negro, Mr. Whaley replied:

"That is not true. I am from the South, but I had no prejudices against the negro. If you had been in the jury room you would have seen the thing from a different point of view. The fact is that there were three for acquittal on the first ballot. One of the three was bullyragged over to the other side. The second man was rough-housed over. Later this man turned to me and said: 'Mr. Whaley, I am sorry that I went over, but I couldn't stand it any longer.' I told them that they couldn't bullyrag or rough house me."

WHEN YOU WANT DRINKING CUPS write to the Public Service Cup Co., Bush Terminal, B'klyn, makers of the "Lily" Cup, a sound, rigid, sanitary and economical cup. Samples sent free.—Adv.

MOORS CAPTURE SPANISH WARSHIP

Crew of Nearly 100 Men of Stranded Gunboat Reported Slain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 12.—The unusual spectacle of thousands of native sharpshooters pouring a murderous fire upon the bluejackets on a stranded Spanish warship has been witnessed on the coast of Morocco.

Conflicting reports have been received as to the fate of the crew of 100 men, but one account says that all but a few perished.

Some tribes in the Spanish zone in Morocco got out of hand, and several gunboats were dispatched to the vicinity. One of the vessels, the Gen. Concha, went ashore in the bay of Alhucemas during a fog, and the Kabyle tribesmen opened fire upon every one who appeared on her decks.

An official dispatch from Alhucemas, published in Madrid, says that the crew was composed of ninety-eight men. This message admits that the commander was killed.

Two stokers who had managed to leave the wreck in a boat fell in with the gunboat Lauria. They hailed her, and, on being taken aboard, reported that the tribesmen had inflicted heavy losses upon the crew. The Lauria and other warships, the official dispatch adds, immediately went to the assistance of the wreck. The fire from their guns soon drove the Kabyles off. Boats were then put off from the Lauria, and the work of taking off the wounded and the rest of the Gen. Concha's crew was carried out with all possible speed under the protection of the ship's guns. The wreck is to be blown up.

A more serious report, however, came from Gibraltar later. Commanders of salvage steamers which have just returned from the scene of the wreck say that it is impossible to approach it, as thousands of Moors on the slopes are firing continually upon the vessels and their boats as they attempt to get near the ship. The whole crew of the warship, according to this report, including the officers, who remained aboard, were killed, and the Moors have taken possession of the vessel. Twelve men who rowed off to Alhucemas to report the mishap are safe, but these are the only survivors.

That a serious situation faces Spain is clear from other messages. A dispatch from Tetuan, received at Tangier, says that the Resident General has issued an order prohibiting any one from appearing in the streets after 9 o'clock in the evening. Moors dressed as women have been caught stabbing and killing the inhabitants. Great panic prevails. The consulates are supplied with special guards. Letters are delayed, as couriers are unable to get through.

The tribesmen have attacked Laurient and have been repulsed; but the Spanish troops lost eight officers and over 100 men killed.

SENATORS FAIL WILSON.

President, Visiting Capitol, Finds Fourteen at Ball Game.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—President Wilson is beginning to find that his trips to the Capitol are not the labor-saving device he intended them to be. Late this afternoon, without any announcement, he motored up to the Senate entrance and took possession of the President's room, while Secretary Tumulty inquired for twenty-one Senators whom the President wanted to consult as to appointments to the Industrial Commission.

Only seven of the Senators could be found. A poll of the offices of the other fourteen showed that they were watching the Nationals win from the White Sox by 5 to 4. The President is a good fan, and when he heard where they were he admitted that he would like to be with them.

The Industrial Commission is to be composed of three employers of labor, three representatives of labor, and three representatives of the general public. As a result of the President's conference with Senators, the following will be among those to be nominated for the commission:

Frederick A. De Lano of Chicago, Ill., receiver and former Vice President of the Wabash Railway Company, representing employers of labor; Frank P. Walsh of Kansas City, Mo., a lawyer, representing the people; John B. Lennon of Peoria, Ill., Treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, representing labor; and F. Thrufton Ballard of Louisville, Ky., a miller, representing employers of labor.

The President talked with Senators Bradley and James of Kentucky, O'Gorman of New York, Bacon of Georgia, Lewis of Illinois, and Chamberlain of Oregon. It is supposed that there will be Commissioners from these States.

As usual, the President was accompanied to the Capitol, in addition to Mr. Tumulty, by several Secret Service men. He remained there about an hour.

ASKS ELLIS ISLAND INQUIRY.

Braun Charges Inhuman Methods in Deporting Aliens.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Marcus A. Braun of New York, formerly an official of the United States Immigration Service, now connected with the German-American Steamship Line, has written to Representative Curley of Massachusetts urging him to induce Congress to investigate conditions at Ellis Island. Mr. Braun said that the deportation of aliens has been carried to a point the reverse of humane, and that the whole subject should be ventilated.

Mr. Curley, who is a member of the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, took an important part last year in the debates on the Dillingham-Burnett Immigration bill.

SAY BOOK DEAL COST WILLETS $200,000

Arrest of Sewell Reveals Many Purchases at Astonishing Prices.

PAYS $6,000 FOR ONE SET

Moliere Bought at the Rate of $200 a Volume Said to be Worth $15.

Through the arrest in Los Angeles, Cal., of Henry B. Sewell, who is wanted in this city to answer an indictment charging him with defrauding J. Macy Willets of 30 West Fifty-second Street, son of the broker, and one time horse owner, a plan came to light yesterday by which it is alleged Willets lost more than $200,000 in transactions involving de luxe editions of books and the purchase of autographs.

The arrest of Sewell became known through information telegraphed to Police Headquarters. It was then learned that Assistant District Attorney Morris Moscowitz had presented the case to the Grand Jury and had obtained an indictment for grand larceny against Sewell. According to the information in the hands of the District Attorney, Sewell represented to Mr. Willets that he was working his way through Columbia University. A warm friendship was formed, and it is alleged that Sewell not only sold books at extravagant and preposterous prices to Willets, but also obtained his automobile and some articles of jewelry as gifts. The specific charge upon which Sewell is indicted is the theft of $5,710 from Willets, although Mr. Moscowitz says the total amount involved is far in excess of $200,000.

According to the indictment found against Sewell, he had known Mr. Willets since 1911. It is charged that on Dec. 9, 1912, he told Willets that he knew George D. Smith, a well-known book collector, of 70 Wall Street, and could obtain from Mr. Smith a number of autographs of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He said that these autographs came from the Danforth sale in Philadelphia, and that he could get them for $10,900. Mr. Willets, according to the indictment, authorized Sewell to purchase the autographs for him, and on Dec. 18 the defendant delivered to Mr. Willets five letters bearing the signatures of signers of the Declaration of Independence. Shortly afterward, it is alleged, Sewell went to the Lincoln National Bank and pledged the rest of the signatures which he had purchased for Willets, valued at $5,700, as collateral for a note for $2,500. Inasmuch as Mr. Willets had paid for the signatures, the fact that Sewell, as charged, offered them as security constitutes grand larceny under the law. There is no charge that the autographs obtained were not all Sewell said they were. The particular ones offered as collateral for the loan were: Joseph Hewes, valued at $800; William Hooper, valued at $450; Richard Henry Lee, valued at $175; John Penn, valued at $710; Benjamin Franklin, valued at $375, and the Adams and Jones correspondence, valued at $3,200.

Mr. Willets, according to the information obtained yesterday, says he first met the defendant at 471 Park Avenue. Mr. Willets, it is said, was informed that Sewell was working his way through college and was paying his expenses by buying and selling books. Sewell then told Mr. Willets, according to Mr. Moscowitz, that books were a fine investment provided one bought them at bargains and sold them at a profit. Mr. Willets was interested, and following this conversation, it was said, bought a twenty-volume set of Ainsworth and a sixteen-volume set of "Queens of England." He paid $800 for the set of Ainsworth and $1,200 for the set of "Queens of England." According to F. M. Hopkins, attached to the United States District Attorney's office, the two sets are not worth over $240. Later Mr. Willets met Mr. Sewell again, and on this occasion the defendant, it is alleged, said that he had obtained a scholarship in an English college and wanted to go there to complete his education. Mr. Willets, it is alleged, bought some more books on this occasion but never received them, the defendant saying he had sold them at a profit and had invested the money in autographs.

Mr. Willets later bought twelve volumes of Molière for $2,400. The books, it is said, were really worth $15 a volume. Mr. Willets, according to the District Attorney's information, also bought another set of books for $6,000. The name of this set could not be learned.

Shortly after this sale of books to Mr. Willets, Sewell met the complainant and admired his automobile and offered him $2,000 for it. Mr. Willets is said to have replied: "Oh, I hate to stick you. You can take it if you want to." He also gave the defendant a scarfpin and some other articles of jewelry.

Shortly after this, Sewell, it is alleged, sold what purported to be valuable editions of Shakespeare to Mr. Willets. According to Mr. Moscowitz, he said that he knew where he could get a Hallowell edition of Shakespeare, which he said was limited. He spoke of one set which sold in New Orleans for $3,500. Shortly after this Mr. Willets received a letter from a Mrs. Williams, who said she understood that he had such a set of Shakespeare, and she was willing to pay $6,000 for it. Sewell appeared shortly after this, and when Mr. Willets spoke of the letter, said he could get two editions such as "Mrs. Williams" wanted, and he had a customer who was willing to pay $12,000 for one set.

Mr. Willets bought the sets, paying $2,500 for one and $4,000 for another. The $12,000 customer then, is said to have only offered notes for the books, and upon the advice of Sewell Mr. Willets did not sell. Mr. Willets never heard from "Mrs. Williams" again.

Sewell, it is alleged, later suggested that Mr. Willets open a private library where he could buy and sell books. Mr. Willets agreed, and accordingly a library was fitted up. Sewell, it is charged, bought all the furniture, and after equipping the place bought more books for Mr. Willets, who had authorized him to do so. One such set was "Civil War Generals," which Mr. Willets never saw but which Sewell, it is alleged, said he traded for some autographs valued at $6,500. These autographs, it is said, were really worth what Sewell said they were. Sewell after this deal, it is charged, obtained a loan of $2,000 from Mr. Willets, but his bill for expenses and commissions more than balanced this loan. Among some of the books bought by Mr. Willets at high prices were two volumes of the Army and Navy, for which he paid $1,000. The actual value is said to be $25. Mr. Willets also bought a set of two volumes of the Iconographic Dictionary for $2,000 a volume. The actual value is said to be about $200. Persons familiar with book values, in speaking of some of the books bought by Mr. Willets, according to the District Attorney's information, referred to them as "skillfully constructed gold bricks."

Mr. Willets is well known as a lover of books. His wife was formerly Miss Gladys Augusta Bloodgood. Mr. Willets could not be seen last night. His attorney, Charles K. Carpenter, would not talk about the case.

T. R. ON PROGRESS MISSION.

He Will Preach the New Political Faith in Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, June 12.—It is announced here that Theodore Roosevelt is coming to Argentina to lecture on the progress of the United States.

Theodore Roosevelt's private secretary yesterday confirmed the report from Buenos Aires that the Colonel contemplated a trip to Argentina, but said that the details of such a trip had not been settled.

"Present plans call for Col. Roosevelt's departure this Fall," he said. "That's all we care to say about it now."

SUICIDE BY MOTOR CYCLE.

Detsinger at 45 Miles an Hour Ran Into Motor Truck.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 12.—Frank Detsinger, a motor cyclist, committed suicide this morning by running head on into a motor truck at Kirkwood, N. J., fifteen miles from here. Detsinger at the same time almost caused the death of Frank Apgar of Lewistown, who was riding on the rear seat of the motorcycle. Apgar is the Cooper Hospital in a serious condition. He says that Detsinger intentionally took his life. Apgar has a fractured skull.

Detsinger, who was 25 years old, and Apgar, a man of 40 years, were riding at 1 o'clock this morning toward Camden. They were on the White Horse Pike at Kirkwood when Detsinger, who was guiding the machine, saw in the distance a motor truck. Detsinger said calmly enough that he though it was about time for him to die. Putting on full speed, until the motor cycle was going at the rate of forty-five miles an hour, he headed straight for the motor truck. They came together with a crash.

NEW ORDER PUZZLES POLICE

Waldo Demands Lists of Houses in Which Two or More Policemen Live.

Those on duty at Police Headquarters were much puzzled last night when it became known that Commissioner Waldo had sent out peremptory orders to all the precinct commanders in the city to furnish his office with a list of all cases where two or more patrolmen attached to the same precinct lived in the same house. It was learned that as fast as the lists came in they were turned over to the detective bureau.

The order has been as closely guarded as any that has ever gone out in the Police Department. All the men who heard of it asserted that they could not think of any explanation for it.

AIRSHIP UNDER FIRE.

Strange Projectile Hits Naval Machine in Annapolis Flight.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 12.—While making a flight this afternoon in an airboat to Galesville, a small village on West River, about fifteen miles from Annapolis, Lieut. A. A. Cunningham of the Navy Aviation Corps was under fire.

A projectile of fairly large calibre pierced the propeller of the machine and glanced off after striking another part of the mechanism. In its course it passed within a few feet of Lieut. Cunningham and his mechanician. It is not known where the missile came from.

Although the occupants of the machine had a narrow escape, their flight was not interrupted, and after sailing within sight of a horse show crowd at Galesville they made the return to Annapolis without descending.

Three other machines also made the flight. The trip, about thirty-five miles in length, was covered by the four machines in 36 minutes.

WESTON BEYOND CORNING.

There a Day Ahead of 1,500-Mile Walk Schedule with Hurt Knee.

CORNING, N. Y., June 12.—Edward Payson Weston reached Corning at noon to-day, a full day ahead of the schedule planned for his 1,500-mile walk from New York to Minneapolis. He was passed between here and Elmira by John Ennis, aged 71, who left New York, also bound for Minneapolis, twenty-four hours after Weston left.

Weston injured his knee near Owego on Tuesday, and it is still giving him considerable trouble in walking. It took him six hours to walk the eighteen miles from Elmira this morning. He rested here until 4 o'clock this afternoon, when he went to Addison, twelve miles away, where he was a guest at a dinner tonight.

Weston plans to reach Hornell on Friday night. Ennis reached Corning, and after luncheon started for Addison fifteen minutes before Weston reached here.

EYE BLACK, SEEKS WILSON.

New York Youth Telephones to White House and Is Held.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Orville W. Shinn was the name and 408 West 130th Street, New York City, the address given by a young man, with a bruised, blackened eye, who was sent to the Washington Asylum Hospital to-day for examination into his mental condition.

He registered at the New Willard upon his arrival here last night and tried to make an appointment with President Wilson over the telephone. Then he strolled across Pennsylvania Avenue to Police Headquarters and began a conversation with Lieut. Hartley.

The young man said something about calling at the White House, but when asked whether he intended to visit the Executive Mansion he replied: "Certainly not. I'd get arrested if I went there. I know I've done a dangerous thing coming here. I suppose you think I'm crazy, but I'm not."

The visitor said he has been employed as a stenographer in the office of W. V. Higgins, a broker at 14 Wall Street, New York. He added that his eye had been discolored by a fellow-clerk.

I've tried to have the fellow arrested who hit me in New York," he said "but could not get anything done there."

Shinn said his mother was Mrs. Ella Shinn, living at 403 West 130th Street, New York City.

Acting on this information, the police sent a telegram to her through the New York police. No answer was received. To-night Shinn told the authorities he had a brother E. R. Shinn, at Caldwell, N. J.

FIVE KILLED IN BOSTON EXPRESS REAR-END CRASH

Score Injured as Second Section Smashes Into First at Stamford.

AIR BRAKES DIDN'T WORK

Victims in Chair Car Skylark Swept to Death or Injury Without Warning.

ENGINEER IN WRECK BEFORE

He Was Fireman When Nine Persons Met Death in the Collision at Westport.

TRAFFIC MEN BLAME ROAD

Accident, Say Canadian Pacific Agents, Result of New Haven's Antiquated Methods.

SOME NEW YORK VICTIMS

E. H. Woodruff of Flushing Killed —Others Near Death in Stamford Hospital—Survivors Get Here.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, June 12.—Five persons were killed and a score injured, six of them dangerously, when the second section of the westbound Boston Express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad crashed into the rear of the first section, which had stopped here at 5:03 o'clock this afternoon, waiting to be coupled to an electric locomotive.

gineer of the second section probably expected the first section to leave Stamford on its schedule and, counting on a clear track with the scheduled fairway, did not notice the signals set against him. Dougherty's whereabouts is not known here.

The engineer is wanted for the Coroner's inquest, which will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The crash with which the second section smashed into the first was not felt severely through the cars of the first section, other than the rear car. The big locomotive which Dougherty was driving, No. 1,338, one of the largest on the road, cut its way through the rear car of the first section as if it had been so much kindling wood. The locomotive simply crumpled the car, taking Pullman chairs, passengers, and baggage with it.

An elderly woman in a black dress was thrown on top of the locomotive. Mrs. J. Kelley, wife of the land agent of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, was picked up in her seat and pressed against the ceiling of the wrecked car until she died.

Every Seat in Death Car Filled.

The locomotive did not stop until it had plowed its course, three-fourths of the way through the Pullman car. The car was a wooden one, bearing the name of Skylark. Every seat had been sold.

Although a few of those in the rear of the crushed car realized a moment two before the crash that it was impending, most of the victims were caught in their seats and the survivors did not have a chance to find out just what had happened until they were dragged from the wreckage.

When firemen and policemen arrived on a call for help by locomotive whistles, they found the eastern side of the Skylark lying beside the tracks with the syllable "lark" still decipherable on pieces of wood that had clung together.

Some of the passengers in the wreckage fought to stay where they were to search for persons with whom they had been traveling. They had to be taken by force to hospital ambulances.

Dougherty, the engineer, realized that he could not avoid the crash. He pulled the whistle valve of his engine wide open 200 feet from the rear of the wooden Skylark. That whistle attracted the attention of hundreds of employes, who looked up in time to see the trains crash.

The second section's locomotive did not leave the rails. It jammed the rear trucks of the Pullman car against the forward trucks and took the Pullman on over the cowcatcher and boiler, as if the car had been built to ride there as an outer shell.

Pullman Borne on Engine.

Clearing away the wreck was a brief task, as the second section's locomotive was able to pull away on her own steam and the smashed Pullman came with the engine without either set of trucks running on the rails.

The Boston Express was known as Train No. 53, and was routed through Springfield. It left Boston in two sections at 1 P. M., and was due in New York at 6 o'clock.

Stamford was not scheduled as a stopping point to take on or let off passengers, and it was not intended to make any other stop before reaching New York. The stop at Stamford, which was merely to change locomotives to enter the electric division, was made at the Canal Street bridge, 1,500 feet east of the Stamford Station. It was close to the roundhouse, in which forty locomotives were being overhauled, and was almost beside the signal tower from which, it was said, the engineer of the second section received or should have received warning that the first section still was stopped on the track.

The first section reached the transfer point for locomotives on time at 4:45 o'clock and had been on the track for eighteen minutes when the second section came down at full speed from behind. Ordinarily the change of locomotives would have been completed in four minutes, and the first section would have been away from Stamford before the second section's arrival.

Of the carnage in the Skylark as the big locomotive ate its way through it Mr. Kelley of the Canadian Pacific gained an impression typical of those who were in the wooden car. He occupied seat No. 18 in the Skylark, while his wife, Mrs. Ada Kelley, who was killed, occupied No. 19.

Reminded Him of the Titanic.

"I did not feel any lurch forward," said Mr. Kelley. "It was so soft that when I saw what had happened the crash of the Titanic into the iceberg came to my mind in a flash. I was sitting facing my wife, who was across the car from me. We had been watching a girl in a blue dress toward the front of the car and I was joking with my wife about a boy who obviously was flirting with the girl.

"I felt something. It seemed as if some one had struck the back of my chair. I bent forward a little from the shock, and then the back of the chair struck me a harder blow. I looked for my wife. I could not see her. I looked right where she should have been. I could not make her out, and I tried to reach for her.

"Some object took form before me. It looked like a crumpled heap of something human. I picked it up, but it was nothing—some torn wreckage of some kind.

"It was just kindling wood all around. A hand came through the splinters of wood. It grasped mine and a big, gruff voice said I had to come out. I said to please let me alone, that my wife was in there with me and I must find her.

"But the big voice grew more commanding, and I felt the pressure of the hand on my wrist. I struggled, but I was dragged out.

"I saw that the locomotive had scooped our car right up on the boiler. There was a ladder running up to a window. I struggled to reach the ladder and begged them to let me go up it to get my wife. But they held me fast.

"I saw the end of the Pullman was open—the end away from the engine. I tried to make for that place. They said they would attend to my wife all right and I must go to a hospital.

"When I was struggling with them, I saw the lower part of my wife's body hanging through a window. Two men who held me walked with me to the window, but just before we reached it my wife's body fell to the ground. I grasped her wrist and found the pulse still active.

"They picked her up and walked with her toward a little signal tower of some kind. I held her hand all the way. Her pulse still was beating when they laid her down.

"A doctor from the Stamford Hospital came and said she was dead. The locomotive simply had jammed her against the ceiling of the Skylark and held her there until she was crushed to death.

"I am a railroad man with a long railroad experience. It is a mystery to me how these New England railroads can continue to operate in defiance of legislation and of all sane rules of railroading."

Railway Men Criticise Road.

Mr. Kelley was not the only railway man in the wreck who criticised the New Haven Road management severely. George O. Walton, traveling passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific, with an office at 458 Broadway, New York, was a passenger in the day coach immediately ahead of the wooden chair car.

"There were forty passengers in the car I was in," he said. "I took this car because I could not bring myself to ride in a wooden car at the rear of a train. It seemed to be a suicidal kind of railroading. If the car had been of steel, every person in it probably would have been saved. At least, every one would have had some kind of a fighting chance for his or her life. As it was, they were just cut down and killed and maimed without the slightest chance to get away.

"The wreck is nothing so much as a tribute to railroad methods away behind the times.

"I saw a little girl thrown out of her mother's arms in our car, but otherwise the passengers were only slightly shaken up.

"Being a railroad man, I went out among the railroad men who worked on the wreck. I was told that Dougherty, the engineer of the second section, caught sight of a blaze in the crossover wires above the rear coach of the train ahead and that he was so interested watching this blaze that he did not notice how close he was approaching until it was too late.

"He then said the air brakes failed, but that was a remarkable statement, as he could have reversed his power and helped a great deal."

Mail Clerks Flung to Floor.

Back of the engine in the second section was a railroad mail car, with F. W. Martin of Williamsbridge in charge, and F. E. Brown of Rockdale, Mass.; R. P. Ross of New Haven, J. R. Kearn of Norwich, F. C. Neubury of New London, William J. Doran of Waterbury, and A. M. Cole of Springfield, Mass., assisting him. All these men were thrown to the floor, the lights were extinguished, and the mail was scattered over the car, but none of it was lost. Ross and Doran were cut about the eyes and arms by flying glass.

G. R. Garland, porter in charge of the Skylark, stood on the ground alongside the car when the accident happened.

"When the engine of the second section was perhaps two car lengths away from us," he said afterward, "I saw the engineer lean far out of the cab and wave his arms wildly at me. He appeared to have lost control of the engine, for the train did not slacken its speed. Then came the crash. I got tools from the car ahead and helped get out the dead and injured."

News of the wreck was sent through Stamford by means of the fire-alarm bell, which was rung as a general call for help.

Every hospital abmulance and every physician in the city were rushed to Canal Street, where the wrecked car Skylark could be seen on the high grade above the street, with much of its wreckage scattered down the steep slope.

Sergt. Heffernan, acting Chief of Police, led a squad of bluecoats and firemen up the steep embankment, which at Canal Street is nearly 40 feet high. On top of the locomotive they found the body of a middle-aged woman. The skull had been fractured and the head driven down into the body.

The dead woman was carried down the steep embankment and was taken to the I. J. Pritchard Morgue, where later the body was partially identified as that of Mrs. Seely of Boston, either the wife or sister-in-law of W. H. Seely of the Industrial Bureau of the New England Lines.

The bodies of Mrs. Ada Kelley, E. H. Woodruff, and Frank K. Confield were taken from the wreckage of the Skylark.

Dr. Harmon G. Howe of 137 High Street, Hartford, still was alive when taken from the wreck. He asked that his family, which was in Hartford, be notified, as his experience as a physician led him to conclude he was injured fatally. He was taken to the Stamford Hospital and a telephone message was sent to his home. A message received in return stated that his daughter was leaving Hartford for Stamford in an automobile.

Dr. Howe died at 8:30 o'clock. Shortly after 7 o'clock he suffered a relapse and became unconscious. A sudden hemorrhage caused his death.

Dr. Howe, who was 60 years old, died before his daughter arrived. He had suffered a fracture at the base of the skull, and he lapsed into unconsciousness soon after being taken from the place of the wreck.

A wrecking crew was brought from Hartford, and another from the Mott Haven yards at the Port Morris River. A toolhouse beside the track supplied abundant shovels and picks, so that the firemen and policemen had the wreck ready for removal before the railroad crews arrived.

The passengers from the second section were transferred to the first section, which proceeded to New York at 6:30 o'clock. All northbound local traffic was demoralized for two hours in the rush of evening travel.

At 7:30 o'clock, the road was opened for full traffic again, the engine of the second section, with the wooden Pullman car still on it, having been switched to a remote side track in the yards east of Stamford.

For a long time after the crash the Rev. T. J. Sullivan of Stamford and the Rev. Antonio Berhely of New York, the latter of whom had been injured in the wreck, went about praying over the dead and helping the injured. Father Berhely is rector of St. John Nepomuk's Roman Catholic Church, on the upper east side of Manhattan.

Quick Work by Coroner.

Coroner J. J. Phelan of Fairfield County heard of the wreck at his home in Bridgeport. He rode to Stamford in an automobile in thirty-eight minutes, and at once began an official investigation. He announced that he would hold an inquest at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. To prepare for it he interviewed those of the injured who had not been sent away from Stamford.

The Coroner notified the railroad authorities that he expected Dougherty, engineer, and George Vincent, conductor, of the second section, as well as the train crew of the first section, to be present at the inquest.

Two representatives of the Public Service Commission arrived here to-night and began an investigation. At midnight the police still were hunting for Dougherty, they having obtained a warrant for him.

District Attorney Glen A. Carter of Fairfield County said that he intended to see that the investigation into the cause of the wreck was thorough. He added that experience led him to expect little help from the railroad company, and for that reason he worked for several hours to-night, interviewing railroad employes in the yards and persons who had seen the accident.

Jewelry and other property valued at hundreds of dollars, found in the wreck, are in Police Headquarters, awaiting identification.

Mrs. T. J. Burgess and her stepdaughter, Helen Johnson, of Springfield, first reported dead, remained over night in the Stamford House. They were confined to their rooms, the daughter suffering from shock and Mrs. Burgess from burns and cuts about the face and head. Both were attended by Dr. Charles E. Rowell.

Victims in Stamford Hospital.

Alfred Godick, who was taken to the Stamford Hospital with a fractured skull, probably will die. Occupying a cot in an adjoining room is Miss Eleanor Blum. Godick is 24 years old and Miss Blum 22. Their engagement was to have been announced Sunday.

A brotner of Miss Blum, who was summoned here by telephone, told the story to a TIMES reporter. His sister, he said, had been visiting friends in New Haven, and planned to return to her home to-day. Mr. Godick would not hear of her making the trip alone, and took the day from his work to meet her and accompany her to New York.

Miss Blum, who is suffering mostly from shock and a scalp wound, will recover. The physicians kept from her the fact that Godick was in such a precarious condition.

It was said at the hospital late to-night that there was little hope for the recovery of Gregory Humes of The New York World. He is suffering from a fractured pelvis and a compound fracture of both ankles. Mr. Humes's mother and aunt arrived at the hospital early in the evening, and were permitted to see him.

Of the patients at the hospital it was said late to-night that all semed on the road to recovery except Mr. Humes and Mr. Godick. When this announcement was made the little gathering of relatives and friends left—all except Mrs. Humes, her sister, and Mr. Blum and a friend who had accompanied him here. They remained in the office all the night.

Crash of the Boston Express in Which Five Were Killed.

LOCOMOTIVE OF FIRST SECTION OF BOSTON EXPRESS, BURIED IN REAR OF COACH OF SECOND SECTION.

COACH IN WHICH FIVE PEOPLE WERE KILLED. TAKEN FIVE MINUTES AFTER THE WRECK

Photo by American Press Association.

OFFICIAL STORY OF WRECK.

Airbrakes Not Working, N. Y., N. H. & H. Says—Survivors' Experiences.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford, at its offices in the Grand Central Terminal, last night gave out this statement:

The first section of Train 53, which left Boston via Springfield, Mass., stopped to change power at the Stamford tower, near the Stamford station. The second section of Train 53, Engineer Charles Dougherty, followed. The engineer admits he passed what is known as the distance and change signal. His airbrakes were not working and he applied them without result. He reversed his power, but was too late to avoid smashing into the parlor car of Section 1, known as the Pullman Skylark.

There were five cars on the first train. Section 2 at the time of the collision was going at a rate of speed between fifteen and twenty miles an hour. The engine went part way through the parlor car. Neither the engineer nor the fireman of Section 2 was seriously injured.

The power was turned off from all tracks for fifty-five minutes. All trains were stalled, particularly on Track 3, where the wreck occurred.

Officials of the road here sent representatives to Mott Haven to arrange for bringing the uninjured to New York. The first section, without the damaged Skylark, and with three added cars, arrived here shortly after 6:30 o'clock, bearing many of its own passengers and a number who had been transferred from the second section, which was left at New Haven. Other passengers arrived here at 7:10 on one of the regular trains passing through Stamford.

One of the first to arrive was F. H. Scott of New London, Conn. Mr. Scott said:

I was a passenger on Section No. 1, and a few moments previous to the accident was seated in the rear of the parlor car, which was well filled. I had arisen and had reached the forward part of the car, en route to the smoking car, when the crash came. It was the first wreck I had ever been in. There were cries, screams, and groans. The car caught fire, but the flames were quickly extinguished by the train crew.

The engine plowed some distance through the parlor car. The fumes from the coal gas became unbearable, and many of those injured and unable to reach the air were overcome. Another bad factor were the fumes of the Pintsch gas, used for lighting. The men in the car and some of the women who had escaped injury went to the assistance of the injured.

Some time ago I was advised by my physician to stop smoking. After this I intend never to stop, for had I obeyed his instructions I would have been among the dead or injured.

According to M. W. Griggs of St. Paul, a passenger in the parlor car, the engine plowed two-thirds through that car. Mr. Griggs, in Seat 9, was catapulted over the seat in front and alighted prostrate on the floor beside a screaming girl. The pilot of the locomotive stopped only a few feet behind him.

VICTIMS OF THE WRECK.

E. T. Woodruff a Brooklyn Builder —Dr. Howe Prominent in Medicine.

Everett T. Woodruff, killed in the Stamford wreck, was a member of John T. Woodruff's Sons, well-known builders of Brooklyn. He was the son of the late J. T. Woodruff, founder of the firm, and was 30 years old. Two years ago he married Miss Viola Van Nostrand, daughter of the late David L. Van Nostrand, ex-County Clerk of Queens. Mr. Van Nostrand died only last week. Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff have been living in the Van Nostrand residence at Broadway and Percy Street in Brooklyn. At the time of the accident Mr. Woodruff was returning from a trip to Connecticut in relation to a building contract.

Dr. Harmon G. Howe, killed in the wreck, was one of the most prominent surgeons and physicians of Connecticut.

Frank K. Confield, another who was killed in the wreck, was a prominent business man of Springfield, Mass. being proprietor of a linen establishment at 406 Main Street. He was born in Germany thirty-one years ago and had lived in Springfield for the last seventeen years. Besides his widow, he leaves one son, Frank, Jr., 1 year old. Owing to the poor condition of Mrs. Confield's health the news came to her with unusual force.

Mrs. E. J. Kelley, another victim of the wreck, was the wife of the land agent in Boston of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mr. Keilley was badly injured. His wife was killed. The couple went to Boston from the West a few months ago and had lived at the Hotel Commonwealth. Three weeks ago they took the house 34 Trident Avenue, Winthrop, and established a home there.

F. B. Jennings, Jr., who suffered lacerations of the head, is a student at Yale and was returning to his home in this city at 86 Park Avenue. He is a son of F. B. Jennings, a lawyer. His father and mother are both at their country home in Vermont.

Gregory Humes, who is in the Stamford Hospital with a crushed pelvis and compound fractures of both ankles, has been a reporter and re-write man on the staff of The New York World for many years. He is the son of William C. Humes of 162 East Thirty-fifth Street. He was returning from a visit to his mother and sister at Pine Orchard, Conn., where the Humes have a Summer home.

The woman victim identified by a baggage check as Mlle. Manen is Margaret Broderick, 22, who had been dancing under the name of Mlle. Manen since Monday night in the roof garden of the Hotel Albemarle. She is a niece of Bishop Broderick of Saugerties, N. Y., and her father is in the real estate business at Farmington, Conn. She had gone to pay a visit to her parents.

The United Fruit Company has just issued a very attractive illustrated booklet describing their Summer cruises to Jamaica and the Panama Canal, which may be had by applying to the Passenger Department, 17 Battery Place.—Adv.

RESCUES INJURED BRIDE FROM WRECK

Struggling Free from Debris, Warfield Carried Young Woman from Gas-Filled Car.

CHANGED FROM SEAT 13

Insurance Man Confident He Would Have Been Killed If He Had Remained in "Unlucky" Place.

Allan A. Warfield of Washington, D. C., a special agent of the National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, was among those injured in the wreck. In his apartments in the Hotel McAlpin last night, upon his arrival from Stamford, he said:

"I left Hartford on the 2:58 train and occupied seat No. 13 in the Pullman car. At the station were a number of young people showering a bride and bridegroom with rice and wishing them good luck. The happy couple boarded the Pullman and sat back of me. After shaking off the rice, paying no attention to the evident amusement of the passengers, they conversed in low tones.

"In the car toward the rear was an old friend of mine, Everett Halsey Woodruff of Flushing. Seeing him, I walked back and conversed with him a short time. I then returned to my seat in front of the newly married couple. But they had opened the window, and, the dust blowing in, I left the car and went into the smoking car. When I returned the window was still open, and I moved my seat a few feet away. This act undoubtedly saved my life.

"When the train pulled into Stamford we were on a high embankment. As we stopped I called to Woodruff and asked him the cause of the delay. He replied that we were changing from steam to electricity. I noticed the young couple were still engrossed with each other.

"I then heard a shout and saw the negro porter of our car jump from the platform and run across the tracks. I raised my window to see what the trouble was, and to my horror saw a 90-ton locomotive bearing down on the car from the rear. My tongue was paralyzed. I could not shout. I could only gaze with terror as the monster crashed into the rear of the car.

"There were screams and shouts as the car was ripped asunder as though made of paper. The locomotive stopped a few feet from where I was. I was thrown to the floor underneath the seat and was wedged in by the wall of the car. The last thing I remember before losing consciousness was to see that damnable thing separate the young couple, throwing them to the ground, the man underneath the monster.

"It must have been only a few moments later that I regained consciousness to hear the hissing of steam and to feel the hot steam and smell the fumes of the coal gas. I tried to move my limbs but was unable to.

"The peculiar manner in which the locomotive crashed through the car held the Pullman on the tracks, thus preventing it from going over the embankment. As I lay there I thought of my wife and babies and wondered if I would ever see them again.

"I raised my head a trifle and could see the light streaming through the window over my head. The air in the car, filled with the gases and steam, was suffocating. I knew if I lay there I would be overcome, and so I made another effort to move my limbs.

"I stretched out my right hand and it came in contact with a form. As I quickly withdrew it the movement freed my right leg. I then put my other hand out and touched the wall of the locomotive, which was scalding hot. My hand was seared, and the quick movement in pulling it away gave me more freedom.

"I then kicked out and raised myself. Lying only a few feet from me, between me and the locomotive, was the young bride. With a superhuman effort, I managed to free both legs, the left being badly injured, and crawled to where the woman lay. As I gently touched her on the shoulder she tried to turn her head and murmured: 'Is that you, dear?'

"I realized that she thought I was her husband. Kneeling, I tried to raise her, urging her to get on her feet and out of the stifling place, and in so doing caught my arm on some part of the locomotive, tearing away nine inches of flesh. I pleaded with the woman to try and get on her feet, but she only murmured: 'Please don't touch me. Let me lie here.'

"I told her I wanted her to come with me, and, half dragging her and myself, crawled to the window. I leaned out and in some manner raised her to the ledge. I drew myself up and her after me, and we both landed on a pile of débris alongside the train.

"When I again regained consciousness two men were bending over me and two others over the woman, who lay but a few feet from where I was. I told them that the woman's husband was in the car and under the locomotive, as well as several others.

"As we lay there I saw her husband carried out. The men then carried the woman and me some distance and laid us down. A Mr. Coyne, I believe, of Stamford, came along in his automobile, lifted us into the machine, and took us to the Stamford Hospital. There it was found that I was injured in the leg, groin, and abdomen; my head and face were cut, and the skin was torn from my hand."

PRIEST GLAD HE WAS THERE.

He Says Victims Otherwise Would Have Died Unshriven.

"It was the Providence of God that I traveled by that train, for they would have died without the sacrament," said the Rev. Antonio Berhely, rector of St. John Nepomuk's Slavonic Catholic Church, 350 East Fifty-seventh Street, in the rectory next door to the church last night soon after he had come from the scene of the Stamford wreck.

Father Berhely said his bruises were slight and he had no time to attend to them. On his return to the rectory, he found several of his parishioners waiting for him—some of them ill, others needing charity. He attended to their wants and said nothing of his experiences until reporters sought him. He told of his anxiety to get the anointing oils for those who were dying and how he had given conditional absolution and gone among the injured, blessing them and praying for them.

The rector said he had gone to Bridgeport to visit a brother priest for a few hours and had been prevailed on to stay for the 4:18 train instead of returning by a train leaving at 2:30 o'clock. He thanked God that he had traveled on the wrecked train.

"It was my blessed privilege to be there," he said. "I was in the second carriage of the train, and we were about twenty minutes, I should judge, out of Stamford, when he felt a terrific crash. I looked out of a broken window and saw a bridge in front of us that appeared to be on fire. I, with the other passengers in the car, tried to get off one end of it, but we were driven back and we got out the other end.

"I went to the Pullman car and told those who appeared to be in authority that I was a priest and I must go into the car, but they wouldn't let me in. I saw persons being carried off the train. They were taken to a booth on top of an embankment.

"I went to the booth and found five persons, two, a man and a woman, who, I believe, were Mr. and Mrs. Kelley, were together. I raised my hand and asked whether they were Catholics. The woman was the most severely hurt. She opened her eyes and looked at me imploringly. I took her head on my knees and gave her the absolution. I think the soul was in her then, though when the doctors came they said she was dead.

"While I was praying for her the man said:

"'We are Catholics, and may God bless you, father, for coming to us now.'

"I kept wondering how many were dead in the Pullman car, and I went there again. I met another priest, who had come from Stamford. I think it was the Rev. Matthew Junkola, who had come on directly after the accident.

"'Have you the holy oils?' I asked him, and he said he had not.

"'Run, run for the oils, for there are persons dying,' I told him, and he ran away. I did not see him afterward."

Father Berhely was in the midst of his recital when more parishioners entered the rectory and showed to him a petition of 1,800 names they had collected and intended to send to Cardinal Farley, asking that the priest be retained in the parish. Parishioners a month ago sent a petition to the Cardinal asking that Father Berhely be removed because of his action in certain church affairs.

The second petition, coming after the stress of his duties of yesterday, caused the priest to lose his composure for a few minutes. He thanked those who had brought it to him, and said it was the second instance of goodness of Providence to him in one day.

OTHER NEW HAVEN WRECKS.

Fourteen Persons Died at Bridgeport, Nine at Westport.

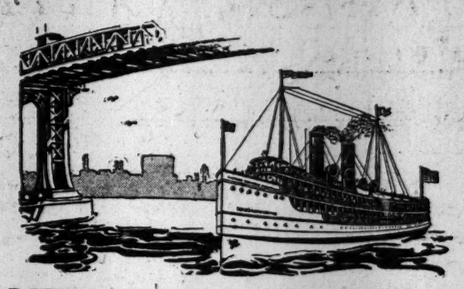
The wreck of the Federal Express on the New Haven Road, on July 11, 1911, near Bridgeport, was one of the most disastrous on that line since 1853, when forty-four persons were killed. In the Bridgeport wreck fourteen died and forty-seven passengers were injured severely.

Excessive speed over a cross-switch was the cause given for the wreck. The engineer, Curtis, lost his life, so that a direct explanation of the speed at so dangerous a point could not be obtained, but the subsequent investigation of the wreck placed the speed at almost a mile a minute. An investigation of the accident made by H. W. Belnap, Inspector of Safety Appliances for the Inter-State Commerce Commission, absolved the railway and held the engineer responsible.

Another disastrous wreck on the New Haven Road was on Oct. 4, 1912, when the Boston Express was smashed at the Westport (Conn.) crossover, killing nine persons and injuring twenty. The New Haven Company issued a statement shortly after the accident in which it said the express took the crossover at high speed, in spite of the fact that the home signal was at danger.

Charles S. Mellen and E. H. McHenry, President and Vice President of the road, were arrested on April 15 last on a bench warrant issued by Judge Gardner Greene of the Superior Court at the request of Stiles Judson, State Attorney of Fairfield County. The two officials were charged with gross neglect and manslaughter growing out of the Westport wreck. They were released on $5,000 bail. The case of the two was brought to trial in May, but was adjourned until the October session of the court.

Other recent wrecks on the New Haven Road attended by loss of life occurred June 7, 1911, and Jan. 12, 1912, and cost together six lives. On June 7, 1911, five persons lost their lives when four freight trains piled up at Fairfield. All those killed in that wreck were members of the train crews. The January wreck was at East Freetown, Mass., where one person was killed and two were injured. It was due to a collision near the station of a passenger train and a freight train. That accident was attributed to the inability of the engineer to read signals because of a heavy snowstorm.



NEW YORK to BOSTON

YOU go aboard shortly before 5 o'clock. The rest of the long, summer afternoon you breathe salt breezes on deck, and watch the unfolding shores of the Sound.

As twilight deepens, you find you have a real appetite. You eat a dinner that does it justice. Finally you turn in for a glorious night's sleep out at sea.

If you are wise, you will be up early to view the romantic islands and sea-traffic of Massachusetts Bay.

You arrive in Boston, refreshed, ready for the day.

Leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St., at 5 P.M. weekdays and Sunday. Fare $4.00; inside 2-berth stateroom, $1.00; 2-berth outside room, $2.00. Electric fans in inside rooms. Tickets and staterooms at Wharf Offices, at 290 Broadway, also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices.

METROPOLITAN LINE: EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

ALL-the-WAY-by-WATER

Advertisement of JOHN DAVID
Edited by Beaumont

WHEN the tree is bowed with cherries, which to pluck first? Our concourse of *Stein-Bloch* Sport and Saunter Suits is so far-spanning, that we are in a daily maze which to cull. Perhaps *your* taste is indulgent to a *Dark-Brown Lounge Suit* of Unfinished Worsted overlaid with White Chalkline Stripes —$30. Again—you may espouse a Chalkline Suit of Black, Blue, Gray or Oxford stuffs—$20 to $45. Always and at all prices, *guarded exclusiveness* that tiptoes away from the plebeian.

Tailored by Stein-Bloch
$20 to $45

For to-morrow's "keep-the-cup" game at Meadow Brook—*Polo Stripes* in Batwing Ties—racy, rollicking, "recherché."
$1 *each*

For "off-with-your-waistcoat" days—*Black Calfskin Belts* mounted with a heavy polished brass buckle, tracing *your initial* in script.
$1.50 *each*

For limp, double-cuff shirts—*English Sleeve Links* enameled and beveled on silver to tally with the color of your Scarf or Shirt—
$3 *pair*

For evening dress and the summer "hop" at the "Casino"—*White Silk Hose* embroidered with black side clocks—Frenchily "chic"—
$1.15 *pair*

For the disciples of the different—*"Post-Cubist" Scarf Silks* woven expressly for us on Viennese looms—cut into vivid Rippling-End Four-In-Hands and buyable nowhere else this side "the herring pond."
$1.50 *each*

JOHN DAVID
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Broadway at 32nd Street

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WHERE YOUR ANCESTORS TRADED

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THE BEST COFFEE you ever drank, 31c lb., 5 lbs. $1.50
A FLAG DAY SOUVENIR to purchasers FREE
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TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

HUTH SALE CLOSES; $193,460 REALIZED

Manuscript "Books of Hours" the Prizes at Yesterday's Sessions.

THEY SOLD FOR $70,150

Dr. Baer Gives $10,000 for the Finest Example, After a Spirited Competition with Sabin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—The third part of the famous Huth Library sale came to an end at Sotheby's to-day. The total for the nine sessions, Lots 2,596 to 3,931 inclusive, was $193,460. The illuminated manuscript, "Books of Hours," were the features of the day's sale and brought the highest price of this part of the library sale. Their dispersal attracted foreign collectors, among whom were Dr. Baer of Germany, Mme. Belin of Paris, Charles Sessler of Philadelphia, and Lathrop C. Harper and James F. Drake of New York. Competition was spirited, the day's total amounting to $70,150.

Dr. Baer obtained for $1,150 an editio princeps of Homer's Iliad and Odyssey in Greek with Latin preface, thick folio, two volumes in one, Florence, 1488. It is in exhibition binding of red morocco by F. Bedford. This copy was formerly in the library of Bishop Tonstal.

Maggs Brothers gave $2,300 for the first of the offerings of the manuscript "Hours." It is of late fifteenth or early sixteenth century French execution, consists of 129 leaves, and has eighteen full-page miniatures. The manuscript may have been executed for Mary, Duchess of Burgundy. There is an original obit of Henry VI. in this Calendar.

Frank Sabin and Dr. Baer had a spirited contest for another "Hours," supposed to have been executed in France in the fifteenth century for Philippe de Comines, and presented by him to some person of distinction, whose initials are found in several of the borders and miniatures. The prize was finally knocked down to Dr. Baer for $10,000. It cost Mr. Huth only $787.50 in 1864. It is a splendidly illuminated manuscript of 230 vellum leaves. Its large miniatures are thirty-seven in number and mostly within rich decorative architectural borders in brown and gold.

Charles Sessler paid $1,775 for a manuscript "Hours" of Dutch execution, late fifteenth century. It has 193 leaves, and contains eight full-page miniatures.

Bernard Quaritch paid $3,500 for an "Hours" of Italian-French execution, early sixteenth century. It has 104 leaves, twenty-five small miniatures, and seventeen full-page miniatures.

An exquisite manuscript. "Hours," of Italian-French execution, late fifteenth century, 148 vellum leaves, sixteen large miniatures, sold for $5,250. It cost Mr. Huth $1,443.75 in 1876. It is illuminated in the chaste and beautiful style known as Camaieu gris, resembling the finest Limoges enamels.

Leighton paid $2,150 for an "Hours" of Franco-Flemish execution, late fifteenth century, 195 vellum leaves and thirty-eight full-page painted and illuminated miniatures. It cost Mr. Huth $551.25 in 1864.

Mme. Belin gave $8,500 for an "Hours" of French execution, early fifteenth century, 242 vellum leaves, twenty-six finely painted and richly illuminated large arched miniatures. It presents the finest possible example of the artistic beauty of the illuminator's art of the best French school of the period.

Edwards paid $1,975 for an "Hours" of French execution, late fifteenth century, 181 vellum leaves, and twelve full-page miniatures.

Maggs Brothers obtained for $1,150 an "Hours" of French execution, fifteenth century, 114 vellum leaves, with sixteen full-page miniatures.

E. Parsons paid $1,500 for a similar manuscript, of 80 vellum leaves, four large miniatures.

Edwards gave $1,800 for a similar manuscript of 201 leaves, eighteen large arched miniatures. It cost Mr. Huth $367.50 in 1860.

Gregoskis obtained for $1,000 a Franco-Flemish "Hours," late fifteenth century, 140 vellum leaves, nine large miniatures. It cost Mr. Huth $165 in 1864.

Quaritch gave $1,000 for an "Hours," French execution, fifteenth century, 222 leaves, fifteen large miniatures.

Lathrop C. Harper paid $675 for one of Spanish execution, late fifteenth century, 188 leaves, nine large miniatures.

Leighton obtained for $1,400 one of Flemish execution, fifteenth century, 171 leaves, twelve full-page miniatures.

Quaritch paid $3,125 for one of French execution, late fifteenth century, 117 leaves, twenty arched miniatures.

Harper gave $500 for one of Franco-Flemish execution, late fifteenth century, 123 leaves, twelve large miniatures. It cost Mr. Huth $78.75.

Quaritch paid $1,050 for an "Hours" printed in Dutch in 1495. It is an extremely rare edition.

Leighton gave $1,200 for a manuscript "Opera" of Horace, of fine Italian execution, fifteenth century.

Quaritch obtained for $750 Henry Hudson's book on America, printed at Amsterdam in 1613.

WERTHEIMER CHIEF BUYER.

He Gets a Louis XV. Escritoire at the Oppenheim Sale for $6,930.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—Wertheimer was the most prominent buyer at the sale to-day at Christie's of the collection of French furniture, porcelain, and objects of art formed by the late H. M. W. Oppenheim. Among the lots which he obtained were the following:

A pair of figures of nymphs, French eighteenth century, in the manner of Falconet, $18,375. They are sculptured in white marble, represented nude, seated on rock-work.

A vase by N. Coustou, 1716, $6,560. It is of classical form, sculptured with children sporting with a hunchback, and it is on a gray marble pedestal.

A Louis XV. escritoire-à-toilette, stamped "R. V. L. C. ME," $6,930.

A Louis XV. small table, constructed of oak veneered with tulip wood, the top and sides finely inlaid with amatory and military trophies and flowers in various colored woods, $2,835.

Jonas paid $2,465 for a pair of Louis XVI. ornaments formed as tripod altars of ormolu chased with laurel festoons and supported by goats' hoofs; on white marble plinths mounted with ormolu headings.

Harding gave $2,310 for a pair of vases and covers signed "Swebach, 1807." The centres of the vases are cylindrical and painted with a stag-hunt and a racing scene; on square wood pedestals mounted with figures of dancing nymphs.

A pair of Vincennes vases and covers went for $2,100. They are of ovi-form shape, the shoulders and covers pierced; painted with cupids on clouds in pink, in heart-shaped panels inclosed by gilt framing of flowers and trellis work on bleu-de-Vincennes ground.

A Louis XVI. small upright cabinet brought $2,835. It is constructed of mahogany and supported on four fluted tapering legs. The ormolu mounts are chased in the manner of Gouchière.

The sale will be continued on Monday, June 16.

VIRGINALS BRING $785.

Antique Musical Instrument the Feature of Alma-Tadema Sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—The highest prices at the Alma-Tadema sale by Hampton & Sons to-day were as follows:

A fine old Dutch coffer of ironwood, relieved with ebony moldings having massive pierced and chased brass mountings and lock plate, on ball feet, $535.

An old linen press of carved ebony on baluster supports with low shaped stretcher, fitted with two drawers, (Flemish seventeenth century,) $155.

Virginals, in a black case, decorated all over in gold and colors by Joannes A. Baffe, Venice, 1581, restrung by Arnold Dolmetsch, 1895, in an outer case on stand, (seventeenth or eighteenth century,) decorated outside in running design and coat of arms, with a painted classical scene under the lid, $785.

The sale will be continued to-morrow.

$90,000 FOR PEARL NECKLACE.

Smaller One Brings $80,000 at Singer Sale at Christie's.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 12.—Jewels belonging to A. Mortimer Singer and others were sold at Christie's to-day.

Weil paid $6,100 for a necklace of fifty-one pearls, and Lindenbaum $15,000 for one of fifty-six graduated pearls. A necklace of thirty-two large pearls, divided by smaller ones, brought $14,000, while a magnificent three-row necklace of 199 graduated pearls brought $80,000, Wilson being the purchaser. Another five-row necklace of 471 pearls brought $90,000. The purchaser was Maitland.

PETT RIDGE SUES MAGAZINE

Gets $750 from Editor for Printing a Story He Didn't Write.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—W. Pett Ridge, a well-known writer of stories of east end life, obtained to-day a verdict of $750 against the English Illustrated Magazine, which printed a story a year ago with his name attached, but which was not the work of that author.

It appeared that the story was sent to the magazine from a provincial town by a grocer's assistant named Gubbins, who signed Mr. Ridge's name. Gubbins received $10 in payment.

Mr. Ridge said the editor of the magazine could have learned from his literary agent that his price for such a story was at least $100. Various authors, among them Barry Pain and Edgar Jepson, testified that the story printed was altogether inferior to Mr. Ridge's work, and that its publication was damaging to his literary reputation.

PAGE LUNCHES WITH LUCY.

Ambassador Meets London Editors as a Guest of "Toby, M. P."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—After attending the King's levee at St. James's Palace to-day, Ambassador Page lunched with Sir Henry Lucy, "Toby, M. P.," the well-known Parliamentary chronicler of Punch.

Among the guests were Sir George and Lady Alexander, Robert Donald, editor of The Daily Chronicle; the wife of the Rev. R. J. Campbell, Mrs. and Miss Eckstein, Thomas Marlow, editor of The Daily Mail; Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., and Sydney Holland, one of the leading organizers of London charities.

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FAILURE OF GERMAN LOAN SIGNIFICANT

Financial Organization of the Empire Usually Insures Success.

GERMAN TRADE MENACED

Its Boom Survived War, but May Be Killed by Peace, Says Oppenheimer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 12.—There is some anxiety on the Stock Exchange over pay-day to-morrow.

The improved situation in the Balkans, due to the acceptance by Bulgaria and Servia of the Czar's arbitration offer, and Secretary McAdoo's statement that $500,000,000 are available in the United States Treasury in an emergency, have both done something to relieve the gloom.

The news received to-night from Berlin of the failure of the new imperial and Prussian loans is significant of the monetary crisis through which the world is passing. It is much more important than the recent failure of the Brazilian and other loans and the inability of the Belgian Government to raise money in the London market; for a German Government loan, owing to the financial organization of that country, is generally arranged in such a fashion as to be subscribed several times over. The monetary stringency, however, proved greater than the financial organization of Germany, as it did in the case of the German loans floated earlier in the year, when the issue of $100,000,000 Treasury bonds was only half subscribed.

The present loan, the failure of which was announced in Berlin to-night, was made necessary by the want of success of the earlier ones. It is officially announced that the new loan is required purely for remunerative purposes, especially railway construction.

These developments give special point to the report of Sir Francis Oppenheimer, British Consul at Berlin, which is just published. He draws attention to the hoarding of gold by Germany and sounds a warning note. The present difficulties of the money market, he points out, have their origin in the Moroccan crisis, when considerable amounts of foreign money were withdrawn, and the difficulties have accumulated since that period. Various means have been devised to meet them. The banks have been forced to keep large reserves, and, aside from various admonitions, the Directorate of the Reichsbank has attempted to educate the people toward "payment without cash," or at least without gold.

Moreover, large industrial works generally are adopting the practice of paying weekly wages in small notes, while efforts are made to popularize a system of Post Office checks. These sums will gradually be restored to the banks as the political clouds disperse; yet it is not expected that their return will ease the money market, "for the same confidence which will prompt the timid to give up gold will induce all those industrial concerns which are still in need of funds to offer new issues to the public. There will ensue a plethora of issues, and not private issues alone; there will be municipal loans, State loans; the German and foreign call for cash will resound with renewed vigor. Should the Reichsbank be compelled in consequence further to raise the rate—a rate which is quite exceptional already for this year—then it is hardly likely that the industrial boom will be able to survive. The excessive rate would prevent any lucrative use of the money which would have to be borrowed for industrial purposes."

Sir Francis adds that, though it appears paradoxical, many believe that the industrial boom, which two wars failed to kill, will be killed by peace. On the other hand, there are those who think that by the levying of the $250,000,000 military contribution a vast amount of dead capital will be suddenly made alive and through innumerable channels instill its life into the most varied native industries.

GERMAN LOAN FAILS.

Less Than 50 Per Cent. of $56,250,000 Taken by Subscribers.

BERLIN, June 12.—Subscriptions for the $56,250,000 of new Imperial and Prussian 4 per cent. bonds at the price of 97.90 to-day were even more unsatisfactory than those for the loans of $137,500,000 issued on March 7. Preliminary estimates of the amount of subscriptions say that only 40 or 50 per cent. of the new issue has been covered.

The virtual failure of the subscription was due to the unsatisfactory situation in the money market, which is feeling the effects of the large issues recently floated. The tendency of the prices of Government bonds did not open up any prospect of subscribers to the present issue being able soon to sell their allotments profitably, and on this account speculative subscriptions were wholly lacking.

It is credibly reported in financial circles here that the German Government has urged the great German banks to desist from further foreign flotations in view of the monetary pressure, and that the banks have decided to accede to the request, although several foreign issues were under consideration.

CLAIMS WILDE MS.

Lord Alfred Douglas Says Author Gave Him "De Profundis" Script.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 12.—Lord Alfred Douglas, under examination to-day in bankruptcy proceedings against him, made a claim to the manuscript of "De Profundis" of Oscar Wilde, saying that its author had addressed it to him in the shape of a letter.

Lord Alfred valued it at $25,000, and said he would be glad to assist in recovering the document from the British Museum for the benefit of his creditors.

IMPERATOR TOUCHES AT SOUTHAMPTON

Crowds of Britons Anxiously Compare New Liner with the Olympic.

PRAISE FOR HER SPLENDOR

Special Enthusiasm Over "Kaiser's Suite"—Olympic's Designer an Honored Guest.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—The new Hamburg-American liner Imperator arrived at Southampton this afternoon en route to New York. Several hundred curious Britons went out in tenders to view the German product, which takes the Olympic's title as the largest vessel in the world.

The Lord Mayor of Southampton and his staff headed the delegation, the Mayor's brother piloting the liner on her run to Cherbourg.

Southampton being the Olympic's home port, naturally every one had his comparison ready as soon as the German ship was sighted. The White Star's London Manager, Mr. Parton, and the entire local staff, were in the boarding party.

On board everything was found shining and bright, and the verdict was: "She is more sumptuously fitted than the Olympic," although, perhaps, not so majestically arranged.

The ballroom, Palm Court, Ritz-Carlton café, grill and smoke rooms, and Pompeian baths received unstinted admiration; and the two magnificent "Kaiser suites" were pronounced the finest rooms in any ship afloat. These suites comprise drawing room, dining saloon, bedroom, and bath, with magnificent private decks, floored and walled with green marble, to which one steps through the French windows of the dining room.

The vessel carries 350 first-class passengers, among whom are Rear Admiral Herbert Winslow, Evert J. Wendell, Harry J. Allan, the Right Hon. Alexander M. Carlisle, formerly Director of the Harland-Wolff Company of Belfast, who designed the Olympic and Titanic, and is a special guest of the Hamburg-American Line.

ALLIES ACCEPT ARBITRATION

Russia to Give Judgment on Servian and Bulgarian Claims.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 12. — The Servian and Bulgarian Governments have both agreed to accept Russian arbitration in their dispute over the territory acquired during the Balkan war.

LONDON, June 12.—Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, speaking in the House of Commons to-day, expressed the hope that both Bulgaria and Servia would accept the offer of Russian arbitration. He said it was impossible to express too strongly the feelings of disappointment and disapproval which the outbreak of a war between the Balkan Allies would cause.

It would, he continued, alienate from them the sympathy of Europe, which hitherto had been an important factor in securing the neutrality and non-interference of the great powers, while the States engaged would risk losing that which they had gained in the war with Turkey.

BELGRADE, June 12.—The Servian Government to-day sent a note to the Bulgarian Government proposing that three-fourths of the armies of Bulgaria and Servia should be demobilized in order to relieve the existing tension and to facilitate a settlement of the differences between the two Governments.

Friday—the 13th at Saks'

¶ "My wife," said the Commercial Traveler, "makes the best beefsteak and potato pie in the world, but she is superstitious and thinks it is unlucky to put meat in."

¶ The world loves its superstitions and will stretch the truth any day to fit them.

¶ Today may be blissful on earth and blue in the heavens, but for many it still will be a Black Friday.

¶ Personally, we would just as soon sell ten thousand suits of clothes today as any other day.

¶ And we will assure the man who buys a Saks suit today, that he will never have cause to regret it.

¶ There is an excellence of tailoring in Saks clothes which not all the fallacies of this Friday can undo.

¶ There is character and style, and the lean indolence of natural lines.

¶ And if there is any magic about Saks clothes at all, it is not the Black Magic of superstition but the White Magic of knowing how!

$17.50 to $45.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

CARSON ON MARCONI SUIT.

Answers Criticism for Acting as Isaacs's Chief Counsel.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—Sir Edward Carson arrived to-day in Glasgow in the course of his tour to arouse Great Britain to realize the seriousness of Ulster's opposition to home rule for Ireland. It will be remembered that Sir Edward Carson acted as chief counsel for Godfrey Isaacs in the latter's recent libel suit against Cecil Chesterton.

Sir John Maxwell, presiding at a public luncheon in Sir Edward's honor, took him to task for "carrying chivalry so far as to lend his assistance to those Marconi knaves or fools." Sir John said he did not know which they were, but felt that they were both, and that Sir Edward Carson "had helped them to extricate themselves from the consequences of their indiscretion."

The assembled Tories loudly cheered Sir John Maxwell's words, but looked glum when Sir Edward Carson replied that he only acted in accordance with his duty as a barrister, and the highest traditions of the bar, adding gravely "it will be a sad day for the administration of justice when either a Judge, jury, or counsel can be looked upon as taking political sides."

MARCONI CO. PROSPERS.

International Marine Communication Report Shows $122,000 Profit.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—The report of the Marconi International Marine Communication Company shows that business continues to make satisfactory progress.

The net profits for the year amounted to $122,000, as compared with $75,000 in the preceding year. It is proposed to pay a dividend of 10 per cent. The number of telegraph stations worked and owned by the company aboard ships was 580 in 1912, as compared with 350 in 1911, and 250 in 1910. About 1,700 ships, exclusive of warships, are fitted with Marconi wireless equipment.

IRMA AVENGNA COMING.

Montevideo Girl Vanishes—Said to be on Way to New York.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTEVIDEO, June 12. — Irma Avengna, a society young woman, owner of a racing stable, who disappeared last Saturday, and is said to have left a million and a half dollars in debts, is believed to be on her way to New York. She told race track friends that she was going there to attend the races. The report of her father's suicide is untrue.

The woman's operations are said to have resembled those of Cassie Chadwick. She is believed to have obtained more than a million in loans, and several prominent men have lost their entire fortunes.

WEALTHY COUPLE DEAD BY SUICIDE

Maggi and His Wife, Worth $10,000,000, Mourned Childless Union.

KILLED THEMSELVES BY GAS

Their Bodies Found in Their Splendid Villa in Zurich—She Was Only 35, He 41.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, June 12.—A great sensation has been produced in Switzerland by the suicide, in their splendid ville in Zurich, of Eugène Maggi and his wife—perhaps the wealthiest persons in the republic.

Their servants found the couple dead in their bedroom, with the gas turned on, the doors and windows closed, and paper inserted in the cracks and keyholes.

ZURICH, June 12.—Eugene Maggi and his wife committed suicide to-day, their desperate act being actuated by sheer lack of interest in life.

Eugene Maggi was only 41 years old, and his wife 35, and the joint estates of the man and wife are estimated at $10,000,000. Recently, Maggi inherited the income from a number of extensive factories. He was the owner of extensive flour mills in Zurich and other parts of Switzerland, and had many other widespread interests. His wife was the daughter of his dead cousin, Julius Maggi, who was the founder of the great preserved food and milk business, known throughout all the European countries, and who left an immense fortune.

The couple, who had been married for a number of years, were greatly disappointed because their union had remained childless.

KAISER RECEIVES GHERARDI.

Niblack Presents His Successor—Both at Luncheon with the Emperor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 12.—After an inspection of the cavalry division at Doeberitz camp near Berlin to-day the Kaiser gave an audience to Capt. Niblack, the former American Naval Attaché, and his successor, Lieut. Commander Walter R. Gherardi, and then invited them to remain for luncheon with the imperial party at the officers' casino.

The American officers were conducted to Doeberitz by Major von Herwarth, German Military Attaché at Washington. His Majesty presented to Capt. Niblack a framed and signed photograph of himself.

GET TWO COUNTERFEITERS.

Secret Service Men Capture New York Fugitives in Peru.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 12.—A report from Lima, Peru, says that United States secret service men have captured two New Yorkers as the men who passed $6,000 worth of counterfeit $5 bills in Colon.

The counterfeit money is said to have been paid to Chinese for opium which was resold to Chinese merchants in Colon.

Today and tomorrow!
MEN'S CLOCKED SILK HOSE
made to sell at $1
sale price 59c

The first clock to be wound by machinery!

¶ You probably know that practically all fine hose, both imported and domestic, is clocked at the sides.

¶ The clock is to fine hose what heraldry is to the Old World and merit is to the New.

¶ It is the insignia of quality, and until recently was of necessity always put on by hand.

¶ Today, however, a method has been discovered for embroidering the clock by machinery, and this is the first sale of machine-clocked silk hose in this country.

We have been selected to distribute 12,000 pairs of machine-clocked silk hose at a special price as a tremendous introductory offering.

¶ It is beautiful hose—made of pure silk, in black, white, tan, navy, royal blue, pearl, suede gray, green and purple, and every pair self-clocked at the sides.

¶ A full fashioned hose, too, that will fit perfectly, and made with four thread heels and toes to ensure a maximum of wear.

¶ Don't miss it. You need silk hose with your Oxford ties. You need clocked hose always. And you can buy it today at a price for which you cannot buy silk clocked hose anywhere outside of this remarkable sale. It is wonderful value.

MEN'S STRAW HATS
regularly $2.50 and $3.00
today and tomorrow $1.75

¶ It is seldom that we or any one else can announce such liberal straw hat values as these so far in advance of July 4th. But the maker's purchases of straws had run a little ahead of his orders for hats, and in order to re-align himself with his trade he offered to make up this 100 dozen hats at an extremely liberal concession.

¶ There are splits, sennits, rough braids and Mackinaws, in a host of the newest, smartest nineteen-thirteen styles, and you can bank on this particular maker to give just that nicety of proportion to a crown and a brim which makes for a hat distinctive from the average.

¶ We have also included a number of Swiss Yeddos from regular stock, because they are so popular this season that this offering would not be thoroughly representative without them. But, whatever kind of straw you want, buy it in this sale, for at $1.75 these hats are wonders of value.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

SCHLEICH BACKS FRIEDMANN

But Other German Doctors Say His Serum Is Harmful.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 12.—Dr. Friedmann's turtle serum was bitterly assailed at last night's meeting of the Berlin Medical Society. The discussion of the merits of the serum came up in connection with the report of the autopsy upon an American patient of Dr. Friedmann, who died in Berlin a few weeks after he began the treatment, the post mortem having revealed the presence of military fuberculosis throughout the body.

Physicians who discussed the autopsy report at the meeting said that, while it was not fair to deduce from a single case the conclusion that Dr. Friedmann's serum was virulent, his claim that it was entirely harmless must be accepted with the utmost caution. Other physicians thereupon said that they had failed in repeated cases to obtain any good results from the serum and had even had bad results.

Prof. Schleich, Dr. Friedmann's partner and chief supporter in the medical fraternity of Germany, thereupon reported "numerous successes" with the serum and called upon the Medical Society to appoint a commission to investigate those successes.

It was announced at this meeting that Dr. Friedmann's promise to inform the society as to the ingredients of his serum had not yet been fully fulfilled.

YOUNG MEN'S SHOP (Store Floor)
Separate Entrance—8 and 10 West 38th Street
Connecting with Fifth Avenue Store.
Store Open All Day Saturday

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Important Price Reductions
To-Day (Friday) and Saturday

English Sack Suits
YOUNG MEN'S 32 TO 40 CHEST
Three or Four Button Models
Strictly hand tailored three piece suits; modelled on new English lines, of pencil striped cassimere, oxford cheviot, navy serge, gray or tan club checked velour; many silk lined; plain or patch pockets
15.00 Heretofore $21.50 to $27.50

Flannel Outing Trousers
Of White or Pencil Striped Flannel
Outing trousers of imported white or pencil striped flannel, also white hairline striped English serge, with belt straps and cuffs; 28 to 36 waist.
3.75 Regular price $6.50

Men's Silk Shirts
Custom Finish—Satin Stripes
Of heavy tub silk in newest bright colored stripes or tinted designs; French cuffs.
3.50 Regular price $6.50

Men's Negligee Shirts
Novelty Stripes and Self Figured Designs
Of mercerized madras or Russian cord; French cuffs.
1.00 Regular price $1.45 to $2.45

Men's Bathing Suits
Of pure worsted, in blue, with white or red border, or gray with white border. All sizes.
2.35 Regular price $3.00

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th Sts.

The Postmark on Your Vacation Clothes

THE postmark on a letter is an index of its importance, before it is opened.

On your vacation travels, the stamp of your clothes is an index by which strangers will measure the importance they accord you.

* *

Weber and Heilbroner clothes bear the New York postmark—show their Knickerbocker parentage.

* *

Handworked and individually made, to keep away from the monotonous reiteration of other ready-to-wear clothes.

Fabrics which savor of Fifth Avenue—bought from the same sources—$20 to $40 a suit.

* *

Loose, lightweight overcoats of imported Scotch woolens, for evening motoring.

Arm loops as well as sleeves — may be worn cape-fashion.

* *

Everything a New Yorker needs for his vacation — neckwear, silk shirts, underwear, straw hats—fashioned exactly as he wants them.

Postmarked Manhattan.

Our Half Yearly Sale of Neckwear, consisting of 50c, 75c and $1 qualities at 29c; $1 and $1.50 qualities at 55c; and $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3 qualities at 93c—all from our regular stock, continues today and tomorrow.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortland 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave
Clothes at 27 New, 150 Nassau, 241 B'way, 1185 B'way, 44th & B'way, 42nd & 5th Ave.

APPROVE FREE SUGAR AND WOOL ITEMS

Democrats on Senate Committee Adopt House Provisions After Dissenting Votes.

BILL NOW GOES TO CAUCUS

But Can't Get There Before Next Week, and a Full Attendance Is Imperative.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—With dissenting votes on both items, the Democrats of the Senate Committee on Finance adopted this morning the free sugar and free wool paragraphs of the Tariff bill in the form passed by the House. Both these items were favorably reported by Senator John Sharp Williams's sub-committee and amendments were offered to each. As to sugar, it was proposed to make an immediate reduction, but to strike out the provision for free trade at the end of three years. The wool amendment proposed a duty of 15 per cent. on raw wool.

Chairman Simmons afterward refused to say by how large a margin the President's wishes had been sustained. He intimated that opposition within the committee was now ended and that all factions would support the decision of the majority of the party. The committee made some amendments to other parts of the wool schedule, and adopted the pottery schedule with various modifications. One of these increases protection on the lower grades of window glass. Another amendment adopted today puts asphalt on the free list.

A canvass of the situation as it rests now with the full majority membership of the committee and the sub-committee under Senator Williams, which is still at work on the administrative sections, shows that the most pessimistic estimates of the date when a report of the whole bill could be made to the Senate were not as bad as the reality. The sub-committee now hopes for nothing better than to conclude its labors by next Monday, so at best the Democratic caucus cannot begin consideration of the bill as amended by the Democrats of the Finance Committee before the middle of next week.

A week is the least allowed by Senators for the work of the caucus. Senator Kern of Indiana, the majority leader, said to-day that he would not call a caucus until the committee investigating strike conditions in West Virginia had returned. He was equally anxious that the sub-committee of the Committee on the Judiciary now investigating the alleged lobby should conclude its labors before the caucus began its consideration.

Senator Simmons dislikes the idea of this delay, all agree that an effort must be made to have every Democrats at the caucus meetings, so that all will be bound to support the caucus bill. The narrow margin by which the Administration forces control the Senate in support of the President's wool and sugar programme makes it necessary, in their opinion, to have all Democrats present, and it is possible that the Democratic members of the committee will be called back from West Virginia to participate in the caucus. The Administration leaders are taking no chances, and the leaders have determined that it would be unwise and unsafe to hold the caucus with any Democrat missing.

To-day's estimates are that the caucus, if it begins consideration of the bill by June 25, which is about the earliest hoped for, may dispose of the bill by July 2. This would mean that the measure would not be reported to the Senate until after July 4, and debate at best could not begin before July 7. It is considered certain that it will last almost through August.

SUGAR PAMPHLET FRANKED.

320,000 Copies Mailed by Palmer, Sugar Secretary, 'Acting as Senator'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—To-day's session of the Senate Lobby Committee was devoted almost exclusively to uncovering the history of an argument against free sugar, of which 320,000 copies were mailed under the frank of Senator Lodge of Massachusetts. The argument was prepared by Truman G. Palmer, Secretary of the United States Beet Sugar Industry, and in its original form was made a public document by vote of the Senate last Summer.

The Democratic members of the committee questioned Mr. Palmer all afternoon in an effort to show that what was finally sent out under the frank was quite different from the document ordered printed by the Senate. Mr. Palmer admitted that a great deal was added to the text before it was printed, though he insisted that the proceeding was perfectly regular. He thought there was an order from Charles G. Bennett, who until March 4 was Secretary of the Senate, directing the printing of the amended paper. He admitted that after seeing a proof of the document, which was sent to him for revision, he added almost bodily the text of a pamphlet which he had been circulating before at private expense.

The document, as first ordered printed, was known as "Sugar at a Glance." It consisted chiefly of statistical charts, copies of which hung on the walls of the Senate while Mr. Lodge discussed the subject of a duty on sugar. With the charts were explanatory data, and the Democratic members of the committee tried to show that all the Senate intended to order printed was the data appended to the charts. What actually was printed was a complete pamphlet from the point of view of the sugar growers.

Chairman Overman announced that officials of the Government Printing Office would be summoned to tell how such a document had been sent to private hands for revision and that if Senator Lodge wished to testify he would be allowed to do so.

"The mailing of this document, I find, would cost 5 cents," said Senator Reed to Mr. Palmer, "and you therefore saved $16,000 for your employers."

"I'm very glad to know it," replied Mr. Palmer. The witness testified that he had been in Washington since 1902, when he came here to oppose the Cuban Reciprocity bill. Mr. Palmer gave a long list of beet sugar men, members of the association he represents, which has for its object the promotion of the beet sugar industry. Part of the work of "promotion" was to look after legislation, he said.

Mr. Palmer said his present salary was $10,000 a year. Expenses from May 12 to June 12 for maintaining his Washington office were $6,755.42, of which about $4,500 was spent in "publicity." Since the opening of Congress in April, he said, his office had spent a little more than $14,000. Since he came here in 1902 he had paid out about $180,000. Since last November the cost of his work had been $50,072. From Nov. 5 to April 6 he spent $35,799, of which $8,688 was for publicity, $4,416 for motion pictures, and $5,928 for salaries. Since April 7 he had spent $6,314 for publicity.

"You were acting as Senator Lodge?" asked Senator Reed.

"I was."

"The representative of the beet sugar people was acting as a United States Senator. Is that your conception of your business?"

"In that case, I added anything that I thought in spirit with the resolution."

"What do you mean by in spirit with the resolution?"

"Charts and data prepared by Truman G. Palmer."

NO PROMISE TO SUGAR MEN.

Platform Makers Deny Assuring Them Duty Would Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Senators O'Gorman and Kern and other members of the Committee on Resolutions, which drafted the Democratic national platform at Baltimore, denied to-day the charge made by Senator-elect Broussard of Louisiana, and reiterated by National Committeeman Fred Irwin of Hawaii, that the platform makers had given sugar growers an assurance in drafting the tariff plank that sugar would not be placed on the free list.

TOBACCO TAX SCHEME DEAD

Wilson Never Gave McReynolds Idea More Than 3 Minutes' Thought

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Although those in a position to know the facts are guarded in their statements, practically no doubt remains that the plan of Attorney General McReynolds to curtail the production of the companies that formerly composed the Tobacco Trust by imposing a "progressive excise tax" on their output beyond a fixed amount has been abandoned. The suggestion, as Democratic leaders prefer that it shall be called, has been under consideration by a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Finance. That it will never emerge from the Finance Committee as an amendment to the pending tariff bill or in any other form is generally accepted by Senators.

It is just as apparent that, whatever may have been their original view of the proposition put forward by the Attorney General, officers of the Administration now regard it in a manner that, judging from their expressions, can best be described as indifferent. That Mr. Wilson is taking no interest in the subject was made evident to-day at the White House, where it was said that he had never given more than three minutes consideration to what Mr. McReynolds had proposed.

WILSON PLANS CANAL VISIT.

Will Go as Soon as Congress Adjourns, He Tells Goethals.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Col. George W. Goethals, Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal, conferred with President Wilson to-day and was told that the President would visit the Isthmus as soon as Congress adjourned. Col. Goethals spoke of the scheduled purpose to let the water in about Oct. 1, and added:

"I could hold the water out two weeks longer, if the President should be delayed in getting down. We want him to see the canal before the water is put in."

It is the purpose of President Wilson not to organize the permanent government of the zone until the canal is practically completed. When he visits the Isthmus he probably will take up with Col. Goethals the general plan of organization of a civil government for the zone and of the force of several thousand employes required to operate the canal.

McIlhenny Heads Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—John A. McIlhenny was designated to-day by President Wilson as President of the Civil Serpice Commission. Mr. McIlhenny was the only one of the old Commissioners retained.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th St., New York

Remarkable Sale of

240 Young Men's

High Grade Suits

On sale today, 240 Young Men's Smart Suits, all high-class, seasonable fabrics, in mixtures, pencil stripes, tweeds and fine navy serges.

Most approved Norfolk and soft roll patch pocket models. Alpaca or silk lined; young men's sizes 32 to 38; student sizes 15 to 19. Regularly $15, $18 & $20,

10.00

None C. O. D. No Credits.

Outing Trousers:—Special Sale

For Men and Young Men

Special Summer Trousers for Golf, Tennis and Yachting. English stripes and plain white flannels; 28 to 36 Waist.

Regularly $5.00 & $6.00 **3.50**

VICE TRUST EXPOSED AND HEADS INDICTED

Two Men and Two Women, Who Divided More Than $1,000,000 a Year, Now in Hiding.

MEN IN FOREIGN PARTS

Two Women Testify Before Grand Jury and Scores of Others Volunteer—43 Houses Under One Head.

As the result of four indictments handed up to Justice Seabury yesterday by the Supreme Court Grand Jury it appears probable that District Attorney Whitman's graft hunters will soon uncover conditions in the old Tenderloin compared with which the disclosures in Harlem will seem mild. The indictments were against the four alleged ringleaders in the so-called "Vice Trust," which is said to have had an interest in more than forty disorderly houses, and which is said to have absolutely controlled thirty of these houses. Each one of the four indicted, two men and two women, according to estimates in the District Attorney's office, made $250,000 in profits each year.

The four indicted were "Mortche" Goldberg, Rosie Goldberg, his wife; Louis Goldberg, alias Louis Barbusch, and Gussie Cohen. These four, it is charged, were "officers" of the "trust." There is a fifth "officer," according to information in the possession of the District Attorney, but not enough evidence has been found against this person to warrant action by the Grand Jury. It is not considered likely that any of the four indicted will soon be caught, because all are said to be in hiding outside of New York. "Mortche" Goldberg is said to be in Buenos Aires, and Louis Goldberg, alias Barbusch, is said to be in Paris. The whereabouts of the two women is unknown. A search around their old quarters was made yesterday by detectives who learned that they had not been seen for two weeks.

The charge against the four is a misdemeanor, but it was expected yesterday that the ultimate prosecution might be under the State White Slave act. It is charged that apart from their houses they carried on a large traffic with women of the streets.

The testimony on which the indictments were returned came from two unfortunate women, who gave their names as Nellie Schaefer and Josie Schaefer. These two women were convicted in the Court of Special Sessions two weeks ago, and sentence was delayed last Friday at the request of Assistant District Attorney Smith. They were confined in the Tombs, and after appearing before the Grand Jury they were liberated on probation. It was in return for this consideration, it was said, that they volunteered to tell what no victim of the "trust" ever dared to tell before.

They said that the "trust" until two or three months ago maintained no less than fourteen disorderly houses in a single block in Fortieth Street, two in Twenty-fifth Street, two in Eighteenth Street, two in Twenty-sixth, three in Twenty-seventh, one in Thirty-fifth, two in Thirty-sixth, and sixteen in Sixth Avenue, between Eighteenth and Fortieth Streets. In these thirty houses, the woman said, no less than 1,600 women had been under the direct control of the "trust." There were thirteen other houses, they said, concerning which they did not have much information, and in which the "trust" had only an interest. These thirteen houses were classed by the women as "independents."

The thirty houses under the direct control of the five vice heads, the women asserted, paid $1,000 a month each for police protection in addition to $150 a month for each of twelve men on fixed post and odd sums for political ward workers and friends of high police officials. This could be easily afforded, it was said, because each house averaged a gross income of $12,000 a month. These are the figures in the District Attorney's office.

Gross receipts per month from thirty houses	$360,000
Expenses per month:	
Payments to 1,800 women	180,000
General police protection	30,000
Policemen on post	1,800
Rent	3,000
Housekeepers, agents, incidentals	27,000
Doctors	10,000

The expenses, according to these figures, totaled $253,800 a month, leaving a net balance of $106,200. For the full twelve months, therefore, the total net income from the systematized business of vice was estimated at $1,274,200.

The two women who gave this evidence were "madams," or housekeepers. They received $5 a day for running the houses, each madam having charge of 40 to 50 girls. The girls received half the money taken in. If any one of them chanced to be arrested the "trust" allowed $5 a day pending the settlement of their cases, and if sent to the island the remuneration at the rate of $5 a day was paid to them in a lump sum at the termination of sentence. Every promise was strictly kept while the business was flourishing, and it was for this reason, it was said yesterday, that so little of the inside workings of the system ever came to the attention of the District Attorney's office. The two informers were arrested at a time when business owing to the graft investigation was on a slump.

All except a few of the houses had been forced to close their doors, and the usual $5 a day was not forthcoming. Rumors of a "squeal" reached the "officers," however, and the two women said they had been accompanied into court by Rosie Goldberg, who had promised them $200 a month.

A politician, who is a doctor, was said to have had the yearly contract for inspecting the thirty houses of the "trust." He had a corps of assistants, and was well paid for his services.

No liquor or meals were sold in any of the houses, yes on Saturday nights, it was said, some of the houses would take in as much as $900. The official day always began at 8 P. M. and closed at 4 A. M. The girls in the houses were not permitted to make their homes there.

There were four collectors. They came shortly after 4 o'clock in the morning and paid the wages of each girl, as well as of each "madam" every day. Then the four collectors, who, it seems were none other than the "officers" of the "trust," met in the "clearing house" in Twenty-eighth Street, near Seventh Avenue, and each collector emptied his bag of money on a table. There the division was made in five parts after a percentage had been laid away for current expenses. So far as could be learned, the "trust" never kept any books.

Assistant District Attorney Smith says the most lamentable chapter of the revelations is the description of the short-lived career of the poor girl victims.

When the news of the indictments reached the Tenderloin there was a scurrying to the Criminal Court Building. By 5 o'clock last night no less than a score of women had called there to tell their stories to the District Attorney. Some of them, it was said, told of white slavery and welcomed the opportunity to testify against their oppressors.

A. G. Vanderbilts Coming in July.

Word was received yesterday at the Vanderbilt Hotel that Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt would return from Europe about the middle of July. Their apartment at the hotel is in readiness for them, and it is expected that they will spend the Summer in and about New York. For several years past Mr. Vanderbilt has been in the habit of spending his Summers in England, where during the season he has driven the coach between London and Brighton.

M'REYNOLDS URGES QUICK U. P. ACTION

Continued from Page 1.

mon stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, held by the Pennsylvania Railroad, should be sold at par and the preferred stock at $80 per share, and the Southern Pacific stock to be purchased at par.

The whole transaction will involve the transer to the Pennsylvania Railroad of 382,924 shares of stock of the Southern Pacific Company, and will represent the delivery by the Pennsylvania Railroad to the Union Pacific Railroad of the entire holdings of the Pennsylvania Railroad system in the stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company.

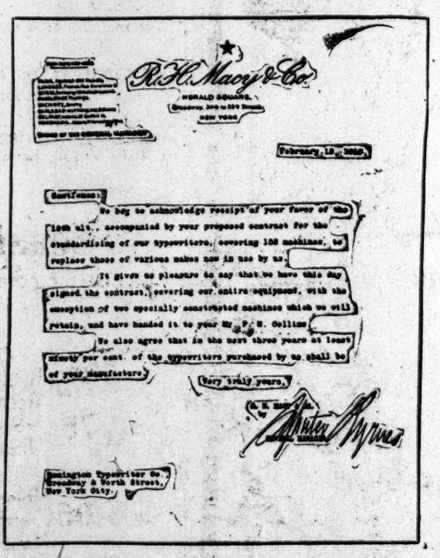
President Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad declined to make any further statement on the subject. It is said that the Pennsylvania has no interest in the management of the Southern Pacific, and that the arrangement is purely a business one, designed to prevent the big block of Southern Pacific stock from being thrown on the market.

The Baltimore & Ohio stock was acquired by the Pennsylvania years ago at figures much higher than the present market quotations. In financial circles the transaction is looked upon as a relinquishment by the Pennsylvania of all interest in the Baltimore & Ohio Company.

According to the last annual report of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company it held $14,723,600 of preferred stock of the Baltimore & Ohio, and 57,250 shares of common with a par value of $5,725,000. Including the Pennsylvania Company, which controls lines west of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania interests own about $43,000,000 of Baltimore & Ohio stock.

More Recognition of Remington Typewriter Leadership

R. H. Macy & Company buy 102 Remington Typewriters, dispose of their other machines, and decide hereafter to standardize on the Remington. *READ WHAT THEY SAY:*


R. H. Macy & Co.

This is just another evidence of what the big buyers, the experienced buyers, the buyers who demand the maximum of efficiency, think of the Remington Typewriter.

Good reasons for them, are good reasons for you.

Remington Typewriter Company (Incorporated)

325-331 Broadway New York

WHITMAN HAS START ON GAYNOR IN RACE

Continued from Page 1.

"What do I consider the main issue in the coming municipal campaign, you ask me. I declare I do not know. These little fusionists that I speak of may talk about issues, but the only issue they have in their heads is to get an office or a bone. If they were honest they would come out and commend what the heads of my departments have done during the last three and a half years in the government of this city, leaving myself out of account altogether.

"What is my attitude toward the next campaign, you ask me, and will I be a candidate? I have already stated that I do not think any political organization will nominate me.

He Has a Few Unpublished Letters.

"And so you want to know whether if I do retire I will devote the rest of my life to writing. I suppose you want to amuse me before we quit. Several publishers want to publish my letters since I have been Mayor, or such of them as have got into the newspapers.

"The Mayor made an elaborate defense of his administration, particularly the Police Department. Asked as to what he considered the most significant change in the City Government in the last three years and a half, the Mayor said:

"I just took every department absolutely out of the realm of partisan politics. The political leaders who used to trade on the departments are out of business. There is no political leader who can get a contract out of any department for himself or any favorite. Everything goes absolutely according to business principles."

"The Republican leader and the Republican corruptionist are no better than the corresponding men on the Democratic side. I have left them all absolutely out in the cold."

Especially, the Mayor said, had he taken the Police Department out of politics. The many reforms which he started in this department had been patiently worked out. The fact that he had taught the police not to club citizens, and had reduced the number of arrests and lockups in station houses without warrant more than 100,000 a year made the "graft matter sink to insignificant proportions." All through the police denunciation, he said, most of the matter published was furnished by a press agent. The Mayor said he felt safe because he had an "honest man at the head of the Police Department and every department of the city government."

"Look over the heads of my departments," he said. "Where are you going to get their equal? There is not a so-called political leader or organization politician among them all. Not so much as one. I did that deliberately. I have no objection to politicians or political leaders. If they are honest and of the proper school, they are to be encouraged and commended. If they be of another school, you have simply to ignore them. I have not distracted the city with political quarrels. I could have tried to build up a party of my own. I did not do that. I am glad I did not do it. It is true that I have no party back of me. That is very often an uncomfortable position to be in. But I am satisfied."

EAST SIDE HONORS McANENY.

Borough President Is the Guest at a Dollar Dinner.

Borough President McAneny was the guest of the east side last night at a dollar dinner in Clinton Hall, attended by 300 merchants, professional men, and social workers of the neighborhood. The event was arranged by the East Side Civic Committee in recognition of the Borough President's success in securing a municipal ice plant and other interests affecting that section. There was unbounded enthusiasm whenever speakers made reference to Mr. McAneny's eligibility as a candidate for Mayor.

Henry Morgenthau told of the services rendered by Mr. McAneny to the city by his businesslike administration, and of the many economies introduced by him for the reduction of the burden of taxpayers. Referring to his activities in broadening the streets and cutting away obstructions, Mr. Morgenthau said property owners had no hard feelings toward the Borough President for making them spend money because the improvements had enhanced greatly the value of property. Dr. Paul Abelson was toastmaster. He introduced Mr. McAneny, who said:

"The importance of improving living conditions in certain parts of our city is emphasized by congestion, and the lower east side, with its vast population, deserves particular attention. If healthful conditions are essential anywhere it is where people come in hourly contact with each other in large numbers. That is one of the reasons why I have felt always that this part of the city deserved special consideration and why I have thought it was wise to give so much attention to putting streets in good condition, advocating more play space for the children, making a broad boulevard of Delancey Street with space for trees and flowers in parked spaces, equipping the public baths with swimming pools and gymnasiums, and helping to establish milk stations where pure milk could be bought at cost, with a resulting decrease in infant mortality. All of these things I believe should be done in increasing number.

"Next in importance to furnishing pure milk is the provision necessary to keep that milk pure and clean by keeping the temperature low, and this means ice. Those who purchase milk also want ice, but its high price for small quantities is to them prohibitive. I am trying to have installed icemaking machinery which not only will furnish ice to the city, but will enable the city to sell at cost at the milk stations ice for the preservation of pure milk."

Other speakers were Isidor M. Levy of the Board of Education, Mrs. V. G. Simkovitch, the social worker; Dr. Antonio Stella, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, and the Rev. Dr. Philip Jaches. Jacob H. Schiff sent a letter expressing his regret at not being able to attend and saying Mr. McAneny deserved the good will and the acclaim of the people of New York.

AMERICANS TAKE MORO FORT

Gen. Pershing's Force Loses Six Killed and Has Twelve Wounded.

MANILA, June 12.—The intrenchments of the rebellious Moros under the Sultan of Jolo at Bagsag were taken by the American forces to-day after a fierce battle, in which the American casualties were six killed and twelve wounded.

The killed were two privates of Company M, Eighth United States Infantry; three members of the Fifty-first Company of Scouts, and one member of the Twenty-ninth Company of Scouts. Lieut. Edwin H. Rackley was wounded in the leg.

The casualties are regarded as few in view of the stubborn resistance which the Moros made to the American advance. The attacking forces had been made up unusually strong as a precaution, there being in addition to the company of regular infantry a troop of cavalry, seven companies of scouts, two companies of constabulary, with a battery of four mountain guns and a machine gun platoon. The main position of the Moros was completely taken. Although there remains one point still occupied in the mountain, the mountain guns will be in a position to shell it easily.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Gen. Wood has cabled to Major Gen. Bell, commanding the Philippines Division, for an immediate report upon the operations Brig. Gen. Pershing is conducting against the Moros in the Jolo Archipelago.

STERN BROTHERS

will make To-day, an Extraordinary Offering of

Men's and Young Men's

High Grade Summer Suits

at $17.50, 21.00, 27.50

Actual Values from $22.50 to $40.00

And will also continue

Their Annual June Sale of Seasonable

Men's Furnishings, Silk Hosiery, Men's Summer Underwear and Men's Bathing Suits

At Extraordinarily Low Prices

West 23d and 22d Streets

Beginning Tomorrow the Store Will Close Saturdays at 12 o'Clock Noon.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

Are featuring, in connection with Clearance Sales of Gowns, Dresses, Coats, Wraps and Millinery—

Fashionable Tailor Suits

—formerly $50 to $150—

at exactly half price

Ultra-fashionable and conservative models in all the newest weaves and shades; suitable for afternoon calling, street, travel and resort wear— *at $25 to $75*

No sale goods sent on approval, C. O. D., reserved or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

MAIN BUILDING

Fly Old Glory Tomorrow—Flag Day

And, of course, you'll buy your flag here when you see these specials:

PRINTED SILK FLAGS—2x3 feet. Mounted on ebonized staff. Regularly 65c; at 45c

BUNTING FLAGS—size 5x8; all-wool; complete with 10-foot pole and bracket; special at $2.95

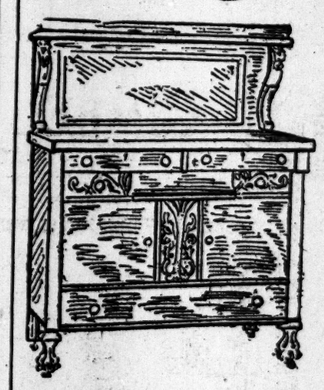
(Fourth Floor, MAIN Building.)

GREENHUT BUILDING

Choice Pieces—Mainly Samples—And, Therefore, Exceptionally Well Made

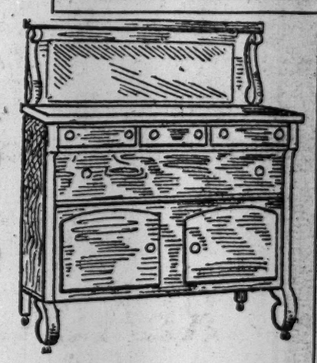
Dining Room Furniture

At Great Reductions, Today



$45 GOLDEN OAK BUFFET — top, 45x21; French beveled mirror, 14x36; polished silver drawer, lined; with casters; as illustrated $32.50

$40 GOLDEN OAK BUFFET — top 45x22; French beveled mirror, 12x36; polished silver drawer, lined; with casters; as illustrated $29



MAIN BUILDING

Our Cut Flower Special— Long-Stemmed, Fragrant **Roses** And Beautiful **Carnations**

All Colors; Elsewhere $1 to $1.50 a Dozen; Our Price, Today, a Dozen .. 39c

(Main Floor, MAIN Building.)

Other Specials in Our Furniture Store for Today:

GOLDEN OAK BUFFETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$31.00	$26.00
27.50	23.50
25.50	22.00
48.00	40.00
43.00	38.00

MAHOGANY BUFFETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$45.00	$37.00
50.00	40.00
74.00	54.00

FUMED OAK BUFFETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$36.50	$30.00
41.50	36.00

GOLDEN OAK EXTENSION TABLES

Regularly	Sale Price
$27.50	$23.50
25.00	21.00
14.50	12.00
20.00	17.50

GOLDEN OAK CRYSTAL CLOSETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$30.00	$21.00
70.00	62.50

EARLY ENGLISH BUFFETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$22.50	$18.50
42.00	30.00
75.00	45.00

GOLDEN OAK CHINA CLOSETS

Regularly	Sale Price
$54.00	$47.50
51.00	45.00
22.00	19.00

FUMED OAK EXTENSION TABLES

Regularly	Sale Price
$28.00	$24.00
20.00	15.00

(GREENHUT Building, Second Floor.)

GREENHUT BUILDING

Most Popular Rugs *At Deeply Cut Prices, In Today's Sale*

This, you know, is clearing time with us, and former selling prices are not seriously considered.

Come now, and take your choice of the handsomest designs produced by best manufacturers. Rich, high-piled rugs in charming color effects. Look at these reductions:

SEAMLESS AND SEAMED WILTON RUGS

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$36.50	9 x 12	$29.50
34.50	8.3 x 10.6	27.50
32.50	8.3 x 10.6	25.50

SEAMLESS WILTON RUGS

Mill samples in self-tone effects and discontinued patterns.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$44.50	9 x 12	$32.50
42.50	8.3 x 10.6	27.50

AXMINSTER RUGS

A large selection of choice Oriental designs and floral effects in newest colorings.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$23.50	9 x 12	$17.50
21.50	8.3 x 10.6	15.50

AXMINSTER RUGS

Discontinued patterns; slightly mismatched.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$25.50	9 x 12	$16.75
23.50	9 x 12	14.75
23.50	8.3 x 10.6	14.75

The Above Are Only a Few of the Underpriced Items In This Sale

(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

MAIN BUILDING

Men's "Odd" $6 to $8 **$3.90** Trousers, at . . .

These are of the famous "Kingly" make. No less than 1,000 pairs, including worsteds, serges, and outing materials.

Sale today in our Men's Store.

Second Floor, MAIN Building.

The Big Store **GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.** A City in Itself

Sixth Avenue J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18th to 19th Streets

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

TELL OF PROGRESS IN CIVIL SERVICE

Heads of Commissions Throughout the Country Meet in Convention Here.

WOULD EXTEND THE SYSTEM

Prendergast Tells Delegates He Hopes All the Places in His Department Will Become Competitive.

More than 100 members of the National Assembly of Civil Service Commissions from all parts of the country gathered here yesterday for a convention, and after morning and afternoon sessions at the Waldorf attended a public meeting in Carnegie Hall, at which more than 1,000 persons interested in the civil service movement were present.

The National Assembly, which was organized in 1906 and held its first session in Washington, D. C., is composed of members of National, State, and municipal Civil Service Commissions, and the objects of the assembly, as stated in its constitution, are "to enable all those charged with the administration of civil service laws to become acquainted and exchange ideas; to promote co-operation, uniformity, and perfection of methods of the different commissions; to enable the Commissioners to profit by exchange of ideas with officers who are directing departments, and to give such officers broader opportunity to inform themselves on the methods of the merit system."

Arthur J. O'Keeffe, Commissioner of Bridges, was Chairman of the public meeting, and among the speakers were Controller Prendergast, John Purroy Mitchel, Collector of the Port of New York, and Everett P. Wheeler. Mayor Gaynor, Borough President George McAneny, and Gen. John C. Black, President of the United States Civil Service Commission, were unable to be present. In addition to the speaking on civil service topics, there was music by the Police Band of this city, and a soprano solo from "La Traviata" by Miss Marie Florence, a stenographer in the Bridge Department.

Controller Prendergast was applauded warmly when he told the audience that he was not only willing but eager to see all the exempt places in his department put in the competitive service, and that he hoped this would be done.

Carnegie Hall was well filled with civil service enthusiasts, their wives and families, but few municipal civil service employes were present, and several members of the committee on arrangements said that they had heard the civil service employes had boycotted the meeting because the Municipal Civil Service Commission had opposed certain bills which they favored and which were subsequently vetoed by Gov. Sulzer.

Owing to a misunderstanding on the part of many of the delegates, the morning session at the City Club was slimly attended. Frank Gallagher, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of New York, postponed his address of welcome until the afternoon, and after committees had been appointed, the rest of the time was devoted to informal five-minute talks by the Commissioners. The President appointed these committees:

Resolutions.—Frank M. Riter, Philadelphia; Robert Catherwood, Chicago; F. E. Doty, Wisconsin; William Carter Clark, California, Henry Van Kleek, Colorado. Nominations. — Elmer L. Curtiss, Massachusetts; Thomas C. Murray, New York City; W. R. Robinson, Illinois; L. H. Van Dusen, Philadelphia; Gardner Colby, New Jersey. Auditing.—Harold N. Sexton, New York; E. F. Hiller, Cook County, Illinois; David S. Prescott, Spokane.

Referring to civil service conditions here in his address of welcome at the afternoon session, Mr. Gallagher said:

"The Chief Magistrate of this great metropolis is making a very interesting contribution to a virile and practical civil service by insisting that Administrative heads shall make appointments in the order in which candidates appear upon the eligible lists. While the law of this State gives to the appointing power the right to select from three names for a single appointment, the Mayor has insisted that his Administration heads shall appoint in the order of the list, or shall furnish him with a written statement of adequate reasons for departing from that list. He has reserved for himself approval or disapproval of these reasons, and has ordered that in every instance where a candidate is passed over in making an appointment a copy of the reasons in writing, with the Mayoral approval attached thereto, shall be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission.

"Here in New York City we are trying carefully and conservatively to lift high the civil service standards of merit and fitness. In the labor class, in which are segregated the skilled trades of the mechanic and artisan, we are sending the candidate to the bench and to the lathe, and are rating in accurate and logical relation the phase of his skill. In the competitive class of the service we have recently introduced the practical test on the theory that one who passes upon the skill of another should have his own skill tested in a practical way, and we are insisting upon an adequate experience before admitting candidates to these examinations.

At this morning's session at the Waldorf-Astoria, papers will be read on various subjects, including "The United States Civil Service Commission," by Gen. Black, President of the United States Civil Service Commission; "The Widening of the Area of the Functions of Civil Service Commissions," by Robert Catherwood of the Cook County, Ill., Civil Service Commission, and "Investigation of Character and Experience in Civil Service Examinations," by Frank Gallagher, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of New York City.

At the afternoon session papers will be read on "The Need of Independence and Permanence of Tenure of Commissioners," by Samuel Ordway of the National Civil Service Reform League, and on "Records of Efficiency—What They Should Comprise and Their Practical Uses," by E. O. Griefenhagen, Superintendent of Employment, South Park Commission, Chicago.

In the evening a round-table meeting will be held under the Presidency of James Creelman, ex-President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of New York City. The discussion of a model civil service law will be led by Mayo Fessler. To-morrow will be devoted mainly to sightseeing, the three-day convention coming to an end with the annual dinner at the Waldorf in the evening.

DUTCH SEEK MARKET HERE.

Will Compete with Cuba if Duty Is Taken Off Sugar.

What Congress is going to do with the tariff, especially with regard to sugar, has aroused great interest in Holland, according to J. G. van Dusseldorp, member of a firm of sugar brokers at Vlaardingen, who has arrived at the Imperial. The probability of the tariff being removed from sugar has aroused the beet growers along the North Sea, and Mr. van Dusseldorp has come over to investigate the possibilities for obtaining contracts.

At present, according to the visitor, the duty on sugar prevents Dutch exporters from sending their country's main product over here. A large market has been found in England, though, for exports to that country, a tax has to be paid the Dutch Government. Mr. Dusseldorp says that refined sugar is now selling in Holland at 2.2 cents a pound, brown sugar being much less. Hitherto the freight rate to the United States, joined with our protective tariff, has prevented the importation of Dutch sugar in large quantities, but with free trade in that commodity, sugar brokers in Holland believe they will be able to compete here with Cuban sugar.

NEW ARBITRATION BILL AGREED UPON

Railroad Officials and Their Employes Come to Understanding on Erdman Act.

MORE ARBITRATORS TO ACT

Six Can Be Called Into Conference and Provision Is Also Made for Federal Court Action.

Through activities on the part of railroad officials and representatives of the railroad firemen and engineers it became known yesterday that both the railroad employers and their workmen are uniting in a movement to force through the present Congress a measure materially altering and enlarging the arbitration plan under which the recently threatened strike of the railroad firemen was averted.

It also came out that an agreement to unite in recommending amendments to the act under which the arbitration of the firemen's demands was carried on was privately arrived at before there was any public indication that the railroads and the firemen were going to agree on arbitration. At the last minute, when a strike seemed certain and while the Pennsylvania Railroad was preparing warehouses to house strike-breakers and the firemen's officials were mailing out warnings to be ready to quit work, certain friends of large holders of railroad securities stepped into the situation.

At the critical juncture, however, Seth Low, President of the Civic Federation, and a committee of associates, proposed that they pledge themselves to join with both sides to have the act altered and enlarged if the firemen and the employers would accept the act as it stood for this one arbitration.

The activity yesterday was on behalf of a public hearing for the new measure as agreed upon by all parties. A bill providing for the changes has already been submitted to the Senate and on next Monday it will be submitted in the House.

William Brown, President of the New York Central Railroad; W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; Ralph M. Easley, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Civic Federation, and Judge Martin A. Knapp of the United States Commerce Court are members of a committee in charge of arranging for the public hearing on the proposed amendments.

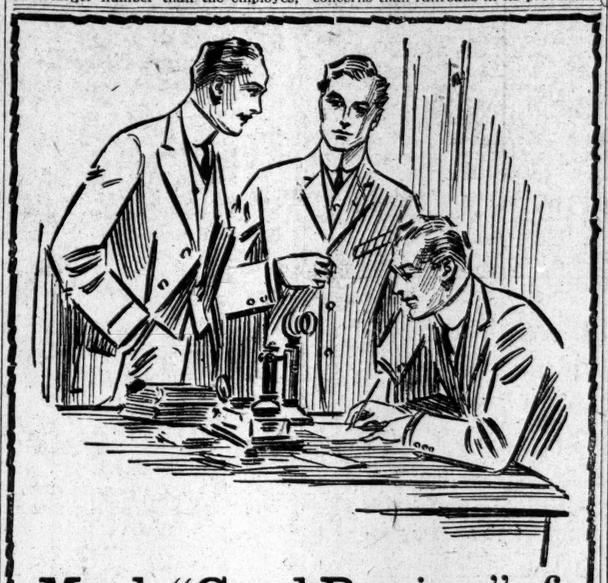
Mr. Easley explained yesterday the need for immediate action on the amendments and the plans to rush the measure providing for them through Congress.

Seth Low, President of the National Civic Federation, said that at the conferences in which the enlarged act was drawn up there were some questions on which all sides could not agree. The bill as it stands on such matters represents a final compromise.

On the question of the number of arbitrators, for instance the railroads wanted a larger number than the employes, their contention being that the vast amount of property involved should not be intrusted to the decisions of a small number of persons. The plan for three arbitrators, as at present in vogue, was abandoned for a plan for six arbitrators.

One of the features of the new measures provides that after the arbitrators have done their work they must file their report with the United States District Court for the district in which the arbitration is held, and that appeals can be made o the District Court to set the report aside for errors of law apparent on the record. The case may be carried even to the Court of Appeals by either side within ten days after the filing of the report with the District Court, but the decision of the Court of Appeals is to be final.

No effort was made in expanding the act to make it include other industrial concerns than railroads in its provisions.



Much "Good Buying" of These GIMBEL Suits At $25, for Men

Men are as keen about picking up good investments in Clothing as in Stocks.

The present collection of Men's Suits that we are offering at $25 presents such splendid opportunities that discerning men have not been slow to discover the fact.

In their fashionable and seasonable materials, their magnificent tailoring and their new models, they are as safe a purchase as gold bonds, but yielding a far higher return.

Eight fine styles, for instance, of the NORFOLK SUITS that are in such high favor just now. Sizes 33 to 40.

A dozen different models of SACK SUITS of equally correct styles. Sizes 34 to 48.

Plain fabrics, smart black-and-white checks, the popular pin and pencil stripes and many mixtures.

Some of the coats half-lined, others quarter-lined with silk. Some styles with fine alpaca linings.

And whatever a man's size may be, we have plenty of suits for him to choose from in that size.

We offer these Suits, subject to prior sale, at $25 each.

Fourth Floor

Men's New Crepe Scarfs for Summer

They have a certain airy softness that goes well with the Summer suit.

There are over a dozen shades in straight Four-in-hands, at 50c.

At $1, there are all the same colors, and the extremely fashionable new tints, such as cerise, orange, yellow, brick red and emerald green, in flowing-end four-in-hands.

Self blocks and stripes, in crepes of vivid or quieter tones, are $1.50.

The man who prefers Foulards, may find all sorts of new polka-dotted effects, in two-color combinations, in Batwing Ties at 75c, and Four-in-Hands at $1. Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Drink MOXIE

Clean, Wholesome, Refreshing

ORGANIZED IN 1887

THE ADMINISTRATION of trusts is often made difficult by the personal relation between the trustee and the beneficiary. When this Corporation is appointed trustee, the founder of the trust can be assured that his wishes will be carried out to the letter.

The execution of trusts is a business with us. In the hands of an organized staff, it is not embarrassed by sentiment.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL & SURPLUS 9,500,000

160 Broadway, New York—188 Montague St., Brooklyn

BRANCH OFFICES - 142.5 St. Nicholas Ave., New York - 500 Willis Avenue, Bronx - 1354 Broadway, Brooklyn - 367 Fulton St., Jamaica - 110 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N.Y.

A Vacation in the REAL OUT-OF-DOORS

Forest Lakes of MAINE

SEND for the booklet. It tells of a vacation land more wonderful than you can imagine.

Thousands of square miles of fresh and beautiful forest where deer and moose are browsing.

EXQUISITE, WILD LAKES

many of them almost unknown to the outside world.

Canoe trips, some of them 200 miles long, down marvelous forest rivers. The finest game fishing in America.

You live at one of the log-built, permanent camps whose comfort and good fare are one of the wonders of this country.

Or set up your own camp with an Indian or white guide, sleep in a tent on hemlock boughs, eat campfire cooking, breathe pine-spruce-laden air.

Every day will be filled with wonderful new experiences. You will come out brown, clear-eyed, steady-nerved—and with memories you wouldn't sell.

Isn't it the vacation you've been ACHING for? You can take it easily and at surprisingly small cost.

Three solid through express trains from New York daily.

Send for FREE Booklet today

Address VACATION BUREAU

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES

Room 780, So. Station, Boston, Mass.

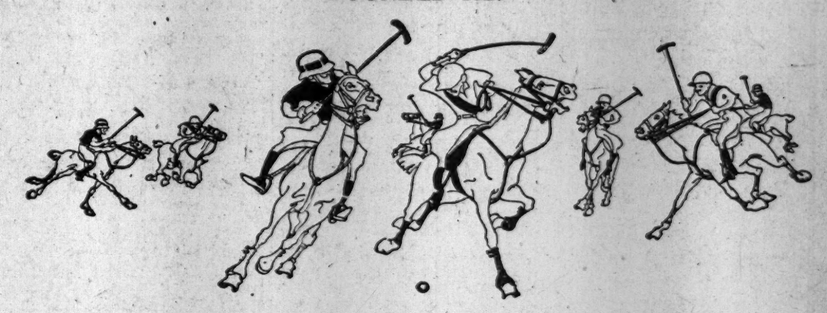
or call at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES — Boston & Maine R.R. — New York, New Haven & Hartford — Maine Central R.R.

"The Clicquot Is Mine"
Nine out of ten of the ladies you entertain would prefer Clicquot to beer or wine—not because it is in better taste, but because Clicquot tastes better.
How could Clicquot be anything but delicious? Purest of sugar, ginger root, dashes of lemon and lime—it's a confection in liquid form.
Reg. U. S. Pat. Office
Clicquot-Club
Pronounced Klee-k-O
GINGER ALE
Clicquot is mildly laxative and is a very healthful beverage for women and children. Because of its stimulating ginger element, it can be enjoyed without ill effects when you are overheated.
Keep Clicquot Club in the house through the hot weather.
Other Clicquot flavors: Birch Beer, Root Beer, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Sour and Orange Phosphate.
The Clicquot Club Co., Millis, Mass.
CELEBRATED
CLICQUOT CLUB
EXTRA DRY
GINGER ALE

Arnold, Constable & Co.

FOUNDED 1827



Men's Pure Silk Shirts

For every kind of sport, dress and business wear.

Today (Friday) and Saturday morning till noon.

5 New Silks | 3.95 | *5 Smart Styles*

Values from $5.50 to $7.00 each.

We have never presented better values than these, undoubtedly supreme in the domain of the exclusive silk shirt.

Through a fortunate early placing of orders the splendid materials designed for these shirts were delivered to us in ample time to carefully complete the thousand or more, just when silk shirts are most needed.

PURE SILK JACQUARD SHIRTS—Entirely new and novel effects. Summer colorings—pink, blue, grey, green and lavender on light grounds. *Regularly $6.50*

PURE SILK PLEATED SHIRTS—Made of silk of finest texture with heavy satin stripe. Will bear many trips to the tub. *Regularly $6.00 and $7.00*

PURE SILK PEBBLE CREPE SHIRTS—The material that has captured the fancy of the season. New designs and smart stripes on white ground. *Regularly $5.50*

PURE SILK SATIN STRIPED SHIRTS—A delightful variety of this rich and rare shirting.

PURE SILK NOVELTY SHIRTS—Contrasting colors in wide spaced and bold stripes especially appropriate for sporting events. *Regularly $5.50 to $6.50*

Values $5.50 to $7.00 — 3.95

HEAVY TUB SILK SHIRTS—Satin stripes on pure silk. Distinctive and refined patterns; chiefly stripes in black, grey, pink, blue and tan on white grounds. *Regularly $5.00* 3.25

PLAIN PURE SILK SHIRTS—Made in the best possible manner of good quality silk for usual price of the silk mixture. Sizes 14 to 18. *Regularly $4.00 and $4.50* 2.75

MEN'S WHITE LISLE THREAD UNDERWEAR—Specially fine texture and light weight. Very elastic and comfortable. Athletic style only. *Regularly $1.00* 70c

MEN'S WORSTED JERSEY BATHING SUITS—Pure wool yarns that are steam shrunk and will not hold the water. Made plain or fancy trimmed with or without sleeves. High grade in make and fit. *Reg. $3.50* 2.45

A Remarkable Sale of

MIDSUMMER UNDERWEAR

For Women, Small Women, Misses and Children

Cool and comfortable, well-fitting garments of splendid wearing quality.

Made by the best manufacturers here and abroad.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, gauze merino, white only. Sizes 3 to 16 years. *Regularly $1.00 each* 50c

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' UNDERVESTS, of Swiss ribbed lisle, low neck. *Regularly $3.00 doz.* 1-2 doz. for 75c

WOMEN'S GAUZE LISLE VESTS, hemmed top, hand crocheted or handsome lace insertion. *Regularly 50c each* 50c (6 for $2.00)

WOMEN'S GAUZE VESTS, silk and lisle mixed; low neck and sleeveless. *Regularly 75c each* 59c

WOMEN'S PURE SILK VESTS, white only. Swiss ribbed, low neck, sleeveless. *Regularly 95c each* 69c

WOMEN'S IMPORTED PURE SILK VESTS, Swiss ribbed, hand finished necks. *Regularly $1.50 each* 1.00

MILANESE SILK VESTS, embroidered or hem top, white or pink. *Regularly $2.25 each* 1.45 (3 for $5.00)

UNION SUITS of gauze lisle, hem top or elaborate hand crochet; tight or loose knee. *Value $1.35 each* 1.00

UNION SUITS of sheer gauze lisle mercerized; French band top; tight or loose knee. *Value $1.85 each* 1.50

UNION SUITS gauze lisle, Swiss ribbed, imported, elaborate hand crochet. *Value $3.25 each* 1.95

UNION SUITS, Milanese silk, white only fully reinforced. *Value $3.75 each* 2.95

MILANESE SILK BLOOMERS, black, white or pink, reinforced. *Value $2.75 each* 2.25

Seashore Needs at Special Prices

Bathing Suits for all ages; conforming to the latest caprice of fashion without sacrifice of good taste.

For Women Very Special at 4.75 — A jaunty suit of black satin, without bloomers; latest cut; sailor collar, trimmed with colored or black silk soutache braid.

at 3.95 — In black or blue mohair; bloomers attached; V neck with or without collar; trimmings of white.

A choice variety of other new Bathing Suits in best quality black messaline with Bulgarian sashes and other color effects, at 5.95, 6.95, 8.75 to 16.50

FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN 8 to 16 years.

Bathing Suits of navy blue serge with bloomers attached; white, pink or scarlet trimmings. 2.25 and 2.75

FOR THE LITTLE ONES—Bloomer bathing suits. Sizes 4 to 8 years. In navy blue mohair, serge and worsted Jersey with white trimmings. *Regular Values $1.25, $2.75 and $3.75 Today at* 1.00, 1.85 and 2.25

SHORE ACCESSORIES

Bathing Caps and quaint bonnets; gay as a flower garden and in as many charming hues. Rubberized satin. 1.50 to 1.85

Pure Rubber Caps in new shapes and seasonable shades. 50c and 75c

Bathing Shoes and Pumps—Shapely and well made; rubberized satin or sateen, canvas covered, cork soles. 75c and 1.50

Beach Robes—Easy to slip over the bathing suit. Terry cloth in pretty colors; with girdles. 2.95, 3.75, 4.25, 5.95

Broadway & 19th Street

DRESS SHOW AT McALPIN.

American Designs and American Goods to Rival Best in Paris.

Hundreds of cloak and suit makers and dressmakers filled the ballroom at the McAlpin yesterday afternoon and witnessed what was called the "first exhibit of American fashions for American women held for the manufacturing trade." According to Max Buchsbaum, President of the company which is holding the exhibition, all the dresses, coats, suits, and waists shown were original "creations" by American model makers, and, with one or two exceptions, made of American materials, even to buttons. Mr. Buchsbaum says that the best buttons are made in America, anyhow, but that to sell them here customers usually have to be told that they are imported.

One model who attracted especial attention was a pretty young woman in a brown dress, which was unmistakably slit at the left side. At the first glance the fringe of a petticoat was possibly discovered, but another look revealed that this fringe simply hung from a black band below the knee. The dresses shown were all models for next Fall, as were the hats.

"This exhibition," said Mr. Buchsbaum, "is held in support of the movement for 'American fashions for American women.' We want to show that not only American designers turn out costumes equal to those that the best Parisian and Viennese artists create, but that American manufacturers make silks, brocades, cloths, and all sorts of materials just as good and just as pretty as any of the foreign manufacturers."

Each garment was announced from the stage as the model started out on her promenade through the aisles, and the name of the dressmaker and the manufacturer of each material used in the costume was named.

Your Fire Insurance Broker Should Be An Expert

FIRE Insurance brokerage has reached the dignity of a profession.

In few other lines does training, experience, equipment and an understanding of the fundamentals of the business count for as much.

The professional broker, through his familiarity with all controversies affecting claims, will frequently discover defects in your policies which might prove serious in the event of loss, and will also show you how to remedy them.

He becomes your advisor in all matters affecting your risk, inspects your property, studies your rate-schedule, and plans improvements to reduce your premiums.

This organization with its thirty years of experience, and its corps of insurance engineers, can and does render these important services to its clients.

Will you permit us to submit evidence of what we have done for others?

We shall not ask for your business unless we can save you money.

John A. Eckert & Co. INSURANCE 55 John Street

Lee Puncture-Proof Pneumatic **Tires**

Get our "Puncture-Proof or Money-Back" Guarantee

835 7th Ave.

Lee Tire & Rubber Co.

Schlichten all pure linen Underwear

The Original Ramie Fibre

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

The Schlichten Ramie Summer-weight garments are a luxury for hot weather, the Ramie Linen being deliciously cool, having the highest absorbing and evaporating power of all known textile substances.

For sale by leading dealers everywhere. If your dealers cannot supply you we can direct you to one who can. Write for booklet and samples.

SCHLICHTEN RAMIE COMPANY, 257 Fourth Ave. New York.

POPULAR ONE DAY OUTINGS

New Jersey Central

Lake Hopatoong $1 EVERY SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY

Leave West 23rd St. 8.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Leave Jackson Ave., Jersey City 9.17 a.m.

HARD COAL NO SMOKE COMFORT

Atlantic City, $2.50 NEXT SUNDAY

Leave West 23rd St. 7.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 8.00 a.m.
Leave Jackson Ave., Jersey City 8.17 a.m.

Let us give you a miniature cake!

Try at our expense what this delightful soap will do for your complexion and hair. Dept. 12-F, Resinol, Baltimore.

NIAGARA FALLS & RETURN $10.00

Lackawanna Railroad

Going all trains July 3d and morning trains July 4. Returns to July 6.

Ticket Offices: Broadway, Cor. Wall, Steward, 35th and 42nd Sts. Brooklyn: 369 Fulton St.

GARRISON ADVISES CADETS TO BE KIND

Tells West Point Graduates Enlisted Man Is Army's Backbone.

93 DIPLOMAS ARE AWARDED

All Save One of the 1913 Classmen Enter Army—Veterans at Academy Exercises.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, June 12.—With the singing of the West Point anthem, the graduating exercises of the United States Military Academy ended at noon to-day, and ninety-two young men were added to the commissioned officers of the army. In all her century and eleven years of existence, West Point never had a finer graduation day. The exercises were held in the open, in front of the Battle Monument.

The principal speaker was Secretary of War Garrison. He told the graduates that "preparedness for war, ever-readiness for action, are absolute essentials in any great nation in the present state of affairs." With the Secretary sat Col. C. P. Townsley, Superintendent; Lieut. Col. Frederick Slade, Commandant of Cadets; Capt. Guy Vidmer, Adjutant; Gen. George P. Scriven, Chief Signal Officer of the army; Adjt. Gen. George Andrews, and the civil war veterans, Gens. Gibson, Wilson, Barlow, Schaff, McCrea, Butler, Phipps, and Ward.

"You will appreciate, I am sure," said Secretary Garrison to the graduating class, "that each of you is much more than a graduate of a college or university. You are in a very real sense a representative of the army into which you will now go. There are in this great country of a hundred million population only five thousand army officers. You are conspicuous, and what you may do will reflect credit or bring disgrace, not only or solely upon yourself and those immediately connected with you, but on the service of which you are a part.

"To each of you who are attached to the mobile army there will be confided immediately a body of men, and as time goes on and you advance in rank more men will come under your care. It is with respect to your attitude toward these enlisted men that I desire to talk to you. The backbone of the army is the enlisted man. Every beautiful pinnacle should rest on a sound base, and the sound base of the army is the enlisted man.

"I think it is a safe generalization to say that all great commanders have been beloved by their men. Discipline, of course, is the very keystone of the arch of army organization and must be observed if success is to be attained. But discipline and kindly sympathy for those to whom orders are given are entirely compatible. You will, I am sure, always remember that you are dealing with human material, with men in all other respects except rank exactly like yourselves; that each of us when rid of the artificial differences which accident or fortune has occasioned is composed of the same material; that we have the same primitive feelings—love, fear, hate, gratitude, loyalty, and other sentiments are as likely to be found in the lowliest as in the highest. A recognition of this very simple fact, which often is overlooked, will do more to make a commander beloved by his men than almost any other thing which he can do.

"Let me assure you that you will have the same kindly sympathy and consideration from the head of the department that I urge you to extend to the men under you—that my aim is, and always will be, the fair, impartial, sympathetic understanding and treatment of you all."

Brig. Gen. H. G. Gibson of the class of '47 followed. This veteran of the Mexican and civil wars is almost 90 years old, but his step still is firm. His voice carried to all parts of the crowd. He urged courtesy, chivalry, and justice toward all.

Col. Townsley awarded the diplomas that made ninety-two Americans and one Cuban happy. The Cuban will not enter the army. The documents were given in the order in which the class was graduated, as follows:

Francis K. Newcomer,	Clarence H. Danielson,
Charles F. Williams,	James Nixon Peale,
Gordon R. Young,	John A. Considine,
Richard U. Nicholas,	David B. Falk, Jr.,
Lewis K. Underhill,	William C. Foote,
Myron Bertman,	Francis R. Fuller,
Leo Jerome Dillow,	Clinton W. Russell,
James Archer Dorst,	William R. Schmidt,
Rufus W. Putnam,	Earl L. Canady,
F. A. Englehart,	Louis Aleck Craig,
Demetrio Castillo, Jr.,	George L. Hardin,
William C. Young,	G. E. Lovell, Jr.,
William C. Crane, Jr.,	Otis K. Sadtler,
W. B. Rosevear, Jr.,	W. H. Jones, Jr.,
Carlos Brewer,	John E. Ardrey,
David Edward Cain,	Desmore O. Nelson,
J. E. McMahon, Jr.,	Carlyle H. Wash,
F. A. Engelhart,	H. F. Perrine, Jr.,
Allen G. Thurman,	D. E. McCunniff,
William A. Copthorne,	Henry B. Lewis,
George W. Sliney,	Henry B. Cheadle,
Selby H. Frank,	W. M. Manning,
Eugene T. Spencer,	Stewart S. Giffin,
W. D. Crittenberger,	Samuel A. Gibson,
R. H. Van Volkenburgh,	Paul W. Newgarden,
Alfred B. Johnson,	Harley B. Bullock,
Falkner Heard,	Charles A. King, Jr.,
Roland L. Gaugler,	Dana Palmer,
Samuel J. Heidner,	A. McC. Patch, Jr.,
Junius W. Jones,	Charles B. Lyman,
S. W. Cramer, Jr.,	Robert L. Spragins,
Harold S. Martin,	George W. Kraft,
Thoburn K. Brown,	Ward E. Duvall,
M. M. Kimmel, Jr.,	James B. Gillespie,
John H. Van Vliet,	Charles H. Corlett,
Leland S. Devore,	Charles L. Kilburn,
Silas M. Ratzkoff,	Hans R. W. Herwig,
Geoffrey Keyes,	Redondo B. Sutton,
F. J. Gerstner, Jr.,	Howard C. Davidson,
Charles A. Ross,	William L. Roberts,
Douglass T. Greene,	W. A. McCulloch,
Vern Scott Purnell,	Paul D. Carlisle,
Clarence E. Bradburn,	Bernard P. Lamb,
Joseph W. Viner,	William A. Rafferty,
Robert M. Perkins,	Lathe B. Row,
Lawrence B. Weeks,	John F. Crutcher,
	Francis J. Toohey.

The members of the second, third, and fourth classes made a demonstration as each graduate stepped up to receive the certificate of four years' hard work. Those who got the noisiest reception were Devore, football Captain of 1912; Sadtler, baseball Captain of 1913; Crittenberger, cheer leader; Keyes, the great half back; Copthorpe, the cotillion leader, and Toohey, the "immortal of 1913," as the man graduated last always is known in the army. Toohey's applause lasted a full minute.

Next the corps was paraded and the cadet officers for the following year were announced. The Captains are Cadets Cress, Doe, W. W. Loomis, Butts, Thompson, and W. H. Holcombe. Cadet Robertson is the Adjutant, Cadet Ward the Quartermaster, and the following are the Lieutenants: Cadets Bandholtz, Lanphier, Woodberry, Villaret, Kerr, Hoge, B. F. Jones, W. G. Wyeth, Houghton, W. C. Forbes, X. H. Price, and Kennard.

$6,098,125 FOR SCHOOLS.

Brooklyn Gets the Largest Share, and Richmond the Smallest.

The Board of Estimate approved yesterday that part of the corporate stock budget providing for $6,098,125 for building fourteen new schools and nine additions to schools already built, as well as for the acquiring of sites for eight new schools to be built later.

Brooklyn's share of the money is $2,701,700 for seven new schools, three additions, and two new sites.

The Bronx gets $1,254,950 for four new schools, four additions, and two new sites.

Queens gets $751,823 for two new schools and three new sites.

Manhattan's share is $432,850 for one new school and one addition.

Richmond gets $161,800 for one addition and one new site.

Capt. Greenhut Going to Gettysburg.

Capt. J. B. Greenhut, President of the Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Company, will return to New York on next Saturday on the steamship Amerika. He has cut short his European trip this year in order to be present at the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg. He will represent the State of Illinois, having been commissioned to do so by ex-Gov. Deneen of that State.

PEDDLER INHERITS $150,000.

Hill Had Never Heard of Uncle to Whose Fortune He Is Sole Heir.

Frederick Hill, 31 years old, a celery peddler in the streets of Harlem, has inherited cash and real estate to the amount of $150,000 from an uncle of whom he had never heard, according to a statement made by him last night. For several years Hill has lived in a room back of Meyer & Schneiderwind's saloon, on the northwest corner of 126th Street and Morningside Avenue.

Hill says he received a communication from the Surrogates' office in New City, N. Y., where his uncle lived, stating that the Surrogate had been searching for him since early in May, 1912. The uncle, William Reid, was 81 years old when he was killed, on April 28, 1912, while a spectator at a motor cycle race in New City. He was a well-known figure in Haverstraw and Nyack, and owned the New City race track. Hill is the only living relative.

According to the peddler's story, he was born in Manhattan, and after the death of his mother was placed, at the age of 5 years, in the Five Points Mission, a charity organization, at 155 Worth Street. His father died soon afterward, and when he was 10 years old the society sent him West to a farm. He remained there for ten years. Then he came back East, and, finding no steady employment, started his celery business. He has been at it ever since.

His uncle's estate, Hill says, consists of property in Haverstraw, Nyack, White Plains, and New York City. When asked what he was going to do with his inheritance he replied that he was going to put it in the hands of a trust company and continue selling celery until he thought himself able to control it.

All-Water Service to Boston.

The Metropolitan Line of steamships has begun its Summer service by the "all-water" route from New York to Boston with the steamers Bunker Hill and Massachusetts, which burn oil fuel and are equipped with wireless and submarine signal apparatus. From now until September they will leave Pier 14, North River, daily at 5 P. M., including Sundays, and arrive in Boston at 8 A. M.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Our clothes daily prove to hundreds of satisfied men that we give the utmost in woolens, style, fit and value.

We can gratify your sense of economy just now—many of our best patterns and styles in Sack Suits have had their prices readjusted.

Special values in Men's Summer Mixture Sack Suits Reduced to $25.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue

SUBWAY AT THE DOOR—ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY

Closing hours: 5 p. m.; 12 noon on Saturdays

B. Altman & Co.

are offering, at Special prices, a large assortment of

Women's Separate Skirts

for Sport and Outing Wear, including White Serges and Flannels, Shepherd's Checks, etc.

B. Altman & Co.

will hold this day (Friday), and until noon to-morrow (Saturday),

A Sale of Men's Furnishings

consisting of Men's Raincoats, Motor Dust Coats and Negligee Shirts, at unusually attractive prices, as follows:

Men's English Raincoats, regular prices $20.00 & 22.00 . . . at $9.50

Men's Motor Dust Coats, of Natural Linen or Gray Mohair, special at $4.00

Men's Negligee Shirts, with soft or stiff cuffs, of Madras or Mercerized materials, regular prices $1.50 & 1.75 at $1.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

Mr. Winston Churchill's *New Novel*

The Inside of the Cup

is "The author's greatest and most brilliant achievement. The stage-setting and actors are typical of well-to-do society in any of our large cities. There is a love-story extremely well told, with fine characterizations. Eldon Parr, the big financier, will rival Jethro Bass, the political boss in Coniston."

Illustrated, $1.50 net. At All Bookstores.

Miss S. C. Nethersole's *New Novel*

WILSAM

is "A story of unusual quality. Few of the recent novels—in fact, few of the novels of a span of years, are so well worth reading. It is the chief merit of the book that the reader is given to a remarkable degree a feeling of having laid hold upon real life."

Cloth, $1.35 net. At All Bookstores.

The Macmillan Company, Publishers, New York

MEN! **Macy's** MEN!

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

To-day and To-morrow, Two Days of Great Savings for Men

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S SUMMER SUITS

$17.25 — *Macy's Prices were $22.50, $24.75 and $27.50* — $17.25

These Suits were made especially for R. H. Macy & Co. by one of the best manufacturers in the country.

In cut, fit, finish and material they are better than the average $30.00 Suit Elsewhere.

The materials are fancy mixed cassimeres, unfinished worsteds, soft finish flannels, homespuns, Oxford and gray vicuna. Some have the popular black and white pencil stripes.

Choice of three models—the English 3-button sack with soft rolling lapels, and a more conservative style with natural shoulders on the English Norfolk style.

Finer qualities up to Macy's best at $38.50. Elsewhere $50.00. Fifth Floor, Broadway.

$5.00 OUTING TROUSERS, $3.75

Of fine white flannel.

Built with the smartest and most fashionable straight-line taper, and finished with cuffs and belt loops.

Just the thing for the seashore, for golf, for tennis, or for the Boardwalk.

Finer qualities up to $4.75. Fifth Floor, their Way.

MEN'S $5.50 & $6.00 SHOES, $3.89

LOW SHOES, cut upon an English last with receding toe, broad low heel, and close-trimmed welts. In dark tan "Russia" calf.

HIGH SHOES, cut upon a straight, close-trimmed model, and made of fine black domino calf.

THE INVISIBLE EYELETS are a distinguishing feature in both high and low shoes.

Finer qualities up to Macy's best at $6.94. Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

$2.00 STRAW HATS, $1.39

Some by Harvey & Simpson, of England, some American-made Sennits, Split Straws, and "Milans."

Choice of six distinct models, varying in depth of crown, width of brim, proportion, and breadth of band. Some with pencil curl brim.

Finer qualities up to the finest imported Split Straws, at $4.49. Elsewhere $1.00 more. Fifth Floor, 34th St.

MEN'S $1.50 & $2.50 SOFT SHIRTS for SUMMER

SOFT SHIRTS made in coat style with soft double "French" cuffs. All sizes from 13½ to 18, and sleeve lengths 33, 34 and 35.

Made of soft mercerized silky weaves, in crepe weaves, in pongee cloth with "Russian" cords, and in satin and candy stripe effects.

Finished with all the attention to detail that distinguishes Shirts costing double the money.

$1.14

PLEATED AND PLAIN SHIRTS—Made on the Macy specifications, and therefore perfect in fit. All sizes from 14 to 18, and sleeve lengths 35 and 36.

Made of percale and woven madras in staple patterns and designs. Blue, tan, gray, helio and black stripes on light grounds. Plenty of white madras, pleated.

Unusually smart effects, desirable in Summer for wear when it is too hot to wear a waistcoat.

Finer qualities in Shirts up to those of Silk and Lisle, at $2.97. Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

MEN'S $1.00 BELTS, 53c

Finish and leather of really excellent quality. Black, tan, and gray in all sizes.

You will instantly see wherein these Belts differ from those advertised around town so freely as "$1.00 Belts for 65c"—or more.

We have checked up on these "elsewhere" Belts and found them worth about 50c.

Macy's are actual $1.00 Belts for 53c.

Finer qualities up to $1.44. Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

MEN'S $1.50 to $2.00 PAJAMAS, $1.04

Made of a very soft mercerized fabric, and cut according to the Macy specifications as to liberal and comfortable proportion and size.

Perfectly plain in finish and trimming, but as fine in material as Pajamas much advertised elsewhere at almost double the price.

Made in small, medium, large, and extra large sizes. Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Finer qualities up to those of fine silk, at $12.74.

MEN'S 50c CRAVATS, 28c

4 for 99c

Made of pure silk. Included are imported foulards with white grounds finely figured, navy grounds in block prints, fancy weaves and plain shades.

All made up in large open-end four-in-hand shape. In the popular and most desirable colors and effects.

Finer qualities up to those of the finest imported silks, at $3.44. The higher the price the greater the saving. Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

MEN'S $4.00 BATH ROBES, $2.69

Of excellent quality Terry Cloth, striped and jacquard figured effects, with girdle and neck cord. Colors are white on pink, blue, and helio. Finer quality, $3.39—elsewhere $5.00. Main Floor, 35th Street.

Finer qualities up to Imported Silk Robes, at $24.74.

MEN'S PURE SILK SHIRTS, $2.59

Seven hundred and fifty of them—heavy, durable, and of peculiarly fine quality. Made just like $10.00 custom shirts elsewhere, as you will note when you examine every little detail of workmanship and finish, noting particularly the inside and outside yokes.

Made in coat style and with soft double "French" cuffs, and in all neck sizes from 13½ to 17. Sleeve lengths 34 and 35.

The colorings are stripe and cluster stripe effects in tan, blue, helio, and brown, upon light and medium light grounds. Main Floor, Broadway, 35th St.

Finer qualities in Silk Shirts up to those of pure Jacquard figured silk, at $6.48.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO—SAVE

Everything for the smoker at Macy's at lower prices than anywhere else. Cigars, for instance, priced up to $6.49 for $10.00 boxes of the famous "Luis Marx."

"La Joya del Sur" Panetelas (box 100) $1.98

Reduced from Macy's usual price of $2.72. Hand-made of the finest selected Manila tobacco.

$4.00 "Mi Hogar" Especiales (50) $3.12

High grade clear Havana Cigars, made of the finest Cuban leaf.

Macy's "Isna" Cut Plug Tobacco (16 oz.) 58c

A very high grade, sweet, mellow tobacco, equal to any sold elsewhere at 75c.

"Rameses II" Cigarettes, Macy's price (100) $1.69

Rameses II Cigarettes are sold elsewhere for $2.00 per 100.

35c Hygienic "Marlborough" Pipes 21c

Bent double stem, with very ingenious and effective "nicotine trap." Flat base to bowl, so that it may be laid down without fear of overturning. Fifth Floor, 35th St.

UNDERWEAR, garment, 29c

Were 49c to 98c

A cleanup of stock. All sizes in one or more materials. Madras, nainsook, and silk-striped garments, a few cross-bar suits, and some mesh lisle knee drawers.

Men's "Perosknit" Shirts and Drawers (each) 29c

"Throw-outs," says the manufacturer, but we have inspected dozens and found no imperfections. Short-sleeved shirts and knee and ankle-length drawers.

Finer qualities up to those of silk, at $3.24 each. Main Floor, 35th St., B'way.

UNION SUITS, 98c

Were $1.49 to $1.98

Broken sizes in a wide number of styles, but every size in one or more styles. Fine cotton lisle, mercerized lisle, and Sea Island cotton.

Men's Union Suits, Were 59c to 98c 49c

Cross-bar nainsook with drop seat, and light weight "drop stitch" suits. All sizes in one or the other.

Finer qualities up to those of silk-and-lisle, at $5.94.

MEN'S 25c HOSE, 15c Main Floor, Centre.

Split sole Hose, with very elastic top, unbleached sole and low black heel, (allowing of wear with low shoes.) Of fine-combed "Maco" yarn. Some silk-pleated socks are included.

Men's $1.00 & $1.50 Silk Hose, 69c

Black and colors. Pure thread ingrain silk, medium and heavy weights. Reinforced heels, soles and toes.

MEN'S $3.00 CANES, $1.98

All very neatly trimmed and mounted in sterling silver. Bands, studs, and inlay work.

The woods, in either light or dark finish, are *Pimento, Bamboo, Malacca, Castania, Cornel, Applewood, Hazel, Partridge.*

Choice of right angle, straight, and hook (or Prince of Wales) handles, but the latter predominates.

Finer Canes, up to those with sterling silver handles, at $16.80, in specialty shops these cost $30.00. Main Floor, B'way.

MEN'S AUTOMOBILE OUTFITS

Tan Linen Dust Coats, $4.96 — Tan Linen Caps, 69c

$3.00 Driving Gloves, $1.98 — $1.00 Goggles, 69c

CHANGE IN AMERICAN POLO LINE-UP---TENNIS---GOLF.

STODDARD TO LEAD SECOND POLO GAME

Polo Association Announces the Team to Play Britishers in Match To-morrow.

L. WATERBURY BACK TO NO. 2

Change in Positions Expected to Strengthen Americans — British Captain to Use Same Players.

America will be represented in the second match for the international polo trophy to-morrow at Meadow Brook, Westbury, L. I., by the same team that finished the first contest with England last Tuesday. After J. M. Waterbury, Jr., retired with a broken finger Chairman H. L. Herbert and Secretary W. A. Hazard of the Polo Association announced the line-up of the American team after each member of the Executive Committee of the Polo Association was communicated with over the telephone, it being impossible to arrange a meetng of the committee. The American line-up will be:

No. 1, Louis E. Stoddard; No. 2, Lawrence Waterbury; No. 3, Harry Payne Whitney, (Captain); back, Devereux Milburn.

Substitutes—Rene La Montagne, R. L. Agassiz, Malcolm Stevenson, and H. S. Phipps.

The selection of Stoddard was made only after mature consideration, and Rene La Montagne was favored by several members to succeed J. M. Waterbury, Jr. LaMontague's work in practice has attracted the attention of the polo authorities, and it was not until the merits of the respective players were thoroughly discussed that Stoddard received the distinction of playing against the British team. La Montagne, however, has been placed first on the list of substitutes, and should Stoddard fail to play up to expectations he will be supplanted by La Montagne.

The selection gives general satisfaction to the followers of polo, who feel that there is little to choose between Stoddard and La Montagne, and, in view of the splendid work of L. Waterbury, Whitney, and Milburn in the first contest, there was no reason for making any change with these players. Whitney and Milburn will be seen in action in their old positions, No. 3 and back, respectively, while Waterbury is moved to No. 2, and Stoddard will lead in the attack. There is likely to be some criticism as to the wisdom of taking L. Waterbury from the position in which he has distinguished himself in past international matches, but the task of reconstructing the team made the change necessary, according to the committee.

During his polo career Stoddard has invariably played No. 1, and has been considered a splendid player for that position. In the sixth period of the first game he was unexpectedly called upon to succeed Monte Waterbury, and his errors in that period were attributed to nervousness and overanxiety to equal the splendid work of the player relieved. In the seventh and eighth periods he did everything required of him and showed his mettle in a manner that justified his selection.

In the first game Larry Waterbury showed a disposition to fall back to No. 2 position, and this fact was noticed by many who attended the game. His brilliant work there as well as in his own position convinced the Executive Committee that when assigned to No. 2 position he will be as much at home as he always has been when leading his team, and by this arrangement Stoddard can play the position he has been accustomed to. It was also stated that the real reason Larry Waterbury was played at No. 1 was to enable his brother Monte to fill the second position, the only one he was really capable of filling to his full credit.

The members of the committee did not seem to be afraid that the presence of Stoddard in the game would hurt the chances of the defenders in the second game. They pointed out the fact that he has had lots of experience, and will have Larry Waterbury to back him up. Malcolm Stevenson was also considered, but he has not shown his real form since he broke his finger in California, although up to that time he was considered by many the superior of Stoddard.

Capt. Ritson stated yesterday at Phipps Field, Westbury, that there would be no change in the line-up of the British team. It was reported that the British Captain would probably substitute F. M. Freake for Capt. Lockett, as the latter did not play up to his reputation in the first game, but this was denied by the British leader, who, however, admitted that Mr. Freake and Lord Wodehouse would both be kept in readiness to displace any player should it be considered necessary.

In spite of the overwhelming victory of the Americans in the first game, there was no overconfidence at Meadow Brook yesterday. It is expected that to-morrow's game will be a much more closely contested struggle than the first match, especially in view of the fact that after the first three periods the invaders seemed to recover from their fright and held the Americans even. It was recognized, however, that neither team on Tuesday played perfect polo, although the Medow Brook quartet showed to much greater advantage than the Britishers, and approached the perfect stage nearer than was expected. The brand of polo displayed by the Americans was good enough to win handsomely, and unless the visitors show a remarkable improvement, it is felt that the same brand will be good enough to win again to-morrow. It is, however, pointed out that the British army officers were playing on a strange field for the first time, and that an improvement can be expected with their second appearance.

The betting yesterday reflected the feeling of the followers of the game. Odds of 10 to 6 were offered on the American team, which is in striking contrast to one week ago, when the British players ruled favorites at 2 to 1. Several big wagers are reported to have changed hands at 10 to 7 and 10 to 6.

Stoddard did not practice yesterday, but Larry Waterbury, Capt. Whitney, and Milburn indulged in exercise on field No. 3 at Meadow Brook. They rode a number of the ponies and galloped all over the field, knocking the ball around, and practicing long strokes. Milburn was particularly effective in his strokes.

The British players divided their forces on Phipps Field and played a regular eight-period game. The Red team consisted of No. 1, Capt. Cheape; No. 2, F. M. Freake; No. 3, Capt. Edwards, and back, Howard Phipps. The White team comprised J. S. Phipps, Rene La Montagne, Capt. Ritson, and Capt. Lockett in the order named. The line-up was arranged in order to try Freake at No. 2 and give Capts. Ritson and Lockett stiff opposition in the game. La Montagne fell in the fifth period, but was unhurt, and T. Le Boutellier displaced him. In the fourth period Lord Wodehouse played back on the Red team in place of Howard Phipps. W. G. Straight, Carlton Burke of San Francisco, and W. Goadby Loew each played one period at No. 1 on the White team.

The playing was excellent, but of a rather informal character, and no time was taken for the goals. The ponies showed good speed and did not appear to be affected by Tuesday's hard game. Capt. Cheape and La Montagne each made two goals, while J. S. Phipps, Capt. Edwards, Capt. Lockett, Capt. Ritson, Lord Wodehouse, and Mr. Freake each tallied once.

After the contest the American players who had taken part in the match with the Britishers organized two teams, but no score was announced. The two teams played until darkness stopped the game. It is not likely that any of the international players will get into a game to-day.

SYRACUSE CREWS ARRIVE.

Delay of Coaching Launch Handicaps Teneyck in Drilling Oarsmen.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 12.—A break in the canal lock at Schenectady has tied up the coaching launch of the Syracuse University crews, which arrived at their training camp here this afternoon. Two of the coxswains are with the boat, which it is feared will be delayed for several days. The Orange crews boated their shells for their first row on the Hudson a few hours after their arrival. Coach Teneyck could not follow his navy, but sent them for a limbering up paddle of about four miles. The oarsmen are in good condition, and the boating orders are intact without further change than one in the freshman eight, necessitated by the absence of Stroke Glass until the first of the week. He is in the West at the funeral of his brother.

The first real time trials among the crews were held in the morning practice. The University of Pennsylvania 'Varsity went down over the course in the morning in 19:50. This is the first time since coming to Poughkeepsie with his crews that Coach Ellis Ward has officially given out the time that his crew made. Considering the fact that Garvin, at No. 5 in the 'Varsity, and Madeira, at bow, are both out of the boat and substitutes taking their places, and Capt. Alexander has a very weak ankle, this is exceptionally good time, and has encouraged Coach Ward.

The Wisconsin and Cornell crews both went over the course in the morning. The badgers were rowing against the watch, but Coach Courtney said that his eight was not rowing a time trial in spite of the fact that they were rowing at a good clip. The Columbia crews arranged to row over the course in the morning, but when they reached the two-mile mark Coach Rice thought it was too hot, and turned the crews back to the boathouse. The freshman eight is rowing in the order chosen by Coach Rice yesterday.

The University of Washington crew took a long row down stream in the afternoon, and then doubled back on their course and rowed well up stream with the tide, taking in all about a twelve-mile row. The eight is going in good shape, and the men are getting their tremendous power into their stroke. The four has managed to get in more practice of late owing to their rowing early in the forenoon before Coach Courtney is ready to use the shell which he has loaned them each day.

Harvard 'Varsity Beats Freshmen.

RED TOP, Conn., June 12.—The Harvard 'Varsity eight defeated the freshman eight in a two-mile race on the Thames to-night. No time was given out. The freshmen held the lead until the last half mile, when the 'Varsity boat forged ahead. Upon invitation of the Harvard management, the Yale oarsmen followed the crews in launches. Meyer of the 'Varsity four, who has been away for several days because of slight illness, is expected back to-morrow.

"MET" WOMEN DEFEATED.

Philadelphia Team Wins Singles and Foursomes in Tri-City Golf.

WEST NEWTON, Mass., June 12.—It was with little difficulty that the Philadelphia women golfers triumphed over the representatives of the Metropolitan Association in the first of the three matches for the Griscom Tri-City Cup.

The Quakeresses won the singles in the forenoon, 12 matches to 3, and followed this victory in the afternoon by taking all six matches in the foursomes event.

The Metropolitan Association was handicapped by not having Miss Marion Hollins, the new champion; Miss Lillia B. Hyde, and several other of the stronger players. They put up a fine fight, however, and Miss Georgianna M. Bishop of Brooklawn, who captained the team, defeated Mrs. R. H. Barlow, the Philadelphia leader and yesterday's winner of the Eastern championship.

Before starting the Griscom Cup play the Women's Eastern Golf Association re-elected the former officers and decided to reduce the championship test from 54 to 36 holes medal play. The championship next year will be played on some New York links.

Under the rules the losers of to-day's match will meet Boston to-morrow. The summary:

SINGLES.

PHILADELPHIA.		NEW YORK.	
Mrs. Barlow	0	Miss Bishop	1
Mrs. Vanderbeck	1	Mrs. Swift	0
Miss McNeely	1	Mrs. Rogers	0
Miss Noblit	1	Mrs. Rossin	0
Miss Griscom	1	Mrs. Krug	0
Mrs. Fitler	0	Mrs. Cahn	1
Miss Caverly	1	Mrs. Rendigs	0
Miss Chandler	1	Mrs. Chilvers	0
Miss Hood	1	Miss Krug	0
Miss Campbell	0	Mrs. Patterson	1
Miss Davis	1	Miss Pickhardt	0
Mrs. Herold	1	Mrs. Ryan	0
Miss Davis	1	Mrs. Enos	0
Mrs. Work	1	Miss Pickhardt	0
Mrs. Akeroyd	1	By default	0
Total	12	Total	3

Foursomes.—Barlow and Noblit beat Bishop and Rogers, 3 and 2; McNeely and Vanderbeck beat Swift and Mrs. Krug, 3 and 1; Griscom and Chandler beat Rendigs and Cahn, 6 and 4; Caverly and Campbell beat Rossin and Ryan, 1 up, 21 holes; Herold and A. Davis beat Miss Krug and E. Pickhardt, 3 and 2; Akeroyd and C. Davis beat Chilvers and Enos, 2 and 1.

SLEEPY HOLLOW GOLF.

B. S. Bottome of Fox Hills Leader in Qualification Round.

Leading a field of more than fifty golfers, B. S. Bottome of Fox Hills, won the medal in the qualifying round of the first invitation tournament over the links of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club yesterday with a card of 39—40—79. The fact that the links has been in commission scarcely a year and that it has not been fully developed as yet accounts for the general high scores. In fact, Bottome was the only one who was able to get under the 80 mark, for the second man on the list was W. E. Conklyn of Dunwoodie, who returned an 81. The scores:

First Sixteen.—B. S. Bottome, Fox Hills, 79; W. E. Conklyn, Dunwoodie, 81; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 86; A. P. Palmer, Fox Hills, 87; Charles H. Brown, St. Andrews, 88; Gilman P. Tiffany, Powelton, 88; Archie M. Reid, St. Andrews, 89; Lee W. Maxwell, Scarsdale, 89; J. M. Rhett, Sleepy Hollow, 89; Henry V. Gaines, Wykagyl, 89; G. B. Adams, National, 89; A. H. Johnson, Sleepy Hollow, 91; B. T. Allen, Fox Hills, 92; E. L. Rhett, Sleepy Hollow, 93; E. Maurie Posey, Fox Hills, 94; C. G. Comstock, Jr., Columbia, 95.

Second Sixteen.—F. B. Barrett, Fox Hills, 96; S. A. Cunningham, Englewood, 97; C. A. Conlan, Sleepy Hollow, 97; J. A. Stillman, Sleepy Hollow, 98; J. H. Choate, Jr., Bedford, 99; G. A. Dixon, Shinnecock, 100; A. W. Lawrence, Lawrence Park, 100; L. S. Kerr, Garden City, 101; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 101; C. deR. Moore, Garden City, 102; Charles Cooper, Oakland, 103; D. Brandreth, Royal Liverpool, 103; Oliver C. Macy, Sleepy Hollow, 103; Elliott H. Downes, Columbia, 103; Harry E. Hayes, Sleepy Hollow, 103.

Middle States Tennis at Orange.

The twenty-ninth annual tournament for the championships of the Middle States, open to all comers, will be held under the auspices of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association on the turf courts of the Orange Lawn Tennis Club, South Orange, N. J., commencing June 23. The events include gentlemen's singles and doubles, and ladies' singles in which there are challenge cups, and a mixed doubles for which first prizes have been offered. Owing to the departure of Wallace F. Johnson, holder of the singles title and Harold H. Hackett, who with Kyle H. Mahan, shares the title in the doubles, to England with the American team, there will be no challenge rounds in the singles and doubles at the tournament. Mrs. C. M. Beard will defend her title in the ladies' singles. Entries should be sent to George H. Miles, 378 Turrell Avenue, South Orange, N. J., or 45 Pine Street, New York City, on or before Saturday, June 21. The grounds may be reached by ferry from the foot of West Twenty-third Street, Christopehr and Barclay Streets, or by Hudson Tunnel, thence over the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad to Mountain Station, N. J. The Tournament Committee consists of Stewart Brown, Chairman; Holcomb Ward, C. F. Watson, Jr., George H. Miles, W. A. Phillips, William Barr, Howard McCabe, Graham H. Brewer, John J. Boyd, Francis D. Bartow, E. S. Sanford, Jr., Montgomery Ogden, and L. M. Watkins.

EXPECT AMERICA TO WIN DAVIS CUP

Australian Players Predict Victory for McLoughlin, Williams, and Hackett.

The American and Australian tennis players, who recently competed in the Davis Cup preliminaries on the West Side Tennis Club courts, sailed yesterday for Liverpool on the White Star liner Baltic. The American team comprised Maurice E. McLoughlin of San Francisco, the national singles champion; R. Norris Williams of Philadelphia, and Harold H. Hackett of New York, and the Australian contingent consisted of Capt. Stanley R. Doust, Horace M. Rice, A. Booth Jones, and Manager E. W. Hicks. All the players were in good shape except Jones, the Australian, who is suffering from an attack of tonsilities, and was assisted aboard the steamer.

According to the Australian players, America has a good chance to bring back the Davis Cup. Rice was particularly emphatic in his declaration that the Americans would not only survive the rounds against Germany and the winner of the lower half, but also win from England in the deciding round. He said the aggressiveness of their attack and the accuracy of their shots, together with their remarkable speed of service, would prove the undoing of their opponents both in singles and doubles. He expressed the opinion that the inclusion of Wallace F. Johnson would help the invaders.

"There is no question about the quality of tennis the Americans play," said Rice before sailing. "It must not be considered that because they defeated our team they will win on the other side, but I base my opinion on the knowledge of their play and the strength of the English and European players. Of course, it will be no walkover, as the team that won from us will play the strongest men on the other side. It was a good move to send the four players to England for the championships, as it will prove splendid preliminary practice for them. It is hardly likely that the climate will affect them.

"We cannot speak too highly of the treatment we received in this country, and we regret the necessity that compels us to leave such magnificent hospitality. One thing, however, I would like to mention, and that is I think our game in the cup matches was stronger than the score indicated or the public realizes. We had rather hard luck in several shots that might have changed the result of at least two of the sets and one match. This, however, is not intended as a reflection on the play of the Americans, who beat us fairly and honestly."

The remarks of Rice were indorsed by Capt. Doust, who added that had Jones been in proper shape the team would probably have made a better showing. He predicted success for the Americans in Europe and expressed his thanks for the courteous treatment the members of his team had received in the United States.

McLoughlin said that he was in good shape, weighing 165 pounds, his best playing weight. Harold H. Hackett, the Captain of the American team, said: "The English may have a slight advantage over us because they have an earlier season than we do and get into their best form around July 1. However, we can all hustle and hope for the best."

Young Williams was as usual very modest and said: "We will have a tough argument to win, but we have confidence, and that will go a long way in helping us bring back the cup."

During the trip a net will be stretched on the main deck of the boat and the players will practice all the way across in volleying, there being no room on the deck for regulation games, but ample space for service and pick-up work. Hackett and Williams are anxious to get the benefit of receiving from McLoughlin, whose terrific serves caused the downfall of the Australians in the singles.

Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia, the fourth member of the American team, sailed on Tuesday on the steamship Kronprinzessen Cecile, and will join McLoughlin, Hackett, and Williams in London upon the arrival of the latter. The four players will practice at Wimbledon, near London, for the all-England championship tournament, which begins June 23. The Americans will then go to Wiesbaden to play the German representatives in the clay courts at that place. The preliminary match between the winners of the America-Germany and Belgium-Canada-South Africa at Wimbledon, about July 25, 27, and 28.

TENNIS FINALS REACHED.

Miss Wildey and Miss Green Will Be Opponents in National Tourney.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—Miss Edna Wildey of Plainfield, N. J., and Miss Dorothy Green of Philadelphia were the winners in the semi-final round of the Championship singles in the Women's National Lawn Tennis Tournament to-day at St. Martin's. They will play in the final round to-morrow and the winner will oppose Miss Mary Brown of Los Angeles in the challenge round for the championship.

Mrs. Robert Williams of Boston, the Metropolitan champion, was defeated by Miss Green in two hard-fought sets, 7—5, 6—3, while Miss Wildey won from Mrs. A. J. Drexel Paul of Philadelphia, 6—1, 6—2.

In the third round of the championship doubles, Miss Wildey and Miss Green defeated Miss Kennedy and Miss Baker, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Dorothy Disston and Miss Alexander defeated Miss L. Disston and Miss Rodgers, 6—4, 6—3; Mrs. Williams and Miss Brown defeated Mrs. Paul and Miss C. A. Biddle, 6—4, 6—3; Mrs. Dixon and Mrs. Sands defeated Mrs. E. Krumbhaar and Mrs. H. Krumbhaar, 1—6, 6—4, 6—3.

In the mixed doubles, second round, Miss White and R. Evans, Jr., defeated Miss D. Disston and C. B. Fraley, 7—9, 6—1, 6—4; Miss Mary Brown and W. T. Tilden, Jr., defeated Mrs. A. J. D. Paul and H. A. Sands, 4—6, 6—0, 6—2; Miss Baker and A. E. Kennedy, Jr., defeated Mrs. H. A. Sands and W. S. Thompson, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4; Miss D. Green and C. S. Rogers defeated Mrs. C. R. Wainwright and J. R. Carpenter, Jr., 6—3, 8—6.

Tennis Tourney at Hartsdale.

The championship singles of the Country Tennis Club of Westchester at Hartsdale yesterday reached the third round, while material progress was made in the doubles and handicap singles. The draw for the women's singles and mixed doubles showed that many of the best players in the metropolitan district will play in these events. The prominent players include Miss Marie Wagner, Miss Clare Cassell, Miss M. Groves, Miss Bessie Helden, Mrs. G. F. Touchard, Miss E. P. Bunce, and Mrs. A. Lehman. The summaries:

Men's Championship Singles.—First Round—C. Jolliff defeated R. Barnum, 6—0, 6—1; S. H. Voshell defeated R. Raymond, 6—0, 6—1.

Second Round.—A. J. Osterdorf defeated C. Jolliff, 3—6, 6—3, 6—0; S. H. Voshell defeated Fred Fox, 6—3, 6—4; A. Bassford defeated G. B. Raymond, 6—0, 6—0.

Third Round.—A. Bassford defeated B. Howle, 6—0, 6—2.

Handicap Singles.—First Round—R. M. Beckley defeated A. Hoe, 6—4, 6—3; J. C. Fox defeated G. B. Raymond, 7—5, 6—2; F. B. Baker defeated F. P. Hackley, 3—6, 6—3, 6—0; H. B. Hunnewell defeated P. C. Miller, 2—6, 6—4, 7—5.

Men's Doubles, Championship.—First Round—F. C. Baggs and S. H. Voshell defeated E. Ostendorf and H. Skinner by default; M. M. Galvao and C. Jolliff defeated R. L. Baggs and A. Bassford, 6—4, 6—4; J. P. Paret and F. Fox defeated S. B. Lyon and A. M. Whitehall, 6—3, 6—2.

Second Round.—A. J. Ostendorf and J. H. Steinkamp defeated G. Miller and J. B. Stoddard, 6—2, 6—1; F. C. Baggs and S. H. Voshell defeated F. R. Downs and V. Treat, 6—4, 8—6.

Other sports on Page 10.

TOCSAM FINISHES RACE

But Is Placed Third to Dream and After Barbara II. in Run to Bermuda

HAMILTON, Bermuda, June 12.—According to unofficial computations, the Dream, the smallest of the contestants, owned by Charles L. Lagen of the Yachtsmen's Club, is the winner of the motor boat race from Philadelphia to Bermuda; the Barbara II. is second, and the Tocsam third.

The Dream crossed the line at 5 minutes to 5 o'clock last evening, 13 hours 29 minutes 40 seconds after the arrival of the Barbara II., the scratch boat, and thus, with her time allowance of 16 hours 44 minutes 36 seconds, had 3 hours 14 minutes 56 seconds to spare.

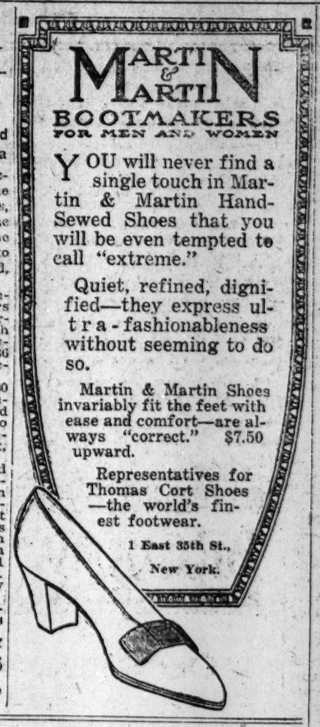
The Tocsam, which arrived at 4:30 this morning, had only 13 hours 6 minutes 36 seconds time allowance, and therefore, as she arrived, according to unofficial computation, 25 hours 4 minutes 40 seconds after the scratch boat, she was out of the race.

The skipper of the Tocsam reported on mooring that the boat had encountered bad weather on Sunday, when there was a heavy rainstorm, with thunder and lightning. She hove down past Bermuda on Tuesday, and got 180 miles east by north, when she hove to with a sea anchor. The skipper got the sun at noon, and then started again at 1 P. M., and made direct for Hamilton. The little boat behaved splendidly throughout the voyage.

The actual distance between Philadelphia and Hamilton is calculated as 734 nautical miles.

The Barbara II. was the biggest of the contestants, being 51 feet in length, whereas the Dream measured only 40 feet, and the Tocsam 45 feet.

The Dream was also the winner of the race last year.



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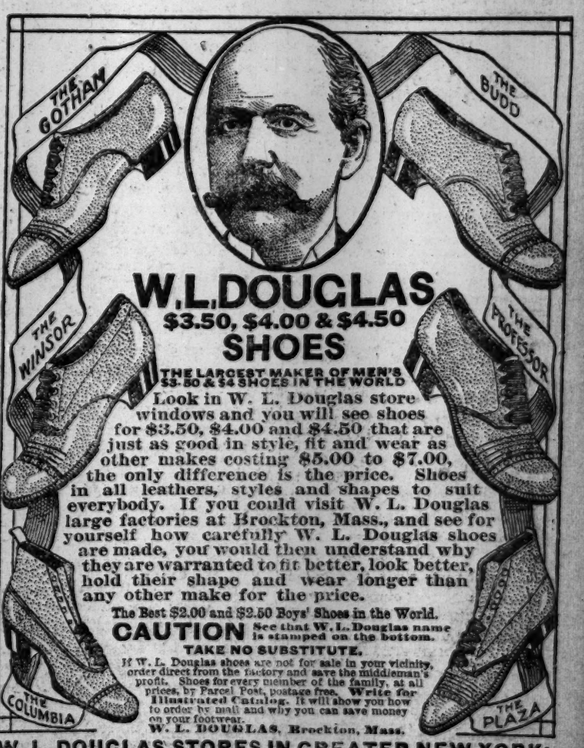

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1913.

EMERGENCY CURRENCY.

The reassuring value of Secretary McADOO's announcement that currency will be freely issued under the Aldrich-Vreeland act should the emergency arise, is very great. It removes from men's minds definitely the fear that the demands of the crop-moving season this Fall may produce a currency famine and money rates high enough to cause business disturbance. It was well worth while to take away from the pessimists the basis of dire predictions on that score. It is not felt that there is any present need for the issue of emergency currency. The money rate, though not low and rather firmly maintained, is not high enough to yield a profit on issues under the Aldrich-Vreeland act, taxed as they would be at 5 per cent. for the first month, increasing at the rate of 1 per cent. for each month thereafter. But the bankers know, and, what is more important, the country at large knows, that there will be no financial trouble this Fall through lack of the medium of exchange.

It is not, indeed, the lack of currency either present or prospective that has caused uneasiness or apprehension. Of the circulating medium we have an abundance, a maximum. It is accumulating in the banks in the form of surplus reserves. Need is rather for reserve money, but above all, as Mr. SCHIFF pointed out the other day, of a more ample supply of accumulated capital. The enormous demands upon capital for public uses, its destruction in the Balkan war, and the hesitating attitude of investors, amounting to actual timidity, have made it difficult for borrowers, notably for corporations and even for States and cities, to secure needed funds. In the present condition of the European money market we can hope for no aid from that quarter. That was one of the reasons, no doubt, which prompted Mr. McADOO to issue his statement.

We should not add to our stock of capital by issuing emergency currency, but as a temporary expedient, to which, in fact, we may not have to resort, it would serve to avert or tide over a period of stress until investment conditions become easier through the operation of natural causes. The country cannot afford to let States and cities fail in their attempts to issue bonds or in their refunding operations, it cannot afford to let the reasonable, much less the urgent, demands of railroad and other corporations go unsatisfied. Disturbing incidents of that nature by checking the activity of business and industry would put off the coming of the time when fresh accumulations of capital and restored confidence will bring the natural relief.

Were the bankers of the country less experienced and wise, there would be some fear that the provisions of the Aldrich-Vreeland act might be availed of too freely, with a resulting inflation that would bring on a craze for speculative ventures. That would be worse even than a currency famine. But the conservatism of the country's bankers will be a safeguard against those evils. The banks might at any time exercise their right to take out and issue this form of currency, but in present conditions they would have been little likely to exercise the privilege. Secretary McADOO's statement has called the attention of the whole country to the means of relief at hand, should need arise. It was justified by the reassuring effect the notice has had in financial communities and upon the country at large.

A PARK AT FORT GEORGE.

The proposal to make a city park on the Fort George site lately devastated by fire is supported by many residents of its neighborhood and opposed by others who believe that part of the city needs more schools rather than more parks. The establishment of a pleasure ground on that site, however, appeals powerfully to the imagination. Not an ornamental landscape garden, but a park for sports of all kinds, well controlled, and free from the reproach which always rested on the resort which has been destroyed, would be of genuine value to the community. In such a park intoxicants would not be sold, and rowdyism would not be tolerated. Such a park, well conducted, would be a benefit to the neighborhood, and would improve property values instead of injuring them.

The city may not be able to buy the land outright at present, but as the property owners nearest to the site favor the park plan, it is likely that some satisfactory arrangement can be made to carry it out in the future.

RUMORS FROM MEXICO.

The various juntas are exceptionally busy now in the manufacture of Mexican news. Confirmation is lacking of the reported fall of Zacatecas and of various rebel victories elsewhere. As a matter of fact the rebels in the north are engaged in guerrilla warfare, living on the country, lacking military organization, gaining few real victories, and unable to follow up those they gain. They can tear up railroad tracks and burn bridges, and they have placed such an embargo on trade in the republic that some years of hard labor will be required when peace is restored to put affairs on a sound footing. But there is no other Mexican in power to-day with the personal force and executive capacity of Gen. HUERTA, and, as he now has money and credit, he should be able to place more troops in the field, north and south of the Federal District, to suppress the various rebellions.

The fact that he now has this advantage accounts for the increase in the rumors of rebel activity. The only hope for Mexico at present lies in HUERTA. All American residents know this. All Americans who have business investments in Mexico are hoping that he will succeed; if he fails the state of unrest which has lasted now for nearly three years will be prolonged indefinitely.

RAILWAY COMBINATIONS.

It is an easier matter to unscramble interlocking ownerships of railways than of industrials. After a few years of operation of industrial plants in combination they are a new thing, and no longer a joinder of old things. But railways lend themselves to fresh combinations with almost the original facility. It was declared in court yesterday that the separation of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific already was as complete as it could be, even before their ownerships were separated. As to this an interesting and novel suggestion was made—that the Pennsylvania should take over some $38,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock, paying Union Pacific in exchange some $41,821,000 of Baltimore & Ohio now owned by the Pennsylvania and its subsidiaries. The basis of the exchange would be on the market values respectively, but the shares would not be thrown on the market.

The motive of the exchange is obvious. It lessens and simplifies Union Pacific's problem in disposing of its unwieldy total of $126,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock, without creating a new problem in massing the control in a new ownership. And it relieves Pennsylvania from fear of an embarrassment resembling Union Pacific's ownership of a competitive property. It is true that the Pennsylvania and the Southern Pacific systems are too far separated to admit of a direct exchange of traffic now, but connections can be found, no doubt. In any case business can be routed toward each other in a manner to reach the lines desired under the Inter-State Commission's power to compel exchange of facilities, if any reluctance should develop. This is the real reason for the ability to make the exchange of investments. The ownerships were acquired in order to restore peace in the railway world, by giving power of control. That reason no longer exists in its old force, and now there seems an opportunity to consolidate present traffic combinations, and to use the same resources to establish new ones.

There is no trace of desire or ability to combine to oppress the shipper. That difficult person is well served, will be better served, and is quite as well protected officially as the railways. The exchange would not unite competing lines; in each case an extension of lines would result. There would seem no reason why the combination should be opposed, unless there is a perverse wish that the railways should be obstructed in earning money by serving the public. If there is such a desire it ought not to be controlling. That the Government counsel should wish an opportunity for investigation is natural, and any reasons discovered to the contrary would be considered on their merits. It is obvious, however, that a persistent veto of all suggestions would result eventually in leaving the problem to the Government, and impose upon it an initiative which might be embarrassing, and a responsibility which it cannot desire.

HASTENING THE CANAL OPENING.

Whether the waters of the two oceans shall be at once turned into the Panama Canal with a view to completing the work of excavation in the Culebra Cut by suction dredges instead of by steam shovels is primarily a question of engineering. It is said that the slide material can be removed much more rapidly and more cheaply by suction dredges than by the present method, so that if the water is admitted now and this method adopted a much earlier date could be fixed for the opening of the canal to traffic. The impression that there may be opposition to Col. GOETHALS's plan for the immediate admission of water on the part of some of those engaged in the work, who thus would soon be deprived of their occupation, does not call, of course, for serious notice. The loyal spirit of devotion to the great undertaking, to the Government, and to the interests of the people who will pay the bill is manifest throughout the whole force engaged upon the Canal; exceptions here and there do not count.

But whatever may be determined as to the relative merits of steam shovels and suction dredges, one thing is clear, the chief thing, the greatest thing—that Col. GOETHALS and the army officers who have been in charge of the various branches of the work must be left to complete it undisturbed by personal intrigue and free from political interference. The Administration, we take it, understands very well that the American people demand this, that they will be satisfied with nothing less, and that to follow any other course would be to embark upon a sea of perils. For this reason we hope it may be assumed that the notice said to have been issued to the officers at the Isthmus relieving them of duty there was a matter of form only, to become effective only when the Canal is finished.

The manner in which the construction work has proceeded, under the directing mind of Col. GOETHALS, has commanded the admiration and excited the wonder of all competent observers. It is the very highest expression of efficiency. To those who have been eye-witnesses of the multitude of processes by which the work advances, of the building of the great Gatun Dam, of lock construction, and the endless procession of trains loaded with spoil moving out of the cut side by side with other endless processions of returning empty cars, it has seemed as if these operations, wonderfully complex and no less wonderfully smooth in their workings, were like the motions of the members of the solar system, all obeying a primary impulse under a comprehensive law. There has been nothing like it in the history of the world, and to disturb this matchless system now by any interference from without would be an act of hardihood and of folly. The Canal must go to completion in charge of the extraordinary men who have so nearly prepared it for the commerce of the world.

SEQUELS TO THE BALKAN WAR.

The spirit of savagery is still uppermost, it seems, among the people who were victorious in the Balkan war and those who were defeated as well. There have been bloody battles between Servians and Bulgarians lately, and although the Governments of both countries have now agreed to accept Russian arbitration of the boundary questions which are in dispute, yet the danger of outbreaks along the border is not eliminated. The demobilization of three-fourths of the armies of both countries, proposed in an official note from Belgrade to Sofia, is a wise plan, indicating that the Servian Government is anxious for peace; but the war habit has grown upon the Balkan peoples. Serbs fought for Servia, Montenegrins for their own country, and Bulgars for theirs in the fierce contest with the Turks, and they have not yet absorbed the idea of a Balkan empire or league, with the various peoples living in harmony and working for their common advancement and protection.

In conquered and dismembered Turkey the situation is terrible. The assassination of CHEFKET Pasha was a foregone conclusion. The Turks, as the Constantinople correspondent of THE TIMES noted in his wireless dispatches yesterday, "have a lot of accounts to settle" and they have one historic way of settling such accounts. CHEFKET himself seems to have courted death, and to have been certain that his days were numbered, since the killing of NAZIM Bey in January. He refused to take any precautions to save his life, and accepted his fate with the calmness of a true Mohammedan. It is not unlikely that there will be other reprisals. The outlook in Turkey is dark; the end of the great war has not brought peace.

THE POLO GAMES.

Expert opinion is by no means sure that to-morrow's polo game at Meadow Brook will finish the international match and decide the ownership of the trophy for the next two years. It is conceded that while the Englishmen played in some of the periods on Tuesday polo of the highest quality there were errors in their playing at other points which are not likely to be repeated Saturday. On the other hand the placing of Mr. STODDARD as No. 1 in the American team, with Mr. LAWRENCE WATERBURY as No. 2, a position in which he does his best work, justifies expectations for the most brilliant playing on our side. The Americans will certainly have the advantage of the remembrance of one notable if rather unexpected victory to encourage them.

In England there are indications of a certain disposition to attribute the defeat of the national team to some other cause than inferior play. "Lack of practice" is the reason The London Times finds for it. The English soldiers did not have sufficient opportunity to practice against the American temperament. That is a pity. But if it is true, the American players also missed the opportunity of practicing against the English temperament. These two wrongs ought, paradoxically, to constitute something like a right. In England a third game is confidently expected. In the circumstances we shall not be sorry if the expectations are realized. In the matter of temperaments then honors ought to be easy.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Mysterious Case of Suicide.

To the rather numerous people in the world who have less than $10,000,000, or at any rate to most of them., it will seem strange indeed that a husband and wife possessed of that much wealth found life so uninteresting, so little worth while, that they went quietly into a room together, locked the door, turned on the gas, and died. Yet that is the explanation given for the double suicide in which EUGENE MAGGI, described as the richest citizen of Switzerland, figured this week.

To make the tale the more amazing, the two were in the very prime of life, he being only 41 years old and she six years younger. There is no mention of ill-health on the part of either to serve as explanation, but they did have one grievance against fate—childlessness—over which they had long brooded sorrowfully. That was serious for them, evidently, since they had let it be known as a cause of discontent, but that it alone should have weighed so heavily upon them is with difficulty credible in these days when a considerable fraction of current literature consists of denunciations of race suicide, so called, especially in the very class to which the MAGGIS belonged. Certainly their one known woe is commonly endured, these days, with a composure that makes their despair, if thus caused, darkly mysterious.

And what could have been their education, what their knowledge of life, of the world's needs, of the pleasures good and bad, high and low, all at the command of the possessors of a great fortune, that they should have found the tedium of their days so soon intolerable? Was it because they were in a way excluded from the hotel keeping which seems to be the natural utilization of Swiss enterprise and ambition? That is a theory too cynical for acceptance, and, besides, they could have shared the joys of exploiting tourists had their national "call of the wild" been really strong for them.

The inevitable conclusion is that the Maggi biographies now at hand lack what would be the most important and enlightening details. Doubtless they knew better than anybody not under their particular harrow where each tooth-point went and how it hurt, and obviously their money was no shield against the effects of what a Freudian would describe as "psychic traumata"—wounds which only an elaborate exploration of their subconsciousness would have revealed. Probably enough their incapacity for interest in life was the fault of their ancestors, near or remote. Their loneliness more than hints it.

Her Fears Are Justified.

If proof were needed that the Housman woman went away from home voluntarily, and remained away as long as she did under no compulsion except her own, it would be supplied by a single phrase in one of the letters which she wrote from her recent hiding place. "If I were to tell you," it runs, "of all the little things that got on my nerves you would laugh at me."

There is about that a "humanness" that ought to make it instantly comprehensible to everybody who knows—and who does not?—the terrible, cumulative effect of petty frets, long continued and seemingly never to stop. Minute as any one of them is, and absurd rather than painful, each as it comes has after a while more than the aggregate weight of all its predecessors. Finally the victim does something fierce or desperate that to the chance observer seems out of all proportion to its cause.

And though everybody knows this is an adequate explanation for some of his or her own emotional eruptions, everybody also knows better than to expect effective comprehension of, to say nothing of sympathy with, a tale of intolerable suffering thus caused when told by another. To all except the phenomenally sensitive hearer, such stories simply show an atrophied sense of humor, and in most cases the narrators of them receive, if lucky, only the poor consolation of ridicule, while they risk hot condemnation for having "made a lot out of nothing," as the stupid saying is. Nobody makes, or can make, much—or anything—out of nothing, that being impossible, in spite of the new notions concerning the nature of matter and the conservation of energy.

Mrs. HOUSMAN does not tell why she ran away because the "little things" that got on her nerves would excite laughter, and she knows that though little, considered, separately, they were large in the sum total.

Presumably in her case, as in so many others, the fatal mistake was in permitting the accumulation of trivial frictions. Had there been the proper reaction to each as it came, instead of a pretended ignoring of it—which is never judicious when relations are to be continuous—the molehills would not have grown to be mountains as real as any in the Himalayas. The variants of "Never mind!" and "Let it go!" though they are not wholly or always bad advice, are far more dangerous as a settled policy or philosophy than is a determination, even irascible, to argue everything out at once to some sort of a conclusion.

A Difficult Task For the Law.

As latest suggestion for increasing the supply—and thereby decreasing the cost—of beef, the Washington Chamber of Commerce proposes the passage by Congress of a law forbidding the slaughter of calves!

Such a statute is said to exist, and to be enforced, in Argentina as a means of keeping up the herds upon which the prosperity of the country so largely depends. The plan, consequently, cannot be dismissed for utter impracticability, as it seemingly deserves, for if it does work in one place it might in another. Still, it is extremely hard to see how a stockman can be forced to spare an animal in the death of which he sees profit of the avoidance of loss. He can, indeed, be prevented from killing it, or punished if he does, but the variants of neglect and ill-treatment are infinite, and several hundred of them are unprovable.

A court would have to be wise indeed to avoid injustice if it put a penalty on a man whenever his calves died, and he would be dull indeed if he could not plausibly plead that their death was unassisted.

VICE PRESIDENT WILSON

Should Be Included Among Poor Senators Who Won Distinction.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, Mr. Walker, who wrote in the Sunday TIMES about "Poor and Rich Senators," ought certainly not to have omitted the name of Henry Wilson of Massachusetts, who was the contemporary of Charles Sumner, and much the poorer man of the two. Born in 1812, he was apprenticed from his tenth year until his majority to a farmer. Then he earned at shoemaking money enough to carry himself through a course in the academy. But because of the failure of the man to whom his savings had been intrusted, he was obliged to go back to the bench, and thence worked his way up to the position of a prosperous manufacturer. He was known as "the Natick Cobbler."

After filling several positions in the Government of the State of Massachusetts, he was sent to the Senate of the United States in 1855, and served for three terms, until in 1873 he became Vice President, in which office he died in 1875. His history of "The Rise and Fall of the Slave Power" is likely to hold a high place in the annals of his day for all time, and it is hard to understand why his place in history can be regarded as any lower or less enduring than that of his colleague, Senator Sumner, who did belong to the blue blood of Boston, and did have all the advantages of wealth in his education, whatever may have been his later fortunes. I doubt, however, if there was ever a time when Senator Sumner could have been rightly called a poor man.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Canandaigua, N. Y., June 11, 1913.

AN AFRICAN EDUCATOR.

Dahomey's Commissioner Is Here to Study Our Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From far off Dahomey comes, in the interest of education, no less a personage than Dr. Lee, the Commissioner of Education of that land so far removed in the popular mind from education in any phase. His credentials must have been satisfactory to the Superintendent of Schools, for he has been inspecting various public schools the last few weeks. He is here to learn how to conduct a school system in his native land, and as the fame of ours has reached the uttermost ends of the earth, he counts himself fortunate in seeing them at close quarters. In several conversations with his Excellency, I never once hinted at the Hanus reports, for ignorance is bliss, and I would not make him wise at the expense of his calmness of mind and capacity to admire.

The learned visitor from the White Man's Grave in Western Africa is well worth a study personally and apart from his status as Commissioner and seeker after school methods. He is one of a tribe known as the Falashas or Black Jews—for he declares that his nation can trace its descent accurately to the beginnings of Jewish history; to make the puzzle more complete his accent is decidedly Scotch, for he ran away from his savage surroundings when he was eight years old, and spent the next twelve years in Scotch schools and colleges.

Let us hope that Dahomey will profit from his visit, and that no one will show him the Hanus reports or allude to them, and that many other schools besides Public School 5 will enjoy his illustration of savage life in the former land of the Amazons.

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, June 12, 1913.

No Sororities at Rockford.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read the article in last SUNDAY'S TIMES on the abolition of sororities at Barnard College, and the statement that Mount Holyoke is the only women's college besides Barnard which has abolished secret societies. These were abolished at Rockford College for Women, Rockford, Ill., on April 28, 1909, after a great struggle. The ultimate result has been entirely satisfactory. JULIA H. CULVER,
President Rockford College.

Rockford, Ill., June 11, 1913.

German Emperor's "Achievement."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Nicholas Murray Butler's letter in THE TIMES occurs the following sentence:

> To be hereditary ruler, monarch, of millions upon millions of highly intellectual, industrious, and ambitious people is in itself at this period of the world's history an achievement of the first magnitude. * *
>
> I am unable to see the logic of this sentence, and why the fact that Crown Prince William became King of Prussia and German Emperor "by inheritance" is an achievement in itself. L. I.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 10, 1913.

The Cause of Somnambulism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to the letter in THE TIMES on the problem of persons with somnambulistic frailties, I wish to say that in my opinion such irregularities, along with nightmares, supervene upon intestinal indigestion. A constitutional bracing walk after supper is really good for the health. As to remaining awake and getting up on the point of noon, that surely is another method.

L. M. YOUNG, M. D.

San Francisco, Cal., June 7, 1913.

THE PICNIC.

It's roses for the gentlemen an' lilies for the ladies
An' a crown o' yellow buttercups for him that plays the tune,
An' it's not a fig we're caring what the present state o' trade is,
For we're all off together for a merry day in June!

Then it's put your best foot forward an' we all are lads an' lasses
An' the robin in the poplar tree is singing "Come along!"
So it's trip, trip, trip it down the path among the grasses
An' the fiddler mustn't ever stop because he lacks a song.

Oh, the joyous wind is blowing an' the daisies they are dancing
An' they're setting an example that we'll follow very soon.
On the hill beneath the oak tree where the sprinkled sun is glancing—
It is there we'll dance as gayly to the fiddle's lilting tune.

For we've left the bitter service o' Kings Yesterday an' Morrow
An' we've pledged our word as followers o' merry King To-day,
An' all out o' doors his kingdom is an' so we're off to borrow
A little o' the happiness that makes his kingdom gay.

So it's roses for the gentlemen an' lilies for the ladies
An' a crown o' yellow buttercups for him that plays the tune,
An' it's trip, trip, trip it where the joy o' field and glade is,
For we're all off together for a merry day in June!

GORTON V. CARRUTH.

NOYES AND SUFFRAGISTS

Poet Rebuked for Condemning English Militants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read of the interview which your Boston representative had with Alfred Noyes, the English poet, in which he says, speaking of the suffragists, "I think they are mentally unhinged," and cites Miss Davison's case as an instance, saying, "What reason could she have for injuring the jockey, a man who very likely was in favor of woman suffrage, as many of the workingmen of England are?"

I should not trouble to refer to this interview if it were not that Mr. Noyes's name is well known, and some importance may be attached to his utterly illogical ideas. It is practically certain that the man who was riding the King's horse had never bothered his head one way or the other about female suffrage, because not one Englishman in a hundred has any intelligent interest whatever in the affairs of his country. But even if this particular jockey were a strong supporter of the suffragists' cause, it would not alter the case very much.

These women desire by their public and sensational acts to draw the attention of the public in the most marked manner possible to the fact that they are fighting for what they consider their rights, and all such trivial circumstances as the individual ideas of any one, two, twenty, or fifty men, women, or children, who may be killed in any one particular act, or movement, will not weigh with them. It is the ultimate result.

The woman herself, it is apparent, was most devoted to the cause, but she did not consider her life. She considered only the effect of her action. And that is why the suffragist in England is going to win, because she is full of courage, ability, and sincerity, all of which are lacking in a lamentable degree in the ordinary Englishman.

England's national life at the present time, instead of being, as it ought to be, a model to other countries, is a mass of hypocrisy, insincerity, and stupidity. And this is nowhere more marked than in the political life of the country, although it applies with equal, if not greater, force to the social life. It is easy for a poet who has never risked a bone and possibly never done a day's work for his country to sit in his armchair and call women lunatics. But that carries no weight with intelligent people. I have said before, and I say again, that these acts of what is everywhere shouted as violence, which are being continually done by the suffragists of England, are the only means whereby a torpid, apathetic, stupid people, such as the English are to-day, can be roused.

It would really be very much better for this movement and for England if the suffragists were to be much more violent than they are and to get the business over. They are certain winners. It is well known that in war what are apparently the cruelest slaughter and the most reckless and most barbaric methods are, in the end, the truest humanity, for these methods naturally tend to shorten the campaign, whereas mistaken clemency, such as England showed in the Boer war, tends indefinitely to prolong the fight. So it is with the suffragists' cause in England. They will undoubtedly triumph, and they deserve it, for they are fighting nobly and infinitely more bravely than the men of England would fight for their political rights, if they had brains enough to care about them.

Before very many years we shall see the figure of Emily Wilding Davison in bronze dragging down the King's horse to her own death and to one of the most important dates in the female suffrage movement. P. A. VAILE.

New York, June 12, 1913.

FOR TILDEN MEMORIAL.

Commission Organizes to Arrange Celebration.

The first meeting of the Tilden Memorial Commission was held yesterday. The commission appointed by the Governor under an act passed at the last session of the Legislature consists of these persons: Albert E. Henschel, Charles R. Miller, Ralph Pulitzer, Herman Ridder, George Wilson Smith, Augustus Thomas, and Talcott Williams. The commission organized by electing Herman Ridder President, Ralph Pulitzer Vice President, and Albert E. Henschel Secretary.

The one hundredth anniversary of Samuel J. Tilden's birth occurs on Feb. 9, 1914. It is proposed on the day previous, which falls on a Sunday, to put a wreath on his grave in New Lebanon, N. Y., with proper ceremonies. On the anniversary of his birth it is proposed to have ceremonies at the Capitol in Albany, and also in all the States of the Union, and on Sunday evening, Feb. 10, 1914, there will be a memorial meeting in Carnegie Hall, New York, at which President Wilson has been invited to make an address.

BRONX FIGHTS PARK PLAN.

Opposes Proposal to Make Such Disposition of Fort George Property.

A proposition for the city to take over for park purposes the property occupied by the Fort George Park before last Monday's fire destroyed the buildings, was considered yesterday by the Board of Estimate. A delegation representing the Central Bronx Protective League opposed the plan on the ground that the citizens of the Bronx didn't want to be taxed for a park that wasn't in their borough.

"We already have parks enough," said the spokesman, "and we need other things more than parks. We are opposed to the proposition for we would not get any benefit from it. I think we need more schools and things like that instead of parks."

President Davis of the Washington Heights Business Men's League said the property owners in the vicinity would be willing to stand for at least 30 per cent. of the local taxation if a park was made. The matter was put over for consideration on June 26.

ASTOR VISITS COURTS.

Says It Was the First Time He Ever Saw Criminal Procedure.

Vincent Astor went yesterday to the Criminal Court Building and visited General Sessions, where he saw several of the courts in action and heard several pleas to indictments.

Mr. Astor was in court when Peter A. French, the bookkeeper of the Republican Club, who is charged with stealing $100 from the club, pleaded not guilty to the indictment against him. Mr. Astor was greatly interested in what he saw and later said that he had never seen a criminal court before. What interested Mr. Astor more than anything else was the case of John Cope, an actor, of 30 West Twelfth Street, who pleaded guilty a week ago to stealing a camera lens from John A. Morely of 16 Exchange Place. Yesterday Cope said he did not know what he was doing when he pleaded guilty and was allowed to withdraw his plea and enter one of not guilty. His case was put over for trial.

J. P. Morgan a Library Trustee.

J. P. Morgan was elected a member of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library to succeed his father, the late J. Pierpont Morgan, at the regular meeting of the board held on Wednesday afternoon.

TO WIDEN GUILD'S SCOPE.

Plan Outlined at Dedication of New Wing of Seaside Hospital.

The reconstructed main building of the Seaside Hospital of St. John's Guild, at New Dorp, S. I., was dedicated yesterday afternoon. The officers and Trustees of the guild and their friends went on the floating hospital, Helen C. Julliard, to attend the exercises. The improvements, including a new wing and administration building, have been made at a cost of $150,000. The building is now a model of what such a place should be with the wards in wings having windows on either side. Each wing has a solarium at the end. The structure is of fireproof construction. It has 375 beds and can accommodate 400 patients. It is the boast of St. John's Guild that it has never turned away a sick baby.

Bishop David H. Greer opened the exercises yesterday, Seymour L. Cromwell, President of the guild, presided, and Dr. John H. Finley of the City College, and Dr. Abraham Jacobi, President of the Medical Board of St. John's Guild, were the speakers. Duff G. Maynard, who, Mr. Cromwell said, had given up his business and devoted himself to the affairs of the hospital, made an appeal for funds to carry on its Winter work.

"The plant," said Mr. Maynard, "can be heated and provided with everything necessary for Winter use. There is nothing so much needed in New York as the care of convalescent mothers with their babies. We hope that these buildings are never going to be closed again. If the different hospitals will send their mothers and babies to us, we can take care of them and build them up and make them ready to go back to their life in the tenements with a knowledge of how to care for their babies. We hope God will give the money to keep these buildings open, and that the people will be his instruments to do it. I have faith to believe they will never be closed again."

It was pointed out that St. John's Guild has no large force of paid workers. Those carrying on its affairs give their services.

Dr. Finley spoke of the present civilization as "a check-book civilization." He said that signing a check was doing the work of a nurse in relieving suffering and of a surgeon in using the knife.

"Writing checks should be as delightful as writing poetry," said Dr. Finley, "or as taking flowers to those who have no gardens."

Dr. Jacobi was introduced as the one man whose office was never changed in an organization in which there is continued rotation in office.

"There are three parts to St. John's Guild," said Mr. Cromwell, "the Floating Hospital, the Seaside Hospital, and Dr. Jacobi, and he is not the least of the three."

Dr. Jacobi, who was warmly greeted, spoke of the high rate of mortality among babies and of the ways to lower this rate. He said that tuberculosis could be cured and should be cured in children before they were 2 years old. New York, Dr. Jacobi said, was slow in taking up the work for children. He spoke of the different institutions and hospitals in the city and the work they were doing, and incidentally mentioned one physician, whose name he would not give, who had devoted his life to his work and gave to it most of the money he made in the practice of his profession.

"If you read in the papers of doctors stringing up poor dogs and ill-treating them for six months," he said, "you will not believe that a doctor will give away all that he has. There are some good doctors left."

The Seaside Hospital is now open, but the Floating Hospital will not make its first trip until July 5. It will then continue its work until the end of September. Delicate babies will be cared for on board the boat when she is lying at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street. A special staff of nurses has been engaged for this work. The effects, which on the upper deck, opened last year, will also be continued.

Hammocks will be provided for the babies this year. There will be 250 of these hung to the backs of the settees on the Floating Hospital, and the mothers who have hitherto been obliged to hold their babies throughout the day can now put them to sleep in the hammocks. This is the idea of the boat's Captain, Peter Johnson.

The Trustees of the Guild who attended the exercises were John W. Weed, John T. Iams, William H. Burr, Charles A. Moore, Isaac N. Seligman, John D. Crimmins, William R. Corwine, Mortimer M. Singer, Edmond J. Curry, John W. Frothingham, George Cromwell, Charleton Montgomery, Leeds Johnson, Alvah H. Doty, and John C. Travis.

The members of the Reception Committee at the Seaside Hospital were:

Mrs. Duff G. Maynard, Mrs. Alvah H. Doty, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. William Bryan, Mrs. Charles Simons, Mrs. Ernest Flagg, Miss Margaret Meigs, Miss Betty Galt, Miss Mary Harsh, Mrs. George O. Lord, Mrs. E. R. Spetpimurs, Mrs. David Gould, and Mrs. Harry Dunn.

In charge of the Floating Hospital were:

Mrs. William R. Corwine, Mrs. William H. Burr, Mrs. John W. Hornor, Jr., Mrs. D. B. R. Chapman, Mrs. J. Lawrence Habberton, Miss Elizabeth Corwine, and Mrs. Alfred Madison Chapman.

TO STOP PUBLIC SMOKING.

Protective League to Have a Hearing Before Public Service Board.

To smoke or not to smoke is the question which the Public Service Commission will consider at a hearing next Wednesday morning as applying to street cars, railway trains, waiting rooms, and ferry stations in this city. The hearing was granted at the request of the Non-Smokers' Protective League of America, of which Charles G. Pease is President and Twyman O. Abbott general counsel.

The league asserts in its complaint that "the right to breathe fresh and pure air, uncontaminated by unhealthful or disagreeable odors, is one of the inalienable rights guaranteed by the Constitution and the laws of the land." Moreover, it sets forth that the purpose of the organization is "to protect, said right from invasion by the users of tobacco in public places and semi-public places, and to secure the enactment and enforcement of laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations prohibiting tobacco smoking in all such places."

The league first brought this matter before the commission a year ago. Now it has backed up its contention by extracts from the letters of the heads of the rapid transit corporations. Thus F. W. Whitridge, President of the Third Avenue Railway Company, is quoted as saying that he cannot suppress smoking on account of the state of public opinion, the practice of other competing companies, and the silence of the Public Service Commission.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the New York Railways Company, is also quoted as pointing out that the regulation limiting smoking to the last four seats of the open street cars seems to be in conformity with public opinion. To this he adds, according to the complaint, the statement:

"If all smoking were prohibited by public authority, much of the friction among passengers and between them and conductors would be obviated, but until public sentiment manifests itself in some such way it will be difficult, if not impossible, for the company to change the practice, and any attempt to do so without the support of the authorities would only result in constant altercations."

Whitney Leaves Federal Service.

Carl E. Whitney, for the last four years an Assistant United States District Attorney in charge of the prosecution of customs frauds, resigned yesterday and will go into private practice with the firm of Bigelow & Wise, in which ex-District Attorney Wise is a partner. During his service in the Federal Building Mr. Whitney cleared up the Helen Dwelle Jenkins jewelry smuggling case, prosecuted Roberta Menges Hill, and conducted under valuation proceedings against a number of large importing firms.

NEW YORK BANKERS FETED IN OTTAWA

Guests of Dominion at Banquet After Opening Their Convention.

PEACE SPEAKERS' KEYNOTE

Director Roberts of United States Mint Says Universal Trade Makes War Obsolete.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, June 12.—International peace is the watchword of the New York State Bankers' Association, whose convention opened here to-day in the Château Laurier. Peace was the keynote of the addresses made in the convention in the day and at the banquet given for the delegates to-night by the Dominion Government. Every important speech, from the address of welcome by Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, to the address of President Cornelius A. Pugsley of the association and the exposition of the principles of the present system of international readjustments by Prof. George Grafton Wilson of Harvard University, was shaped along those lines of world peace coming through the influence of the universality of trade.

Further evidence of how closely the peace spirit hovered over the assemblage was supplied by the telegrams of congratulation on one hundred years of peace between the United States and Canada which were sent to King George V. and the Duke of Connaught. George Roberts, Director of the United States Mint, told the convention that the universality of credit was making strife impossible. War, he said, was behind the times.

Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Administrator of Canada, in the absence of the Duke of Connaught, Premier R. L. Borden, James J. Hill, President Pugsley, and other prominent speakers at the banquet talked of peace between the nations.

Five hundred members of the association are here, including bankers from every centre of importance in New York State. Two special trains brought them in this morning. The delegates spent the afternoon seeing Ottawa and attending a garden party at the Dominion Experimental Farm. They include half a hundred millionaires and they represent banking houses with capital estimated in billions.

Bankers as Peace Leaders.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Roberts, "that of all people bankers should be foremost in a celebration of peace. The banker knows better than any one else how many are the ties of interest that bind the modern nations together. He knows better than any one else that war is not only barbarous in its cruelties, but barbarous in its ignorance of common interests.

"The wealth of the world is now a common fund. There is a reservoir in London, another in New York, another in Montreal, and there are others elsewhere, but they are all connected. You can't draw down the supply of capital in one without affecting the supply in all. You cannot burn up, confiscate, or destroy capital anywhere that every nation in the civilized world does not suffer loss. There isn't a remote district in Canada to-day where money is not tight, and enterprise in check, because of the war in the Balkan States.

"Wars are out of date when good will has become a commercial asset. Why, out in the Western orchards, and I believe in Ontario, they won't permit a man to pack his own apples for shipment to foreign ports, so anxious are they that the distant stranger shall have a square deal. If a sale of American securities is made to a friendly people with disappointing results, the loss to America is far exceeded by the loss to the purchaser. We simply cannot afford to injure another people, by hook or by crook.

"At this opportune time Canada and the United States hold up an inspiring example to the world. Four thousand miles of common frontline without a fortress or a gun, 100 years of peace, with every disagreement settled by diplomacy or arbitration, and without a dollar expended in preparation for war with each other.

"The bankers know, because the facts are daily under their eyes, that the interests of all classes are so interwoven that there is, and can be, no such thing as a 'class struggle' in the sense in which that term is used. There are conflicting interests, but they are within classes as much as between classes. In the nature of things, capital competes with capital rather than with labor. New capital is always waging a war of extermination upon old capital, and outside of land values almost all of the capital that existed in the United States fifty years ago has been thrown on the scrap heap.

Labor Certain to Gain.

"Capital and labor must be used together, and with the supply of capital increasing faster than the supply of labor it is inevitable that labor shall steadily gain a stronger position. Every little while we have the su

MISS SUTRO WEDS UNDER ROSE ARBOR

Ceremony and Reception on the Lawn for Her Marriage to H. S. Rothschild.

MISS WHITEHOUSE A BRIDE

Miss Purdy Marries Ludwig Bierlinger of Baden, Germany—Other Weddings Yesterday.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., June 12.—The wedding of Miss May Pauline Sutro, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Sutro of this city, and Hans S. Rothschild was celebrated to-day at noon at Edgecrest, the country home of the bride's parents. The ceremony was performed under an arbor of roses on the lawn by the Rev. Charles E. Brugler, rector of St. Peter's Episcopal Church at Port Chester.

The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with rare old lace which belonged to her mother. Her lace veil was caught up with a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. Her father gave her in marriage.

She was attended by her sister, Miss Edith Sutro, and Miss Gretel Rothschild, a sister of the bridegroom, who came from Europe for the wedding, and little Miss Edith Lucile Mayer, who acted as flower girl. Miss Sutro wore white lace draped with American Beauty chiffon, and Miss Rothschild was in pale pink charmeuse with blue chiffon draperies. They carried bouquets of Killarney roses. The flower girl wore a white frock with touches of pink and carried a leghorn hat filled with pink rosebuds.

Dr. Henry Sundheimer was best man.

About 200 guests attended the ceremony and the reception which followed. The festivities were all out-of-doors and were heightened in charm by the delightful weather. A special train took the New York guests to and from Port Chester.

Mr. Rothschild and his bride left later for Canada to remain several weeks, and on their return they will stay at Port Chester for the remainder of the Summer. They will come to New York to reside in the Fall.

King—McGivney.

Miss Evelyn Eugenie McGivney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Owen McGivney, and Robert Nicholas King were married yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in Loyola Chapel, Eighty-third Street and Park Avenue, by the Rev. David W. Hearn, the rector, assisted by the Rev. Thomas J. McClusky, President of Fordham University, the Rev. T. J. Shealy, the Rev. John D. McCarthy, and the Rev. M. J. Heffernan of Sayville, L. I.

The bride wore a gown of white charmeuse satin with princess lace, a tulle veil held by a wreath of orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Agnes M. McGivney, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and wore a lace gown trimmed with blue brocade. The other attendants were Miss Lillian L. McGivney, also a sister of the bride, and Miss Marguerite E. Breen, a cousin. They wore gowns of white charmeuse satin, trimmed with coral chiffon, and garden hats of lace and roses. The attendants all carried pink roses.

Albert J. King, a brother of the bridegroom, was best man, and the ushers were Arthur A. McGivney, a brother of the bride, and Joseph J. McGivney, her cousin.

A reception was held after the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 789 West End Avenue, Manhattan. Later the couple left for an extended trip through Canada.

Foster—Koos.

The marriage of Miss Charlotte Kathrina Koos, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Adolph Koos, to Paul Sawyer Foster, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Foster of this city, was solemnized yesterday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 67 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John Barlow of the Memorial Presbyterian Church, in the presence of the two families.

Owing to the serious illness of Mrs. Koos, the wedding invitations were recalled last Tuesday.

Smith—Sylvester.

The marriage of Miss Saida Janet Sylvester and George F. Smith took place yesterday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sylvester, 61 Queens Avenue, Flushing. The Rev. Raymond L. Foreman, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, performed the ceremony.

Miss Sylvester was attended by Miss Fannie Hopewell of Flushing and Miss Florence Smith of College Point, a sister of the bridegroom, as bridesmaids, and by Miss Helen Rox of Flushing as maid of honor. Daniel A. Sylvester, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

The bride wore a dress of white charmeuse with princess lace. The maid of honor wore pink charmeuse and the bridesmaids white voile.

Myers—Clapp.

The marriage of Miss Marjorie Ripley Clapp, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Clapp of this city, to James Myers took place yesterday afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Alfred E. Myers of the Marble Collegiate Church, this city, the father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Dr. L. Mason Clark. Only the relatives and a few intimate friends were present. The couple will spend the Summer in Canada and will reside in Auburn, N. Y.

Hirschler—Van Praag.

Miss Essie Van Praag, daughter of John Van Praag of New York, and Herbert Hirschler of this city were married yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the home of the bride, 204 West 110th Street. Only the relatives were present. The couple will spend their honeymoon at Atlantic City and in the Berkshires, and will reside at the Hotel Marseilles on their return.

Oakley—Halsey.

The marriage of Ainsley Cornell Oakley, a son of Mrs. John A. Oakley and the late Mr. Oakley, and Miss Mary Cummings Halsey, daughter of John H. Halsey and the late Harriett Halsey, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church, the Rev. Sidney N. Ussher officiating.

It was a most quiet wedding, owing to the bridegroom's being in deep mourning, and there were no attendants. Miss Halsey wore a traveling gown of dark blue brocaded charmeuse, topped by a dark blue hat, and the church was simply decorated with a few flowers.

There was no reception. Mr. and Mrs. Oakley left at once on a honeymoon trip of several weeks, and on their return will live at 101 West Seventy-second Street.

Miss Mathews to Marry.

Mr. and Mrs. Randal B. Mathews of Oradell, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Carol Evelyn Mathews, to Dr. Edward Courtenay Stillwell of Glen Ridge, N. J., only son of Mrs. H. L. Stillwell and the late Charles Stillwell of East Orange, N. J. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, class of '10. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Lauretta Havens Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Havens of 664 West 179th Street announced yesterday the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lauretta Havens, to Harold F. Parish of 893 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn. The date for the wedding has not yet been set.

Diplomat Here for Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Lillian Tarler to Archibald Cowan MacBain will be celebrated on Wednesday, June 18, at noon, at the residence of the bride, 239 West 113th Street. The ceremony will be witnessed only by the immediate families and a few intimate friends. The bride's brother, G. Cornell Tarler, Secretary of the American Embassy at Constantinople, is in town to attend the wedding, and will sail for his post shortly after it takes place.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Henry H. Hollister of Islip, L. I., is at the Plaza for a short stay.

The Misses Edith and Alice Pine, daugnters of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Pine, are sailing for Europe to-morrow on the President Lincoln.

Mrs. Henry Waters Taft, who sailed this week, is going to Aix to remain until July, when Mr. Taft will join her, and they will travel for several months before returning to New York.

There will be a dance this evening at the Baltusrol Golf Club, preceded by several dinners. About 150 guests have been asked.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Breese (Miss Julia Fish) have taken the house at Murray Bay that Justice Harlan of the Supreme Court occupied during his lifetime.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Louis Boissevain are among the New Yorkers who have taken cottages this Summer at Murray Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bliss Townsend and their family have moved from 357 Lexington Avenue to 299 Lexington Avenue. The two houses at 357 and 355 on that avenue have been taken by the Cosmopolitan Club, which is to have a clubhouse on the corner.

The wedding of Miss Helen Coster, a daughter of Mrs. Charles H. Coster of 37 East Thirty-seventh Street, and Sumner Gerard will take place very quietly this afternoon in Grace Church Chantry. The immediate families only have been asked to it.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Carnegie have returned from Pittsburgh and are at the Hotel Gotham.

Gen. and Mrs. Theodore F. Forbes have returned from Europe and are at their country place at Roxbury, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Eckley H. Stearns, are at the Gotham for a few weeks after a trip through Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Pyatt and family have left the Garden City Hotel and will spend the remainder of the Summer at Lake Mahopac, N. Y., and in Maine.

MAGYARS INVITE SINGERS.

Wish Metropolitan Artists to Hear "Bank Ban" in Budapest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 12.—The Hungarian Government is taking a lively interest in the production of the Hungarian grand opera, "Bank Ban," at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York next season. It has invited Giulio Gatti-Casazza, Alfred Hertz, Mme. Gadski, Mme. Fremstad, and Arturo Toscanini, all of whom are now in Europe, to visit Budapest before returning to America in the Autumn and attend a special performance of the opera which will be given in gala style in their honor. If M. Gatti-Casazza and his advisers are favorably impressed the opera will be produced at the Metropolitan on an elaborate scale, as one of the big novelties of the season.

The work, which is by a Hungarian, depicts episodes from the time of the Crusades and is big with vocal and theatrical possibilities. It has never yet been produced outside of Hungary. Arrangements for the forthcoming Budapest production for the benefit of the Metropolitan visitors have been concluded by Alexander Konta of New York. If Mr. Gatti-Casazza decides to stage the opera the Hungarian Government will send an official delegation to America to attend the première.

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HAMMERSTEIN NOT A BUYER.

Wants No Site in Philadelphia, He Writes Real Estate Agent.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—Oscar Hammerstein has written a letter to H. J. Koehler, a real estate agent, denying that he has any intention of building an Opera House here. Mr. Koehler, having for sale the Jayne mansion, at the corner of Nineteenth and Chestnut Streets, wrote to the impresario and asked him if he would consider the purchase of the property for a new Opera House.

Mr. Hammerstine wrote back:

I am not looking for a site for an opera house. I had all the experience I want regarding real estate in Philadelphia. If I were to purchase a plot of ground there worth $500,000 in that city and erect upon it an opera house at an additional cost of a million dollars I might find another philanthropic stotesbury, who would probably want to take a mortgage of $400,000 on the whole thing and then want to be lauded as a charitable philanthropist.

It had been reported that Mr. Hammerstein would give opera in Philadelphia again, as well as in New York.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Louis Massen sails on Saturday on the Minneapolis for London, where he will stage "Years of Discretion," which David Belasco and Charles Frohman are to produce together there early in September.

Nance Gwyn has resigned as leading woman of the Mount Morris stock company to take the leading feminine role in a new play, now rehearsing.

Chauncey Olcott has returned to his home in Saratoga after ending his season under the direction of Henry Miller in "The Isle o' Dreams."

Harmony Club's Dance and Supper.

A dance and supper will be given on Monday evening, June 23, at the Hotel Astor by the Harmony Club in honor of the birthday of its President, Mrs. William B. Smith. Dancing will begin at 9 o'clock, and at midnight a supper will be served. The club closed its second successful season a few weeks ago.

CHICAGO WOMEN IN VICTORY MARCH

Suffragists Plan Big Celebration To-day in Honor of Their Springfield Lobby.

MAYOR HARRISON IS GLAD

Mrs. Trout Tells How the Battle Was Won in Long Legislative Campaign.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 12.—The only influence employed by the women to secure the passage of suffrage bill in Illinois was the influence of quiet, persistent, educational work.

Mrs. Sherman M. Booth, our executive Chairman, began last Fall studying the personnel of the Legislature. She then attended the Legislature for six weeks rounding up the suffragists. She found little ready-made enthusiasm on the subject. At the end of six weeks she asked me to join her, and for sixteen weeks we have labored together.

During the last seven weeks Mrs. Antoinette Funk, a lawyer of Chicago, has worked with me. We had organized as well as we could in a few months the State into Senatorial districts, and through our various organizations we brought influence to bear on the legislators from their constituents. We did not decorate the Legislature with suffrage buttons. No one knew who was pledged but ourselves. We used suffrage literature sparingly and only to fit individual cases and distributed it personally. There was no broadcast distribution of leaflets at any time.

We had no suffrage hearings. Arguments were used on the individual members. The uppermost thought was always the fact that votes were all that was needed to pass bills, so we concentrated on votes.

Men kept their pledges and the vote was won in Illinois through the cooperation of Democrats, Republicans, Socialists, Progressive and through the combined votes of so-called "wets" and "drys."

The Legislators treated the question not as a woman's problem, nor a man problem, but as a great human problem. The passage of this bill will help the cause of equal suffrage everywhere and this thought has nerved us through the strenuous work of the past four months. Illinois has lead the way and broken through the conservatism of the great Middle West.

GRACE WILBUR TROUT, President
Illinois Equal Suffrage Association.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Chicago women are busy to-night planning a big celebration of the victory of equal suffrage in the Illinois Legislature yesterday. The programme is set for 7 o'clock to-morrow morning, and will focus around the return to Chicago of the four women who lobbied the suffrage bill through the Senate and the House of Representatives at Springfield.

Three thousand women, half a dozen brass bands, and as many men as can be induced to turn out will march to the railway station to welcome Mrs. Max Wilbur Trout, Mrs. Medill McCormick, Mrs. Elizabeth K. Booth, and Mrs. Antoinette Funk, the women who won the battle. With a special committee of women constituting a guard of honor, the four warriors will arrive over the Chicago & Northwestern road at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning.

"We are going to have a real old-fashioned Fourth of July time of it," said Mrs. Florence Gill to-night, who, with Mrs. George Bass, is treasurer of U. S. Welles, Mrs. Charlotte Rhodus, and Mrs. Harriet Taylor Treadwell, constitute the Committee on Arrangements.

"Every suffrage organization in the city has promised to be at the train," continued Mrs. Gill. "Most of them expect to bring along their own bands. Seven o'clock in the morning is pretty early for such a celebration, but, then, we fought for so long a time we well can afford to get up at daylight just this once. It is the first suffrage victory east of the Mississippi and the greatest the cause has ever won."

Following the arrival of the delegation at the Union Station the suffragists plan an elaborate tour through the business section of the city. Several hundred automobiles have been hired for the occasion, and to-night flag and transparencies men are busy filling orders for signs reading: "Now, Watch Us Get Busy," "We Told You so," and "All We Want Now Is Complete Suffrage."

To-morrow's celebration is merely the prelude to another and greater rejoicing on the part of women admitted to the franchise.

"Just as soon as we can arrange details we propose asking Mayor Harrison to declare a city holiday to signalize our victory," was the statement issued at suffrage headquarters. "We shall have a huge mass meeting, a parade in which 15,000 women will participate, and a bonfire and barbecue somewhere along the lake front."

The first legal use to which the new bill has been put must be credited to Miss Ellen Westholm of 4,002 Seeley Avenue. Miss Westholm, who is 23 years old and came to the United States from Sweden eight years ago, applied at the United States District Court for naturalization.

"Now that women have the vote here," she explained, "I feel that I'd like to be a real citizen of the United States."

Discussion of the bill among the various city and county officials brought out the fact that there was none willing to condemn the passage of the Women's Suffrage bill. Both Mayor Harrison and A. A. McCormick, President of the County Board, said they were greatly pleased over the adoption of the bill.

"The women will put new blood into our election methods," was the substance of their opinion. "They will cleanse politics and keep us from getting into a political rut."

Arrangements were completed to-night by the suffrage lobby for a banquet of jubilation at Springfield to-morrow night at which Mrs. Trout will preside. The speakers will be Gov. Dunne, Lieut. Gov. O'Hara, Speaker McKinley, Senators Magill, Juul, Cleary, and Jones; Representatives Shurtleff, Tice, Watson, Scott, Medill, McCormick, Fiten, and Madsen, and Elizabeth K. Booth, and Antoinette Funk.

Politicians of both the old parties as well as progressives are trying to figure out what effect the ballot in the hands of women will have on Illinois State and local politics.

The general opinion is that the best preliminary test of the power of the women will come in the Spring election in Chicago, when Aldermen will be elected. A sudden realization that women not only would have the right to vote under the law, but would be able to run as candidates for Mayor and Aldermen and for the other offices named in the measure, disturbed some of the political leaders.

The Illinois suffrage law will double the number of precincts in Chicago and double the expenses of elections, according to Dr. Howard S. Taylor of the Board of Election Commissioners. He announced to-day that he would favor the appointment of women as Judges and Clerks of Election, one woman to each precinct, "as a purifying influence."

Sailing for Europe.

Among those sailing to-day for Southampton via Plymouth and Cherbourg on the Philadelphia are: J. M. Austin, John Barbery, Mr. and Mrs. George Bliss, Miss C. A. Bond, J. R. Bouman, Gen. McCorky Butt, Miss Emily Butt, Dr. T. B. Conway, W. D. Crane, Miss Lenora Evans, Miss J. C. Everding, Miss Muriel Greame, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hunter, Miss Edith Hunter, E. W. Kelly, R. W. Merfield, Miss Sylvia Moore, Miss E. M. Perry, the Rev. Dr. Pool, Miss Emily Sartain, Samuel Sloan, Miss Harriet Stanton, Miss Betty Sorrow, Miss Norma Taylor, A. C. Watson, W. S. Wakefield, S. W. Winn, C. H. C. Wright.

LORD MARRIES AN ACTRESS.

Fitzgerald and Miss Etheridge Escape from Crowd After Ceremony.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—Lord Edward Fitz Gerald was married this afternoon by special license to Miss May Etheridge, the musical comedy actress, at Wandsworth Townhall Registry Office. An effort was made to keep the wedding a secret, the bride walking to the office alone, followed afterward by Fitzgerald in a taxicab.

The news quickly traveled and when the couple emerged from the office a large crowd had congregated, compelling them to escape by a back exit.

It will be remembered that soon after the engagement was publicly announced Lord Edward Fitzgerald declared that the announcement was unauthorized.

TWO TITLED WEDDINGS.

Royal Wedding Gifts for the Son of the Earl of Erne.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 12.—The marriage was celebrated at St. Peter's Church, Eaton Square, this afternoon of the Hon. George Crichton, second son of the Earl of Erne, and Lady Mary Dawson, daughter of the Earl and Countess of Dartrey. The bridegroom received several royal wedding gifts.

Sir Harry Stapleton Mainwaring was married this afternoon at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, to Generis Alma Williams Bulkeley, daughter of Sir Richard and Lady Magdalen Williams Bulkeley.

BALL BY ADVERTISING MEN

Given at Baltimore in Honor of Retiring President Coleman.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 12.—A reception and ball tendered to George Coleman of Boston, retiring President of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America, by the local advertising club this evening was the climax of the social festivities of the convention. To Mr. Coleman was presented a silver vase three feet high and a handsome volume of commendatory letters.

These awards were made: Dallas Ladies' Prize, to the Town Criers Club of Waterloo, Iowa, which brought the largest number of ladies to the convention; Baltimore "Silver Globe," to the Advertising League of New York; Printers' Ink Silver Cup, to the Advertising League of New York for making best use of opportunities; Boston Mileage Banner, to the Class Advertising Club of San Francisco, which sent five of its eighteen members to Baltimore.

The Seattle delegation presented to the Baltimore Club a totem pole carved by Alaska Indians.

The convention went on record as condemning the middleman who cuts prices of standard products. Ad men are now committed to the pledge to petition State Legislatures and Congress to defeat legislation which would in any way sanction the cutting of prices by the middleman.

TO ELIMINATE STAGE JEW.

Organized Protest in Chicago Against Coarse Caricatures.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 12.—More than 200 men and women, representing all the Jewish organizations in Chicago and its suburbs, held an enthusiastic meeting at the Hotel Sherman this evening and formed a "Vigilance Association," to keep watch for coarse caricatures of the Jew on the stage and to protest against them. The keynote of the meeting was that only through concerted effort and the medium of such an organization as that perfected to-night could the gross caricatures of the Hebrew race on the American stage be abolished.

Among those agitating the reform and who approved the formation of the "Vigilance Association" were Judge Hugo Pam, Rabbi Tobias Schanfarber, Mrs. Emanuel Mandel, Mrs. Joseph Fish, Prof. Ernest Freund, Adolf Kraus, Jacob M. Loeb, and Congressman A. J. Sabath.

FOR ST. FAITH'S HOUSE.

A Fete to be Given To-morrow at Irvington-on-Hudson.

For the benefit of St. Faith's House, at Tarrytown, N. Y., a fete champetre will be given to-morrow at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Carroll Dunham at Irvington-on-Hudson. The women interested in arranging for this entertainment are Mrs. Carroll Dunham, Mrs. Melchoir Beltzhoover, Mrs. Roswell Skeel, Jr., Mrs. W. Usher Parsons, Mrs. Edwin Gould, Miss Virginia Orton, and Mrs. Edwin H. Mairs. There will be music at 3:45 o'clock and dancing from 5 to 7.

St. Faith's House, established in 1898, is for the protection, shelter, and training of young girls who have taken their first downward step in life. It is the only home in the State where a girl of this class may remain with her baby for two years and receive religious, mental, and industrial training. The head workers receive no salaries. The work is maintained by voluntary contributions.

Among the patronesses of the fete are Mrs. John D. Archbold, Mrs. E. S. Bodman, Mrs. John B. Calvert, Mrs. E. K. Dunham, Mrs. E. F. Dwight, Mrs. D. B. Van Emburgh, Mrs. L. Emmett Holt, Mrs. Frederick Peterson, Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.; Mrs. William Rockefeller, Mrs. George F. Shrady, Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, Mrs. Philip Schuyler, and Mrs. J. Henry Whitehouse.

Electrical Society Election.

The New York Electrical Society, at its annual meeting yesterday at the Woolworth Building, elected these officers: President, H. H. Barnes, Jr.; Vice Presidents, S. S. Edmands, A. H. Lawton, and Carl Schwartz; Secretary, George H. Guy; Treasurer, Henry J. Hoeltge.

Mrs. Emeline Wall.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., June 12.—Mrs. Emeline Wall, believed to be the largest individual taxpayer of Paterson, died today at her home in West Street in her ninetieth year. She was the widow of Stephen H. Wall, a pioneer dry goods merchant, who retired in 1867. Her holdings included property on Market, Main, Broadway, and West Streets. Her estate is estimated to be worth nearly $1,000,000.

Hugo Schumann.

Hugo Schumann, 70 years old, formerly President of the Germania Fire Insurance Company, died yesterday from arterio-sclerosis at his home, 141 East Eighteenth Street, Flatbush. He was President of the Germania Company for twenty years, retiring a short time ago on account of poor health. He was a Director in the German Savings Bank, a member of the German Society of New York, and several other organizations.

HASLETT DIVORCES A CABARET SINGER

Chewing Gum Manufacturer's Romance Lasted Less Than Three Weeks.

RAIDED WIFE IN HOTEL

Wedded on Feb. 21, After a Week's Wooing He Found Her with Another Man on March 10.

William P. Haslett of 351 West Seventy-fifth Street, President of the Natural Spearmint Chewing Gum Company, obtained yesterday from Justice Crane in the Supreme Court of Queens County, Long Island City, an interlocutory decree of divorce from his wife, Mrs. Eva Douglas Haslett, to whom he was married less than four months ago.

Mr. Haslett met his wife for the first time in the latter part of last February, having been introduced to her in a restaurant. At this time Miss Douglas was a cabaret singer. The gum manufacturer, who is 38 years old, became infatuated with the attractive-looking singer, and on Feb. 21, after less than a week's ardent wooing, he surprised his friends by stealing away to the "Little Church Around the Corner," where the couple were married.

The romance did not last long. On March 10, after a honeymoon of less than three weeks, Mr. Haslett, accompanied by two friends, Max Burt and Harry Pringle, visited a hotel at Yonkers, N. J., where they found that a couple had previously registered under the name of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas. They informed the manager that they desired him to deliver a note to "Mrs. Douglas," and when he went to the room to comply with the request Haslett and his friends followed.

"Who is there and what do you want?" demanded a feminine voice.

The hotel manager, acting under instructions, replied that he had a note for Mrs. Douglas.

"Put it under the door," was the response.

The hotel man replied that he could not do this, and the door was opened a trifle. Mr. Haslett thrust his shoulder against the door, and his friends followed him into the room. The gum manufacturer found his wife, and in an adjoining bathroom was discovered William Fitch, a broker.

Soon afterward Mrs. Haslett was served with papers in the divorce proceedings, and, through her attorney, Frederic Moore, applied to Justice Crane for an allowance of $200 a week alimony and $500 counsel fees. The court granted only $7.50 a week alimony and $50 for counsel fees.

In court yesterday Mrs. Haslett did not appear. She was identified from a photograph by the witnesses in the case who had assisted her husband in obtaining entrance to her room in the hotel. After her attorney had heard the testimony in the case he withdrew an action for separation which Mrs. Haslett had instituted shortly after the divorce proceedings were begun by her husband. Mr. Haslett was represented by Roscoe C. Peck, from the offices of Judge Alton B. Parker, at 111 Broadway.

Maurice L. Muhleman.

Maurice L. Muhleman, who was Deputy Assistant United States Treasurer in New York from 1888 to 1901, died yesterday after an illness of two months at his residence in Bronxville. He was 61 years of age. Mr. Muhleman had the degree of Master of Law and was a well-known writer on financial subjects. He was a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, Political Science Club, New York Historical Society, National Geological Society, and other organizations.

Mother and Son Die Same Day.

Maurice F. Propping, a Brooklyn lawyer, who was associated for many years with the firm of Moffat & Kramer, died yesterday at his home, 35A Kossuth Place, Williamsburg. He was 54 years old. Less than twenty-four hours before, his mother, Mrs. Louise Propping, had died in her eighty-fourth year. The rooms occupied by the mother and son adjoined, but he was not told of his mother's death.

Obituary Notes.

Miss ELIZABETH J. WRIGHT, sister of the late J. Hood Wright, the philanthropist, died on Wednesday at the home of Mrs. J. Hood Wright, Fort Washington Avenue and 173d Street, at the age of 83 years. Miss Wright had been in failing health for several months.

FRANCIS DOWD, for many years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 321 Seventy-fifth Street, that borough, of heart disease.

SAMUEL KLEINMANN, a retired clothing manufacturer, died on Wednesday at his home, 448 East 104th Street, of a complication of diseases. He was 68 years old.

THEODORE FRANK GLADWIN, for 25 years with the dry goods firm of Faulkner, Page & Co., died on Wednesday at his home in Verona, N. J., at the age of 76 years. He was widely known in the dry goods trade in New York and Chicago.

EDWARD HISCOCK O'CONNOR, a receiving teller in the Greenwich Savings Bank, died on Wednesday at his home, 15 St. James Place, Brooklyn. He was a veteran of Company "F," Twenty-third Regiment, and a member of the Crescent Athletic Club.

JOSEPHINE W. CLARKSON, widow of Dr. Frederick V. Clarkson of this city, is dead at the home of her son, Frederick A. Clarkson, 1218 Columbine Street, Denver, Col. Mrs. Clarkson was born here in 1831 and spent most of her life in New York.

Miss SARAH C. PROVOST, Principal of the Cove Public School at Oyster Bay, L. I., for twenty-four years, died on Tuesday at the Long Island College Hospital following an operation.

The Rev. JAMES BOYLE, rector of St. Joseph's Catholic Church of Pittsfield, Mass., died on Wednesday in that city at the age of 68 years.

SUSAN PETERS CHASE, widow of Lieut. William Howard Chase of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A., and daughter of the late Commodore William L. Hudson, U. S. N., died on Monday at Boston.

JOHN MOSS, 83 years old, dropped dead in front of his home, 291 Claremont Avenue, yesterday. Mr. Moss was born in Cambridge, England. He was with R. G. Dun & Co. for thirty-five years in charge of the Toronto branch, and later came to the New York office.

GEORGE SCHILLINGER, a former Surrogate of Warren County, N. J., died yesterday from Bright's disease at Phillipsburg. He was 58 years old.

Dr. HARRY E. SNOW, 55 years of age, died at his home in Belmar, N. J., yesterday of erysipelas, which he contracted from a patient. Dr. Snow came to Belmar from California. He was born in Brewer, Me., and first practiced in San Francisco.

The Rev. S. G. GROVE of Philadelphia, Secretary of the Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal Conference, died suddenly yesterday at Ocean City, N. J., of heart disease. He was 70 years old.

Dr. JOHN NUTTING FARRAR, a well-known dentist, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 1,271 Broadway. Dr. Farrar was born in Massachusetts in 1839 and was the author of several books on dentistry.

THE RICHMOND AUCTIONS
IMPORTANT
LIBRARY OF AMERICANA
Formed by
A Well-Known Historian of New Jersey.
Original MSS. of the Revolutionary period of great value. Rare New Jersey, Colonial and Revolutionary items. A hitherto unknown Broadside of William Franklin. The first speeches of Lewis Morris, published by Franklin in 1744. Scarce Historical Society Collections. Harrisse's Bibliotheca Vetus tissima. General Americana, Etc., Etc. The last Autograph of Abraham Lincoln.
A FINE AND UNUSUAL COLLECTION
To be Sold
JUNE 17 AND 18, 1913,
at 2:15 p. m. Each Day.
The Geo. H. Richmond Literature Co., Inc.
15 East 40th St., N. Y. C.
Mr. Thos. F. Burchill, Auctioneer.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BROWNELL—BLEEZARDE.—On June 5, 1913, at Paterson, N. J., by the Rev. Frank Moore, Marie A. Bleezarde of Paterson, N. J., and Leverett W. Brownell of New York.

OAKLEY—HALSEY.—On Thursday, June 12, at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, by the Rev. Sidney N. Ussher, Mary Cumming, daughter of John H. and the late Harriett E. Halsey, to Ainsley Cornell Oakley.

RAVENSCROFT—McLEAN. — On Thursday, June 12, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Paris, France, by the Rev. Dr. Watson, Helen, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McLean of New York City, to Major Herbert Valentine Ravenscroft, Sudan Government Service, eldest son of the late E. V. Ravenscroft of Far Forest, Worcestershire, England.

MYERS—CLAPP.—On Thursday, June 12, 1913, at the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Alfred E. Myers, assisted by the Rev. L. Mason Clarke, D. D., Marjorie Ripley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Clapp, to James Myers.

VAN HARLINGEN—KEASBEY.—On Tuesday, June 10, 1913, at the Hillside Presbyterian Church, Orange, N. J., by the Rev. F. Boyd Edwards, Marjorie Lewis Keasbey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller Keasbey, to John Martin Van Harlingen.

McKENNA — PATTERSON.—June 11, Grace Patterson to Charles J. McKenna.

Brooklyn.

CATLIN—CHAPMAN.—June 11, Bertha Chapman to the Rev. Reginald W. Catlin.
CRAWSHAW—LARIGAN.—June 11, Grace D. Larigan to Ralph S. Crawshaw.
GRIFFIN—ELLIOTT.—June 11, Geneva Elliott to Frank J. Griffin.
LOCKWOOD—WICHERT.—June 11, Mabel M. Wichert to W. W. Lockwood.
MIDDELKOOP—MOORE.—June 7, Hazel D. Moore to Frank Middelkoop.
PRESTON—CROSBY.—June 11, Mildred A. Crosby to Robert H. Preston.

Long Island.

FASSETT—SHEFFIELD.—June 9, Elmhurst, Lulu Sheffield to Henry G. Fassett.

Newark.

ANDERSON — POMEROY.—June 10, Gladys Pomeroy to George E. Anderson.
HOELZEL—REILLY.—June 11, Agnes Reilly to Anthony Hoelzel.
KOHLER—PALMER.—June 10, Dorris M. Palmer to Charles J. Kohler.
SMITH—ENS.—June 10, Anna M. Ens to James P. Smith.

Westchester County.

WARING — PRYER. — June 11, Larchmont, Alice de C. Pryer to Adrian D. Waring.

Died.

ANDREWS.—Entered into life eternal at her home, 818 Central Avenue, Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, June 12, 1913, Louise Stockton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Hamilin Andrews, in the 21st year of her age. Services private.

BUDDEN.—June 10, Charles, aged 45. Funeral, Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., Friday, 2 o'clock.

CHASE.—Suddenly, in Boston, Mass., June 9, Susan Peters, widow of the late Lieut. William Howard Chase, Engineer Corps, U. S. Army, daughter of the late Eliza Wells and Commodore William L. Hudson, U. S. Navy, and sister of Mrs. John Sidell Isaacs. Interment in Philadelphia.

FARRAR.—John Nutting Farrar, M. D. D. S., on Thursday morning, June 12, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,271 Broadway, on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

GLADWIN.—At Verona, N. J., on Wednesday, June 11, 1913, Theodore F. Gladwin, in his 77th year. Funeral services will be held at Verona Congregational Church on Friday, June 13, at 3 P. M.

GRANT.—Bessie Hope Grant, daughter of John Hope and Martha Anna Grant, June 10, at London, England.

GUERIN.—At Morristown, N. J., on June 11, 1913, Helen, daughter of Anderson M. and Josephine Pruden Guerin. Funeral service will be held at her home, 47 Western Av., Morristown, on Saturday, 14th inst., at 3 P. M.

HENDERSON.—Harriet, widow of the late John S. Henderson. Funeral services Saturday evening at 8 o'clock at her late residence, 519 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

HAMBLET.—On June 11, 1913, at his residence, 225 West 103th St., J. Ward, Jr., son of James W. and Susan Hamblet. Funeral private.

HILL.—On Thursday, June 12th, at her residence, 78 West 82d St., Sarah B., wife of John H. Hill. Funeral Saturday, private. Kindly omit flowers by request.

KENYON.—At East Greenwich, R. I., on June 11, Sarah Adams, wife of the late Dr. Job Kenyon and sister of Mrs. Harvey S. Almy.

KIMBALL.—On Tuesday, June 10, 1913, suddenly, after a short illness, Laura S. Porter, widow of Charles Henry Kimball, in her 70th year. Funeral services at All Saints' Memorial Church, Lakewood, N. J., on Saturday, June 14, at 12 o'clock. Interment private. Train leaves West 23d St. (Central R. R. of N. J.) at 9:50 A. M.; Liberty St. at 10 o'clock.

KOSCH.—Pauline Kosch, beloved mother of Amelia S. Jackson, Simon G. Kosch, and Augusta Seedorf, in her 68th year. Funeral late residence, 766 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, Friday, June 13, at 12 M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

KRAMER.—Mrs. Charles Rebecca Blankfort, on June 12. Funeral June 13, 10:30 A. M., from residence, 636A Madison St., Brooklyn.

LALOR.—On June 10, John A. Lalor. Funeral from 410 Pleasant Av. on Friday, June 13, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

McCAULLEY.—On Tuesday, June 10, 1913, Kate Donley, widow of William McCaulley, in the 64th year of her age. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harry B. Combs, 47 West 40th St., N. Y. City, Friday, June 13, at 10 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

MOSS.—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., on June 12, 1913, John Moss, aged 83 years. Funeral service at his home, 291 Claremont Av., on Saturday at 3 P. M.

MUHLEMAN.—At his residence, Bronxville, New York, Maurice L. Muhleman. Notice of funeral hereafter.

NEWELL.—On June 11, Elizabeth E., daughter of the late Russell M. and Adeline M. Newell, in her 83d year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Ams

GIANTS FINISH STRONG AND WIN---YANKEES VICTORS IN NINTH---SUPERBAS LOSE

GIANTS WIN IN SPITE OF FIVE ERRORS

Plod Along Until They Gain Victory with Two Groups of Three Runs Each.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 12.—The New York Giants see-sawed their way into a final lead of 6 to 5 against the Pittsburgh Pirates this afternoon, but if it had not been for the individual brilliancy of the playing of Capt. Larry Doyle in a psychological moment in the eighth inning several things might have happened, among them defeat for the Giants. Skipper Clarke of the Pirate crew stepped to the plate with cutlass in hand and fire in his eye in the eighth, taking the place of Camnitz. Wilson was on third base. Directly or thereabout Clarke hit a Texas Leaguer into left centre. Two were out and Wilson crossed the plate, a smile on his face. But Doyle, too, had been doing some running. Going with the ball from the infield, Larry escorted it into left centre and there took it in hand, about a foot from the ground. That ended the Pirates' last chance. A disappointed but appreciative crowd gave Doyle an ovation.

The Giants outscored the Pirates by bunching eight of their thirteen hits in two innings. They certainly had to resort to these extreme methods, because they proved poor soldiers in the field. They rang up five errors, and nearly every one of them counted in favor of the Pirates, who, after the seventh inning, led them by a score of 5 to 3.

The Giants made their first three runs in the second inning, when they hit the ball hard. Doyle, the first batter, was thrown out by Wagner, Merkle followed with a hit to left. Then Jack Murray smacked the ball into deep centre field, where it bounded around the flagstaff, being merrily chased by Wilson. Merkle preceded Murray over the plate. Chief Meyers hit for two bases, and Murray, who had received a rousing tribute for his homer, and Snodgrass followed with a rattling three-bagger to right field, scoring Meyers. There might have been more runs had not Tesreau hit directly into the hands of Viox, who fired the ball to Byrne at third, doubling up Snodgrass, who was on his way home.

The Pirates got a run in their half of the second. Wagner reached first and second on a wild throw by Fletcher, went to third on an out, and scored because Meyers dropped a splendid throw to the plate by Burns to catch Wagner. In the seventh the Pirates looked like winners, when they attacked Tesreau severely, getting four hits and crossing the plate three times.

The Giants made another bunch of four hits in the eighth inning, scoring three runs and winning the game. McCormick started out by batting in place of Tesreau and sent a fly to Hyatt. Burns struck out, retiring this will. With two out the chances of scoring looked slim for the Giants. Shafer, however, hit for two bases, and Fletcher smashed the ball so fiercely to Wagner that Hans could only stop it. Doyle got a life on the same, a single, which scored Shafer and sent Fletcher to third. While Merkle was at bat Doyle stole second base. Merkle then hit for two bases. Fletcher ran home with the run that tied the score, and Doyle, thanks to his lucky steal, brought in the winning run. Murray, who had two hits to his credit, retired the side by flying out to Byrne. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf..5	0	0	0	4	1	Byrne, 3b	4	1	1	1	4
Shafer, 3b	4	1	1	3	2	Carey, lf..5	2	2	1	0	0
Fl'tch'r,ss	4	1	3	1	0	Viox, rf...4	0	1	2	2	0
Doyle, 2b	4	1	1	1	2	Wagn'r,ss	4	1	3	2	5
Merkle, 1b	4	1	1	7	0	Miller, 1b	3	0	0	9	0
Murray,rf	4	1	2	1	1	Wilson, cf	4	0	1	6	0
Meyers, c	4	1	2	8	1	Hyatt, rf..2	0	0	0	3	0
Snodg's,cf	3	0	2	1	0	Gibson, c..2	0	0	2	4	0
Tesreau, p	2	0	0	0	0	Kelly, c...1	1	1	1	0	0
*McC'mick	1	0	0	0	0	Smith, p..3	1	1	0	0	0
Crand'l, p	1	0	0	0	1	‡Clarke ..1	0	0	0	0	0
						Rob'son, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total...36	6	13	26	8		Total...36	5	11	27	10	0

*Batted for Tesreau in eighth inning.
†Wagner out; hit by batted ball.
‡Batted for Camnitz in the eighth inning.
Errors—Fletcher (3,) Doyle, Meyers.

New York	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0		—6
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0		—5

Two-base hits—Wagner, Wilson, Meyers, Shafer, Merkle. Three-base hits—Snodgrass. Home run—Murray. Stolen bases—Doyle, Snodgrass. Sacrifice hits—Hyatt, Wagner. Bases on balls—Off Tesreau, 3; off Robinson, 1. Struck out—By Camnitz, 2; by Tesreau, 8; by Crandall, 1. Double play—Viox and Bryne. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 9; New York, 4. Hits—Off Camnitz, 13 in 8 innings; off Robinson, none in 1 inning; off Tesreau, 8 in 7 innings; off Crandall, 3 in 2 innings. Time of game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Byron.

Alexander Pulls Through Victor.

ST. LOUIS, June 12.—Alexander was strong at critical stages, while Philadelphia hit Steele and Burk opportunely, winning, 7 to 5. Alexander's batting was a scoring factor, the big right hander making two runs and driving in three. He was credited with a double and two singles in four times at the plate. Dolan fanned three times with men on bases. Philadelphia scored four runs in the fourth on four hits, one a triple and another a double. In the sixth inning five singles and a stolen base gave the leaders three more. St. Louis tallied its runs by timely hitting, but was unable to get more than one in any inning. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf	3	1	2	5	0	H'gins,2b	3	1	1	1	1
Dolan, 2b	5	0	1	0	3	Shk'd, rf	5	0	0	1	0
Lob't, 3b	5	1	1	1	4	Oakes, cf	4	0	1	3	0
S.M'g'e,lf	3	1	0	1	1	M'rey, 3b	3	1	2	3	1
C'wth, rf	4	1	1	0	0	K'chy,1b	3	0	0	7	1
Lud'e, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	L.Magee,lf	4	2	3	2	0
D'lan, ss	4	1	2	3	2	O'L'y, ss	4	1	1	3	2
Klifer, c	4	0	0	5	2	Winzo, c	3	0	2	4	1
Alex'r, p	4	2	3	0	3	Rob'ts, c	1	0	0	0	0
						Steele, p	2	0	0	1	0
Total..36	7	11	27	15		Burk, p	1	0	0	0	1
						*Evans	1	0	1	0	0
						Total..34	5	11	27	9	

*Batted for Burk in the ninth inning.
Errors—Oakes, Dolan, S. Magee.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	0		—7
St. Louis	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1		—5

Two-base hits—L. Magee, Alexander. Three-base hits—Paskert, Mowrey, Evans—Hits—Off Steele, 5 in 4 2-3 innings; off Burk, 6 in 4 1-3 innings. Sacrifice fly—Konetchy. Stolen bases—Paskert, Wingo, Dolan. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Steele, 3; off Burk, 2; off Alexander, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Steele, (Cravath.) Struck out—By Steele, 3; by Alexander, 5. Wild pitch—Steele. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

College Baseball.

AT WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.

											R.H.E.
Williams	2	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	0		9 12 1
Cornell	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1 5 7

Batteries—Hodge and Lewis; Acheson and Scherick.

AT EMMITSBURG, MD.

											R.H.E.
Hawaii University	4	1	0	4	5	1	0	1	0		16 10 2
Mount St. Mary's	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		5 8 8

Batteries—Lucklee and Mark; Higgins, McCoy, and Sebold.

NORFOLK a New ARROW COLLAR
HIGH IN THE BACK AND LOW IN FRONT. 2 for 25¢
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Makers

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 2; Detroit, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 1.
Washington, 5; Chicago, 4.
Boston 3; St. Louis, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.
Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 1.
Philadelphia 7; St. Louis, 5.
Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 3.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Newark, 11; Providence, 4.
Jersey City, 7; Baltimore, 2.
Buffalo, 3; Rochester, 2.
Montreal, 8; Toronto, 7.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	38	11	.776
Cleveland	35	16	.686
Washington	27	23	.540
Chicago	28	27	.528
Boston	23	25	.479
Detroit	21	33	.389
St. Louis	21	36	.368
New York	12	36	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	30	13	.698
New York	26	19	.578
Brooklyn	23	21	.523
Chicago	26	24	.520
Pittsburgh	24	25	.489
St. Louis	22	28	.440
Boston	19	26	.422
Cincinnati	18	32	.360

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	33	20	.623
Buffalo	30	21	.588
Rochester	27	24	.547
Providence	24	25	.489
Montreal	22	23	.489
Baltimore	24	29	.453
Toronto	19	29	.396
Jersey City	18	28	.391

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Providence at Newark.
Baltimore at Jersey City.
Toronto at Montreal.
Rochester at Buffalo.

IS BALL LEAGUE A TRUST?

J. J. O'Connor Proposes to Find Out Through Suit for $25,000 Damages.

ST. LOUIS, June 12.—John J. O'Connor, manager of the St. Louis Federal League Baseball team, has retained attorneys to file suit in the Federal District Court to test the legality of organized baseball.

The petition will ask $25,000 damages for O'Connor's banishment and will name each of the eight clubs in the American League as defendants.

The petition, which already has been prepared, charges that the national baseball agreement is a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The petition attacks the legality of the "reserve clause" in contracts by which a team can hold a player in reserve after his contract has expired. The petition charges that the leagues have bought and sold men as chattels, and have denied to players the right to earn a living in the business for which they have been trained.

One of the attorneys in the case said to-day that the suit would be filed next Saturday or Monday. This attorney said he thought O'Connor would ask for about $25,000 damages, yet if the jury finds that the Sherman law has been violated the court must treble the damages named in the verdict. Under this law a verdict of $25,000 would be raised to $75,000.

Triple Play Breaks Up Reds' Game.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 12.—A triple play engineered by Maranville and Myers of the Boston team put a decidedly quick ending to the opening game between Boston and Cincinnati here to-day, the visitors winning by a score of 7 to 3. After playing even up to the ninth Boston managed to garner four runs and in Cincinnati's half Almeida and Groh had obtained singles when Berghammer drove a line fly to Maranville, who stepped on second, retiring Almeida and threw to first catching Groh before he could return to the bag. Rudolph pitched an excellent game after the first inning, while Suggs was hit hard, but kept the hits fairly well scattered until the ninth. Cincinnati's fielding was ragged. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
M'ville,ss	4	1	2	2	2	Devore, cf	4	1	0	2	0	
Myers, 1b	5	1	2	12	2	M'sans, rf	4	1	2	1	0	
C'nelly, jr	3	0	1	2	0	B'cher, lf	4	0	0	4	2	
McD'd, 2b	5	0	1	0	3	H'ltt'l, 1b	4	1	2	9	1	
Titus, rf	4	1	1	1	0	Alm'a, 3b	4	0	3	2	1	
Mann, cf	4	0	2	3	0	Groh, 2b	3	0	1	5	4	
Devlin, 3b	4	1	1	1	3	E'ghr, ss	4	0	0	0	2	
Wh'lr, c	2	0	2	3	3	Clark, c	3	0	0	4	2	
Rariden,c	1	1	0	1	0	Suggs, p	3	0	0	1	0	1
Rud'ph, p	4	2	2	3	3							
*Seymour	1	0	0	0	0							
Total	37	7	12	27	13	Total	33	3	8	27	12	

*Batted for Whaling in the seventh inning.
Errors—Maranville, Devore, Bescher, Almeida.

Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	4		—7
Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		—3

Two-base hits—Titus, Devlin, Rudolph. Three-base hits—Maranville, Almeida. Sacrifice hits—Connelly, Groh. Sacrifice fly—Connelly. Double plays—Almeida, Groh, and Hoblitzel; Groh and Hoblitzel. Triple play—Maranville and Myers. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 4. First base on balls—Off Suggs, 1. Struck out—By Rudolph, 3; by Suggs, 3. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT JERSEY CITY.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Jersey City	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8	0

Batteries—McTigue, Morrisette, and Bergen; Brandon and Blair.

AT NEWARK.

											R.	H.	E.
Providence	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		4	12	5
Newark	1	1	2	0	6	0	1	0	.		11	11	1

Batteries—Reisigl, Donovan, and Onslow; Lee, Enzman, and Higgins.

AT TORONTO.

											R.	H.	E.
Montreal	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		8	16	2
Toronto	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	2		7	8	2

Batteries—Dale, Smith, and Burns; Hearn and Graham.

AT BUFFALO.

											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		2	6	0
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2		3	8	0

Batteries—Martin and Williams; Holmes and Lalonge.

Pitcher Benton to Marry.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 12.—Pitcher J. P. ("Rube") Benton of the Cincinnati National League team, after pitching a brilliant game, which he won from Philadelphia, announced last night that he was engaged to be married to Miss Ruth Rohr of Hyde Park, a suburb. The date of the marriage has not been fixed.

Tinker and Knabe Suspended.

President Lynch of the National Baseball League has suspended—and fined $25 each Manager Tinker of the Cincinnati Club and Second Baseman Knabe of the Philadelphia team for fighting during the game at Cincinnati on Wednesday. Both men will be eligible to play next Tuesday.

Pirates Buy a New Catcher.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, June 12.—Catcher "Bob" Coleman of the Davenport Three I League team has been sold to the Pittsburgh National League team. He left to-day to join the team.

SCHULZ PITCHES CLEVERLY FOR YANKS

Strikes Terror Among Detroit Batsmen and They Are Beaten, 2 to 1, at Polo Grounds.

A thrown ball from short centre field, propelled by all the force in the sinewy right arm of Tyrus Raymond Cobb, finished second to Slim Caldwell's slender underpinnings in a race to the plate at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon and the Yankees took the opening game of the first home series with the Detroit Tigers by the score of 2 to 1. Two were out in the Yankees' half of the ninth inning when victory arrived through the medium of a solid drive by Ezra Midkiff to centre. Caldwell was on second base as pinch runner for Roy Hartzell, who had cracked out a double along the left field foul line after the second out had been made. Cobb made a clean stop of the speedy ball and his throw to the plate was all that could be desired. But it proved just too slow to get Caldwell, thereby putting the stamp of approval on Manager Frank Chance's bit of strategy in substituting Caldwell for Hartzell.

While Midkiff gained himself a prominent place in the spotlight glare by his two hits, which figured in both Yankee runs, and a stop of Cobb's grounder in the sixth inning, the major portion of the glory for the Yanks' third home victory goes to Heinie Schulz. The big southpaw showed the best pitching that any Yankee has uncovered on the home grounds during the season, and the feeling was general among the 6,000 fans present that Heinie should have had a shutout.

The one Tiger run, carried across by the only Tyrus in the second inning, was tainted with the suspicion that Ty had previously been thrown out at third base on an attempted steal, only to have Umpire Tom Connolly rule in favor of the Detroit manager's accurate throw home to Midkiff beat Ty by several feet, and to the crowd it appeared that Cobb had slid into the waiting hands of the Yankee third baseman. When the cloud of dust had settled, Midkiff displayed a slightly spiked finger as evidence that he had won the battle, which had been awarded to Tyrus. Midkiff made so much noise over the decision that he came within a word or two of being tossed out of the pastime.

Schulz allowed the Jungle-eers five hits and as they amounted to more than one per inning. He sent eight of them back to the bench on strikes, fanning every member of the Jennings troupe except Veach and George Moriarty. Ty took his three swings in the fourth inning to the great delight of the crowd, and the mighty Sam Crawford fell victim to the tantalizing slants in the sixth and ninth innings. Sam missed four of his swings by almost a foot. After the fifth inning the Tigers got only one scratch hit off Schulz, and during the entire game only two of them reached third base, Cobb in the second inning just before he scored and Moriarty in the fifth on a pass. Rondeau's single to centre, and Lake's long fly to Walter, required some high class fielding from the Yankee camp as the veteran Joe Lake, once a Yankee, was also going at top speed for the Tigers.

There was no E-yah from the coaching lines to delight the spectators as a result of general consent by Umpire Jennings to Umpire Ferguson at Philadelphia during the Tigers' recent series with the Athletics. Hughey told Ferguson how lenient George Stovall had been with him in the clash that gained George his long suspension and fine, and when reported to Ban Johnson, caused the big boss to slap on a ten-dollar fine. Umpire Connolly was ordered yesterday not to let Jennings on the lines until the fine was paid. The check started for Johnson's office yesterday, but Connolly had received no word, so Hughey was banished before the game. He will probably be on hand to-day.

The Tigers got their only run in the second inning on Cobb's double to left, his steal to third, a third base and Galnor's sacrifice fly to Wolter. The Yanks tied the score in the fifth on Midkiff's single and steal and Moriarty's bad throw to first after fielding Gossett's grounder. Midkiff was almost in Moriarty's arms when Gossett threw to get the batsman. With two out in the ninth, the Yanks won on Hartzell's double to left and Midkiff's single, after Caldwell had been substituted as pinch runner for Hartzell. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D'n'ls, rf	4	0	1	1	0	Bush, ss	4	0	1	2	3
Wolter,cf	3	0	1	5	0	Vitt, 2b	4	0	0	4	2
F'g'h, ss	4	0	0	0	3	C'ford, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Borton, lf	4	0	0	2	0	Cobb, cf	4	1	1	1	0
H'tzell, lf	4	0	2	2	0	Veach, lf	3	0	0	0	0
M'kiff, 3b	3	1	2	1	2	G'ner, 1b	2	0	0	14	0
McK'e, 2b	3	0	0	3	1	Mor'ty,3b	2	0	1	0	4
Gossett, c	3	0	0	8	0	R'dean, c	3	0	0	5	1
Schulz, p	3	0	0	0	1	Lake, p	3	0	0	1	5
*C'dwell	0	0	1	0	0						
Total	31	2	6	27	9	Total	29	1	5	26	14

*Ran for Hartzell in the ninth inning.
†Two out when winning run was scored.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2
Detroit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Hartzell, Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Wolter, Midkiff. Sacrifice fly—Galner. Stolen bases—Midkiff, Cobb, Crawford. First base on errors—New York, 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; Detroit, 3. Double plays—Gossett and McKechnie; Vitt and Gainer. Struck out—By Schulz, 8; by Lake, 2. Bases on balls—Off Schulz, 1. Passed ball—Gossett. Umpires—Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Morgan's Drive Wins for Senators.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—A long drive by Morgan in the ninth inning to-day with second base occupied won an uphill game for Washington from Chicago, 5 to 4, and restored the locals to third place. The visitors threatened to drive Groom from the box in the early stages of the game, but he settled down and allowed but two hits after the third inning. Washington jumped on both Cicotte and Scott in the sixth and batted out three runs, tieing the score. In the ninth Moeller beat out a hit to short and took second on Weaver's bad throw. Morgan then hit to the scoreboard, winning the game. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf	5	1	2	2	0	Rath, 2b	2	1	1	2	4
M'gan, 2b	3	0	1	2	3	Lord, 3b	3	0	0	2	2
Milan, cf	3	1	1	6	1	Chase, 1b	4	2	2	11	1
G'dil, 1b	4	0	1	8	2	C'lins, rf	3	0	0	1	1
Lap'te, 3b	4	1	1	1	0	Bodie, lf	3	1	1	2	0
Sh'ks, lf	4	2	2	3	0	M'tick, cf	4	0	1	1	0
McE'e, ss	4	0	2	3	4	W'ver, ss	4	0	1	5	4
Henry, c	4	0	1	2	1	Schalk, c	4	0	1	0	1
Groom, p	4	0	0	0	3	Scott, p	3	0	0	0	1
						Cicotte, p	2	0	0	1	0
Total	35	5	11	27	14	Total	31	4	7	25	14

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Weaver, (2,) Milan, Henry.

Washington	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1		—5
Chicago	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		—4

Two-base hits—Mattick, Moeller, Shanks.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

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MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Binghamton—Utica, 2; Binghamton, 0.
At Scranton—Scranton, 9; Troy, 6.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 11; Albany, 2.
At Elmira—Elmira, 9; Syracuse, 4.

Tri-State League.

At Allentown—Allentown, 14; Atlantic City, 5; Atlantic City, 4; Allentown, 1.
At York—Trenton, 10; York, 7.
At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 14; Wilmington, 7.

American Association.

At Toledo—Milwaukee, 7; Toledo, 4.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 8; Kansas City, 0.
At Columbus—St. Paul, 7; Columbus, 5, (11 innings.)

New England League.

At New Bedford—Worcester, 5; New Bedford, 2.
At Fall River—Lynn, 8; Fall River, 1.
At Portland—Portland, 15; Lawrence, 1.
At Brockton—Brockton, 3; Lowell, 1.

Eastern Association.

At Springfield—Springfield, 5; New London, 0.
At Waterbury—Waterbury, 6; Bridgeport, 0.
At Hartford—Hartford, 3; New Haven, 0.
New Haven, 5; Hartford, 3.
At Pittsfield—Holyoke, 7; Pittsfield, 5.

Southern Association.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 8; Nashville, 1.
At New Orleans—Montgomery, 6; New Orleans, 1.
At Mobile—Mobile, 5; Memphis, 2.
At Chattanooga—Atlanta, 7; Chattanooga, 4.

New York and New Jersey League.

At Middleton—Middleton, 14; Danbury, 6.
Danbury, 7; Middleton, 5.
At Kingston—Newburg, 11; Kingston, 5.
At Poughkeepsie—Long Branch, 11; Poughkeepsie, 2.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—San Francisco, 3; Oakland, 2.
At Los Angeles—Sacramento, 10; Venice, 6.
At Portland—Los Angeles, 5; Portland, 2.

Olson's Transfer Null and Void.

CINCINNATI, June 12.—The National Baseball Commission in a finding promulgated to-day declared the transfer of player Olson from the St. Louis American League Club to the San Francisco Club of the Pacific Coast League null and void, and ordered the former club to reimburse the San Francisco Club the expenses incurred by the player in reporting to the latter club. This was on account of the bad condition in which the player reported to the San Francisco Club, he admitting at the time that he was ill and not fit to play baseball. The total amount of the reimbursement was placed at $109.40.

Athletics Beat Their Rivals, 6 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—Cleveland made its first appearance of the season here to-day, and in a hard-fought game the Philadelphias won by the score of 6 to 1. Eddie Plank had the visitors blanked with the help of two double plays until the ninth, when Jackson bounced the ball into the left-field bleachers for a home run. Falkenberg pitched good ball except in the sixth inning, when Eddie Murphy reached first on a scratch hit and scored on two wild pitches. In the third the locals got two hits, which, with a wild throw by Johnston, helped them to score one run. In the eighth Lelivelt batted for Falkenberg and then Blanding did the pitching. The Athletics got to him for three safeties, and these, with Graney's muff of Barry's fly that Turner should have taken, netted four runs. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
E. M'y,rf	4	1	2	2	0	J'ston, 1b	4	0	1	7	0
Old'g, lf	4	1	2	2	0	Turner,ss	4	0	1	2	1
C'lins, 2b	3	1	2	1	2	Olson, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Baker, 3b	3	1	0	1	3	J'kson, rf	4	1	1	0	0
McI's, 1b	4	1	3	12	0	Lajoie, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
Str'k, cf	3	0	0	1	0	Ryan, cf	2	0	0	1	0
Barry, ss	3	0	0	2	6	Graney,lf	3	0	0	6	0
Lapp, c	4	1	1	6	0	Carish, c	1	0	0	4	3
Plank, p	2	0	0	0	4	O'Neill, c	0	0	0	1	0
						F'k'b'g, p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	30	6	9	27	15	Bl'd'g, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Liebold	1	0	0	0	0
						†Lellivelt	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	30	1	5	24	9

*Batted for Carish in eighth inning.
†Batted for Falkenberg in eighth inning.
Errors—Johnston, Olson, Graney.

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	.		—6
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		—1

Home run—Jackson. Hits—Off Falkenberg, 6 in 7 innings; off Blanding, 3 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Plank, Strunk. Double plays—Collins, Barry, and McInnis; Baker, Collins, and McInnis. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Falkenberg, 2; off Blanding, 1; off Plank, 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Falkenberg, 4; by Plank, 6. Wild pitches—Falkenberg, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

CLOSE FINISH FOR THE FASHION STAKES

Belmont's Flitaway and Wilson's Galaxy Only a Nose Apart at the End.

August Belmont and R. T. Wilson furnished the contenders in what proved to be one of the closest finishes ever witnessed for the honors in the Fashion Stakes, a two-year-old event for fillies, the fifteenth running of which was seen yesterday at Belmont Park, and which resulted in a nose-and-nose drive at the finish, when Flitaway and Galaxy bobbed by almost aligned, the verdict going to the first named by a nose, the race being at five-eighths of a mile, which was run in 0:59 3-5.

Ten fillies answered the call to the post for the Fashion. Belmont colors were up on two, Flitaway and Violet Ray, while R. T. Wilson was represented by Galaxy and Unfurl. Belmont made no declaration as to which of his entrants he would win with, while Galaxy was the first choice of the Wilson stable.

Flitaway broke in front at the raising of the barrier and was closely attended by Galaxy. The first named cut across her field and took an early lead, but the Wilson filly challenged at the half mile and got her nose in front. Tommy McTaggart shook his mount up a bit and Flitaway responded so well that at the sixteenth pole she was in the van by nearly half a length. She lasted through a drive to the wire and just bobbed Galaxy out of the verdict, with Oak Ridge Stable's Cutaway, which had always been well up in the forward division, four lengths away in third place.

The Empire Steeplechase Handicap called out the hitherto unbeaten Delirium, which started in the colors of Mrs. Payne Whitney and was ridden by an English jockey, R. R. Three horses ran over the route between the flags and the result showed The Welkin a somewhat easy winner all the way from Delirium, which was favorite in the oral speculation, while The Welkin stood at 7 to 5 and J. E. Widener's Coligny at 6 to 1. The Welkin showed the best jumping ability and was running in fine shape throughout. After she pulled up, however, it was plainly noticeable that she had broken down in the foreleg. Coligny came along during the latter stages and made sure to beat Delirium for the place at the second last jump, and will do for a

HATFIELD HOLDS UP MINE COURT RECORDS

West Virginia Governor Refuses to Let Senators See Military Documents.

MARTIAL LAW IS ENDED

Senatorial Committee Goes on Tour Through Paint and Cabin Creek Districts.

CHARLESTON, West Va., June 12.—Gov. Hatfield of West Virginia to-night declined to submit to the Senate Committee the records of the trials before the Military Committee which took charge of the strike-ridden district of the State during the mine troubles.

In a letter to the committee the Governor said that the findings of the military body never had been approved, the men had been released, and he desired to keep the records for use in seeking indictments in the civil courts. To make them public at this time, he said, would be "prejudicial to the public peace."

Gov. Hatfield to-night issued a proclamation raising martial law in the strike district. The few soldiers left in the field were recalled. At a conference between the Governor and officials of Kanawha County, it was decided that the district was quiet enough to warrant lifting the militia rule, which had been instituted by ex-Gov. Glasscock on Feb. 10.

Judge Advocate Gen. George S. Wallace, who was the legal authority of the military commissions in the strike zone, defended the conduct of the commission under military law before the committee at its session to-night. He said he believed that under the authority of the Governor the commission had plenty powers.

"We had the right to sentence an offender to death," he said, "under whatever law the Commander in Chief of the forces of the State prescribed. My contention is that in a theatre of war the Commander in Chief of the forces makes the law. The Governor, when he declared martial law, recognized that the Constitution had been suspended on Paint and Cabin Creeks, and he sent us there to restore it. We exercised war powers, that is all."

Under cross-examination Judge Wallace said that he received $5,000 as a fee for defending the military case taken to the Supreme Court of Appeals of the State.

Among the little miners' cabins tucked away in the nooks and crannies of the West Virginia mountains the members o fthe Senate Committee to-day sought the truth about the strike, which has disrupted the State for more than a year. The Senators visited all the mining camps in Paint Creek and Cabin Creek.

Groups of mountain men and women, with their children about them, were startled and a little awed by the sudden appearance of the Senators at the doors of their little homes.

As a method of obtaining definite testimony the all-day trip proved unproductive, but the committee got a good idea of conditions in the coal camps. Quiet reigned throughout the entire district so lately the scene of constant violence. The last of the State troops struck their tents and left the strike zone to-day just as the committee's train pulled into Paint Creek Junction, where military headquarters had been maintained.

"To-day's trip was valuable," said Senator Swanson, Chairman of the subcommittee, when he reached Charleston at 9 o'clock to-night, "because it gave us a bird's-eye view of the situation and enabled us to fixe the geographical outlines of the country in our minds. It will greatly facilitate the examination of witnesses."

Throughout the entire trip the committee saw no sign of disorder, and not an armed man met in the district, where the soldiers have confiscated hundreds of rifles, revolvers, and shotguns.

At Dacota the Senators saw what they considered a model mining camp. A Y. M. C. A. building, with game rooms, reading rooms, baths, and an outdoor swimming pool, was one of the features, and a moving picture show was another. C. A. Cabell, the owner of the mines at Dacota, showed the committee about the camp, and the explained the working of a soft drink plant which manufactured "pop" for the miners.

Senator Kenyon's interest in the housing arrangements and his iterest i a coversatio with the wife of a miner came near causing him to be marooned at Kyford. The special train moved off, leaving the Senator behind. It was gaining good headway whe the Senator, htt in hand, dashed down the slope to the tracks and signaled frantically. The train was stopped and he was taken aboard.

CALM OVER YACHT SEIZURE.

Washington Foresees No Complications—Ladews Not in Japan.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Although without advices regarding the seizure of the American yacht Columbia by Japanese authorities at Wakayama, officials here have no doubt that the vessel will be allowed to proceed without penalty if it can be shown that she was forced to take refuge in the harbor to make repairs. There is little possibility of the matter being turned into a diplomatic incident, because a similar prohibition against the entry of foreign vessels, except in cases of distress, into any but lawfully opened ports, is common to all countries, including the United States. Even where a vessel is forced by excessive weather or exhaustion of supplies into a closed port, the Captain is required to make immediate report of his entry to the nearest Collector of Customs.

TOKIO, June 12.—The procurator at Nagasaki has decided that the arrest of the Columbia was justified.

The detention at Wakayama of the American yacht Columbia, owned by J. Harvey Ladew, the wealthy leather merchant and yachtsman of this city, has caused no alarm to relatives of Mr. Ladew or other members of the party, for the reason that a cable was received here from Mr. Ladew on May 9, saying that the party was then in China, and about to start on the Siberian railroad for St. Petersburg. This cable came to the offices of Mr. Ladew, 103 Park Avenue, and was forwarded to his brother-in-law, John Townsend Williams, of 815 Madison Avenue.

A little earlier Mrs. Williams received a letter from Mrs. Ladew saying that the party had left the yacht and was making arrangements for the long railroad journey to St. Petersburg. Mrs. Williams said that no effort had been made to cable Mr. Ladew regarding the "arrest" of his yacht, because it would be necessary to send the cable to St. Petersburg, and it would be a week or more before the party would arrive there.

"It is very doubtful," said Mrs. Williams, "whether Mr. Ladew or any of the party have learned yet that the yacht has been detained. I hardly think the news will reach them before they have completed their trip and arrived at St. Petersburg."

The yacht Columbia is manned by Capt. J. H Bond and a crew of thirty-six men. After the departure of Mr. Ladew and his party it was to start at once on its trip back to this country, it was said yesterday at Mr. Ladew's office. No cable has been received from Capt. Bond giving his reason for entering the port at Wakayama, but Mr. Ladew's representatives in this city conjecture that the stop was made to take on coal or for some minor repairs. Mr. Ladew's representative said:

"We are convinced that the crew is in no danger. If it were we should unquestionably have received a cable from Capt. Bond. In all probability the yacht was guilty of some technical violation of Japanese navigation laws, and is being held till the authorities can make inquiries and satisfy themselves it was on an innocent mission."

The Columbia sailed in the latter part of last November, going to the Orient by way of the Mediterranean, and several months were spent cruising in the Pacific. In the party were Mr. and Mrs. Ladew; their sons, Joseph and Oliver Ladew; Miss Elise W. Ladew and her brother, Harvey S. Ladew, of 32 East Sixty-fourth Street, the niece and nephew of Mr. Ladew; Miss Anne M. Wall, Miss Hilda Holmes, and Juan M. Ceballos, Jr., the son of Juan M. Ceballos, the banker.

Wakayama is about forty miles southwest of Osaka. It has a considerable cotton trade and a population of nearly 100,000. It is seldom visited by tourists, and has few white residents.

DOROTHY ARNOLD AGAIN.

Polo and Clubman Says She Is at Home—Lawyer Keith Denies It.

Repeated rumors in the last three months that Dorothy Arnold had returned to the home of her parents, all of which were investigated by the newspapers and met with absolute denials by the Arnold family, have now reached the stage of public print.

The Polo and Clubman Magazine, issued to-day, has an article saying that Dorothy Arnold has been in the home of her parents since early in May, where she was taken in a taxicab by two men, who rang the bell and left ner in the vestibule while they hurried away.

According to the publication Dorothy Arnold is under the care of specialists in a room on an upper floor of her home, where she is in a precarious mental and physical condition, her mind in such a state that sne has been able to say only one word, "taxi."

The city home of Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Arnold at 108 East Seventy-ninth Street is closed and the doors and windows are boarded up, the family having gone to their Summer home at Great Neck, L. I.

John S. Keith of St. Nicholas Place and Eighty-seventh Street, who is both attorney and friend of Mr. Arnold, said last night that no more was known of Dorothy Arnold than on the day she went away, Dec. 13, 1910.

"If she had returned I would be one of the first to know of it," he said. "There would be no reason for concealing the fact. Unfortunately, she has not returned, and the rumors to that effect are simply the revival of a false story which had its origin in Philadelphia several months ago."

DROP WOOD BRIBE CASE.

Juror's Story Not Borne Out at Inquiry—Atteaux Goes Free.

BOSTON, June 12.—The Grand Jury, after inquiring into the alleged attempt to bribe a juror in the dynamite conspiracy case, reported to-day that basis for an indictment had not been found.

"While some of the evidence," said the jury in its report, "would arouse strong suspicion, the character of the evidence taken as a whole was unreliable and conflicting."

During the recent trial of W. M. Wood, Frederick E. Atteaux and D. J. Collins, one of the jurors said he had been approached with a bribe offer.

The jury disagreed in the case of Atteaux, and the District Attorney today dismissed the indictment.

NEW YORK—Long Island

MANHATTAN BEACH

"New York's most popular and fashionable resort by the sea."

Average temperature 70°. ½ hour by train, 1 hour by auto.

Surf Bathing. Deep Sea Fishing. Tennis Courts. Outdoor Restaurant. Boating and Sailing. Concerts by Mercadante's Orchestra.

Oriental Hotel

Opens June 26th. European Plan.

Auto roads lead direct to hotel entrance. Garage and parking accommodations.

JOSEPH P. GREAVES, Manager
N. Y. Booking Office, 243 5th Av.
Florida East Coast Hotel Co.
Tels. 9230-9231 Madison Square

Swept by Ocean Breezes

At Brighton Beach, N. Y.
Ocean Parkway Station
HOTEL SHELBURNE
A New All-Year-Round Hotel by-the-Sea
American and European Plan
Large room, including meals for two, $35.00 per week and up. Room, including meals for two, private bath, $40.00 per week and up. Bathhouse accommodations free.

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York. Private Beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. New Wing. Absolutely Fireproof. Private baths. Now Open. References. Tel. 256 Glen Cove.

"The Tuthill Point" EAST MORICHES, L. I
on great South Bay. All aquatic sports, tennis, dancing; auto accommodation. Comfort and refinement. Booklet. M. M. SAMMIS, also, New Hotel Clinton, East Orange, N. J.

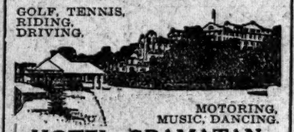
SPIER'S NEW EDGEMERE HOTEL
Select; guests taken day, week, month.

EASTHAMPTON, L. I.
MAIDSTONE INN
OPENS JUNE 12.
Elegant camping sites on hill overlooking Hempstead Harbor, Sea Cliff, L. I. Fishing, boating, bathing, trees. C. R. Leach, 215 Alexander Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.
The Jefferson.—Boating, fishing, bathing; excellent table; booklet. C. L. Dreher, Patchogue, L. I.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.
Westport Inn
Westport, on Lake Champlain, N. Y. June 21 to October 1. $21 a Week Up. Booklet.
H. P. SMITH.

NEW YORK—Orange County.
Walton Lake Inn
MONROE, ORANGE CO., N. Y.
On shore of lake; modern family hotel; high elevation; boating, bathing, fishing; own garden. Booklet.
J. K. LYNCH.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.
THE THOMPSON HOTEL
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Select family hotel. Superior accommodations. Excellent cuisine. Golf, Tennis, etc. Illustrated booklet. Emerson Clark, Prop.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.
Country Life Within a Half Hour of the Grand Central.
GOLF, TENNIS, RIDING, DRIVING.

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Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.
All City Comforts in the midst of the Hills and Woods of Westchester County, offering either quiet rest or every outdoor sport. One of the sportiest Golf Courses near New York, and quickly accessible from that City by train or motor car. Noted for the excellence of its table—milk, eggs and poultry fresh daily from our own farm. An ideal Spring and Summer Home for the New York Business Man.
Send for Booklet and Full Information. HOTEL GRAMATAN, INC., Proprietors.

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"THE WORLD FAMED VIEW."
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 28. ALTITUDE 2,250 FEET. Electric lights, steam heat. Orchestra. Pure Spring Water. Canoeing. Tennis. Garage.
SPECIAL WEEKLY OR SEASON RATES FOR GUESTS ARRIVING ON OR BEFORE JULY 4TH. DAILY RATE, $4.00.
Booking office with Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager.
CATSKILL, N. Y.

The Resort Beautiful of the Catskills
Schoharie Mansion
ELKA PARK, N. Y.
BOOKLET, 290 BROADWAY, ROOM 414.

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MIDLAND BEACH,
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings.
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads, and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
The Summer Home of Refined People.
SARANAC INN
COTTAGES AND CAMPS TO RENT.
UPPER SARANAC LAKE
ADIRONDACKS. NOW OPEN.
Golf, Tennis, and All Adirondack Attractions.
Address HARRINGTON MILLS, Mgr., UPPER SARANAC, N. Y.

THE LONG LAKE SAGAMORE ADIRONDACKS
High class family hotel, located on a high bluff at Long Lake; elevation 1,600 feet; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis, golf.
Opens June 20—New Management
Cuisine highest standard; daily concerts; ballroom. Special rates for bachelors.
JAMES RUNCIMAN, Prop.
N. Y. Office, 19 W. 44th. Phone 1860 Bryant.

ADIRONDACK CAMPS FOR RENT, UPPER SARANAC LAKE.
PINE POINT.—Main cottage, just remodeled. Sleeping cottages and tents. Hot and cold water. Seven bathrooms. Ample servants' quarters. Boathouse. Guide house. Pier. Beautiful flowers. Tennis court. Vegetable garden. New Speedway Launch. Boats, chickens etc. One of the finest camps on the Lake. $6,000 for the season.
TWO SMALLER CAMPS NEARBY—Attractively situated and in good order; also ready for immediate occupancy. Rent $1,500 each. For information address S. P. Wetherill, Jr., 602 Morris Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

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Mountain and Lake Resorts.
THE LACKAWANNA RAILROAD'S NEW SUMMER BOOK
will help you plan your vacation. Free at ticket offices, Broadway, cor. Wall St., cor. Howard St., cor. 28th St., cor. 42nd St., New York. Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

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New Hotel Breslin
On Lake Hopatcong, Mt. Arlington, N.J.
NOW OPEN UNDER ENTIRELY NEW MANAGEMENT, CATERING TO DISCRIMINATING PATRONAGE.
The Ideal Hotel at which to enjoy the Summer or the week-end. Elevation 1,400 ft. No malaria, no mosquitoes. Only 1 hour from N. Y. via D., L. & W. R. R. enables the business man to commute at $11.50 a month and get the benefit of the same cool, bracing mountain air which usually requires a day's travel.
300 rooms with hot and cold running water; 100 private bath suites. Motor boating, canoeing, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, saddle horses. Excellent motoring. Orchestra, cafe, grill. Booklet with auto maps and special June and family rates mailed. Phone No. 1 Hopatcong. G. FRANK COPE.

NEW JERSEY—Seabright.
Hotel Pannaci
SEA BRIGHT, N. J.
NOW OPEN—27th Season.
A Modern Seaside Hotel one hour from New York via the fast Atlantic Highlands boats.
Rooms and Suites, with private baths, facing the water. Excellent Bathing Beach and all Outdoor Amusements. American and European plan.
LARGE A LA CARTE RESTAURANT WITH SUPERIOR CUISINE AND SERVICE.
For Full Information and Rates address Reed & Comstock, Proprietors.
SUCCESSORS TO ED. PANNACI.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
THE Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Capacity 1100 400 Private Baths
Exquisite refined music every night throughout the year. Two blocks of Ocean front. Rolling Chairs, Horse-back riding, Golf, Theatres and countless amusements.
Ownership Management
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

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Facing the sea and overlooking the famous Boardwalk. Every room connected with private bath or having hot and cold running water. Capacity 600. WALTER J. BUZBY.

Hotel RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
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HOTEL GLADSTONE
Directly on the beach; rooms en suite, with baths, hot and cold salt water; elevator; booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

Absecon Virginia Ave. near beach
FIREPROOF. Open all year. Private baths, running water. An up-to-date hotel with every modern convenience. Booklet.

NEW HOTEL MERION
Homelike hotel of high class. Newly built orlck. Cuisine unsurpassed. Vermont Ave., near Beach.
MACK LATZ & CO.

NEW JERSEY—West End.
HOLLYWOOD HOTEL,
WEST END, N. J.
THIS WORLD-FAMOUS HOTEL now under the management of Dincin Bros.
NOW OPEN.
Ideal location. Wonderful surf bathing. Tennis courts on grounds. Private lake for boating and fishing. Hot and cold running water in every room. 100 private baths. Electric light. All modern improvements.
CAPACITY 500
For rates and beautiful booklet apply to HOLLYWOOD HOTEL, WEST END, N. J

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ST. JAMES HALL-IN-THE-PINES
for those desiring rest in the health-renewing air of Lakewood, N. J. Booklet. S-s. of St. Joseph.

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NEW MONTEREY
North Asbury Park, N. J.
Constructed of brick and stone.
Will open for its second season on SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1913.
Hot and cold sea water baths.
Superior cuisine. White service.
Long Distance Telephone.
Under the management of
FRANK F. SHUTE.
SHERMAN O. DENNIS, Ass't Manager.
Booking Representative now in attendance.

THE METROPOLITAN
Equipment Modern. Table Excellent.
The Leading Family Hotel in Every Respect.
Booklet and rates upon request,
FRANCIS YARNALL, Manager.

HOTEL THEDFORD 6th Av., overlooking ocean; suite with bath; refined patronage; booklet. HARRY DUFFIELD, Owner and Proprietor.

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THE TAK-A-NASS-EE
WEST END, N. J.
This up-to-the-minute hotel of concrete construction and possessing all improvements of the best city houses, continuing under the same management.
WILL OPEN JUNE 14TH.
It appeals to all appreciating exquisite music, dancing, tennis, golf, croquet, surf bathing, motoring, superior social attractions, and a most excellent cuisine and service.
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Facing the Broad Atlantic Yet Surrounded by Magnificent Shade Trees and Beautiful Lawns.
THE GLADSTONE
NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.
Opens in June for the Season of 1913
Extensive improvements have been made this season, a number of rooms having been equipped with new baths, the most sanitary plumbing and every modern convenience. The rooms have been redecorated and attractively refurnished throughout. With these improvements there are 100 rooms having private baths connecting, thus enabling the guests to enjoy the comforts and exclusiveness of home.
Cuisine famed for its culinary achievements. Morning and evening concerts. Write for literature. L. SMITH, Manager.

New Watch Hill House
Watch Hill, R. I.
On the Ideal Tour.
ALMON C. JUDD, MANAGER.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.
GOLF
Equinox House
MANCHESTER-IN-THE-MOUNTAINS, VERMONT.
Opens June 25
Large cottage to rent, adjoining hotel.

"The Call of VERMONT"
Send 2c. for illustrated Summer Vacation book giving the rates at 275 hotels and boarding places, the altitude, the number of people accommodated, distance from station, stage, steamer and electric connections, etc. Address Gen. East. Pass. Agent, Rutland R. R., 1216 Broadway, N. Y.

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112-Page Illustrated Brochure with information regarding 500 Summer Resorts in Vermont and shores Lake Champlain, with hotel, farm, and village home accommodations. Sent on receipt 4c. stamps for mailing. Address Summer Homes, No. 10, 385 B'way, N. Y.

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HOTEL MANOR
Shippan Point on-the-Sound
STAMFORD, CONN.
Opens June 14th.
A most exclusive Hotel. Directly on the water. Fifty minutes from N. Y. City. Golf, Tennis, Bathing and Bowling; Music; Garage; Cuisine and Service unsurpassed. Special rates to families for the season. For rate and booklet apply to
E. D. DE PUY, Prop.,
Formerly of the Plaza Hotel, N. Y. City.

Edgewood Inn
Greenwich, Conn.
New York's Ideal Suburban Hotel,
28 Miles from Town.
The Alfred S. Amer Co., Props.
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THE GRISWOLD
EASTERN POINT, NEW LONDON, CT.
Finest Summer Resort Hotel in America.
2½ hours from New York or Boston.
OPEN JUNE 16. H. D. SAXTON, Mgr.
305 5th Ave., Room 1402. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9957.

NEW JERSEY—Avon-by-the-Sea.
AVON-BY-THE-SEA.
THE NEW AVON INN
Avon by the Sea, N. J.
Directly on the Ocean. 75 minutes from New York. Service of the highest standard. Orchestra daily. Booklet. S. THOMAS PENNA.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.
NEW HOTEL CLINTON
EAST ORANGE
A complete hotel with the true home atmosphere. Near Brick Church Station on the Lackawanna and 30 minutes from Broadway. EDWARD SAMMIS,
Also The Tuthill Point, East Moriches, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—Caldwell.
GROVER HOUSE HOTEL, Caldwell, N. J. All home comforts; excellent table; special rates to families; transients $3 per day and up, according to room; hops semi-weekly; lawn tennis, croquet grounds, and pool room; own vegetables, poultry, eggs, &c. Phone 229 Caldwell.

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THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on the ocean. Now open. I. N. Moss.

NEW JERSEY—Newfoundland.
GREEN POND HOTEL, Newfoundland, N. J. On 3 Mile Lake. Bathing, fishing, canoeing dancing, tennis, pool, bowling. Write for booklet.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.
In the Mountains of Berkshire
HOTEL ASPINWALL
Lenox, Massachusetts,
Will Open Saturday, June 14.
ALMON C. JUDD, MANAGER.

WHITE MOUNTAINS
NEW PROFILE HOUSE
TWENTY COTTAGES. OPENS JULY 1ST. Clientele unexcelled. Here the best only can be obtained. Most desirable for permanent or transient guest.
ON IDEAL TOUR. Fine Garage. Golf. Tennis.
C. H. GREENLEAF, Pres.
Address E. B. RICH, 1180 Broadway, New York. Tel., Madison Square 4748.

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NEW HOTEL WEIRS,
WEIRS, N. H.
Ideal location. Rooms with or without bath. Music, dancing, etc. June to October. Write for Indian Head booklet and rates. LUCAS & LANCASTER, Props.

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KNICKERBOCKER HOTEL
Niantic, Conn.
Handsomely built, all improvements, two acres of lawn, boating, fishing and bathing, all amusements, 200 feet from beach, $10.00 and upward. Booklet.

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WEST VIRGINIA.
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
West Virginia
In the Mountains

Tennis, Golf, Riding, Driving, Motoring, Dancing, Magnificent Swimming Pool. No Flies or Mosquitoes. Sulphur and Medicinal Baths. Every Modern Convenience.
The present hotel opens June 25, the new Million Dollar Greenbrier, Oct. 1. Information, address GEORGE F. AUFMS, White Sulphur W. Va.

PENNSYLVANIA.
FAMOUS SUMMER RESORTS
DELAWARE WATER GAP, MOUNT POCONO, STROUDSBURG, CRESCO, POCONO SUMMIT, DELAWARE VALLEY.
INFORMATION BUREAUS:
NEW YORK: Broadway, Cor. Wall St., Cor. Howard St., Cor. 28th St., Cor. 42d St. BROOKLYN: 505 Fulton St. NEWARK: Broad and Market Sts.
Hawthorne Inn and Cottages, at Mt. Pocono, Penn., 1,800 feet up; 2½ hours from New York; air the driest; water the purest; fully furnished cottages connected with Inn, where the occupants take their meals; cottages rent from $250 to $450; service as well as ice and fire logs free. Address Ryerson W. Jennings, Wiscasset Heights, Mt. Pocono, Penn.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.
THE KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open and until December. Under entirely new management of owner. Improved throughout. Every hotel comfort and appointment; elevator, private baths, steam heat, &c.; cuisine a feature. Cafe and grill; orchestra. Early season rates. Booklet. Charles H. White of Atlantic City.
Karamac Inn, Delaware Water Gap, Penn.—High elevation; excellent table; all water sports, golf, tennis; booklet; June rate. H. PFLANZ, Prop.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.
Mt. Pleasant House Free garage. For booklet and rates address W. T. & M. LEECH, Mt. Pocono, Pa.
Illustrated booklet, giving hotels, boarding houses, cottages, rent. D. W. Megargel, Secretary Mt. Pocono Ass'n, Mt. Pocono, Pa.

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JUST OPENED.
THE VALLEVUE COUNTRY CLUB,
(For Convalescents,)
At
BEAUTIFUL
CENTRAL VALLEY, ORANGE CO.,
(Only 48 miles N. Y. City.)
Absolute privacy with medical service; a clean, quiet place in which to recuperate at moderate expense. Write or telephone.
THE VALLEVUE COUNTRY CLUB,
Central Valley, N. Y.

Highland Lakes
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
There are no vacation places quite like them. You get mountains, woods and lake all together at
Lake Winnipesaukee and Lake Sunapee
In the foothills of the great White Mountains, the very tang of the wholesome air makes you want to *do things*—and there are *so many* things to do!
Boating, fishing, bathing, camping, climbing, canoeing, driving, golf, tennis, social gayeties—it is like a dozen vacations in one.
There are fine hotels and jolly, hospitable people—all the happy times summer hotel life can bring. There are delightful boarding houses, farms, cottages, camps.
The informal, intimate cottage life is especially attractive.
If you want to get away from people you will find many charming secluded places.
Expenses are moderate.

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THROUGH SERVICE WITHOUT CHANGE
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THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Room 831 So. Station, Boston, Mass., or call at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, N. Y.
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Dancing to the music of the Victrola is a favorite pastime

Turkey Trots, Tangos, and other dance numbers. Hear them at any Victor dealer's.
Victor-Victrolas $15 to $200
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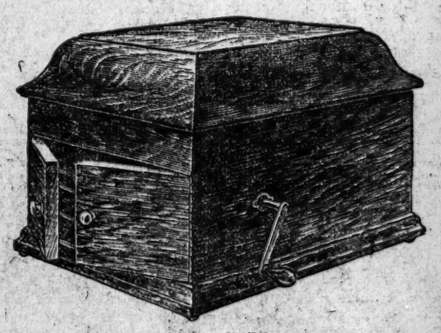
Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, N. J.
Victor His Master's Voice REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Victor-Victrola IV, $15
Oak


Victor-Victrola VIII, $40
Oak

A Daily Army

In the Summer visitors flock to New York at the rate of 100,000 daily.

They come to the greatest Summer resort in the world. They are looking for shopping announcements so that they may purchase wisely. Have you arranged to tell them what you have to offer? The morning newspaper is their only source of information.

A recent canvass of New York's leading hotels for sales of newspapers gives the following figures:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	861
Second morning newspaper	553
Third " "	360
Fourth " "	333
Fifth " "	332
Sixth " "	154
Seventh " "	95
Eighth " "	46

The sale of THE NEW YORK TIMES is more than 50% greater than the second newspaper and nearly as great as the COMBINED sales of the second and third newspapers.

THE NEW YORK TIMES is the best medium in which to advertise your offerings to these 100,000 daily visitors.

Telephone Bryant 1000 for details of special Summer plan.

Victrola Summer Offer by
34 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE., 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

To purchasers of $15.00 or $25.00 Victrolas for use in Summer homes or at the seashore we make the following proposition:

Return the Victrola in the Fall in good condition and we will allow you full credit toward the purchase price of a higher priced Victrola.

We will box and ship same to any address.

Talking Machine Dept., 3d Floor.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Low pressure and showery weather prevail in the Rocky Mountain region. Over the remainder of the country generally clear weather continued, except in the North Pacific and South Atlantic States, where there were showers, the latter mainly due to a moderate depression off the North Carolina Coast.

There was a general rise in temperature, except over the sections where showers occurred, where they are below the seasonal average, especially in the South Atlantic States.

There are no present indications of any widespread changes in the weather during the next few days. Showers will occur at scattered points in the Rocky Mountain region and in the extreme Northwest, but over the remainder of the country fair weather will prevail.

Temperatures will rise in the South and East, and will fall in the Northwest Friday night or Saturday. Over central portions of the country they will change but little.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest and northeast.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds, mostly west, and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks:

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Friday; warmer in extreme south portion. Saturday, fair; moderate, variable winds.

New Jersey—Fair Friday and Saturday; moderate, variable winds.

New England—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; warmer; moderate, variable winds.

Western New York—Fair Friday; warmer in West portion. Saturday, fair; moderate south and southwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and Saturday, without decided temperature changes; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	64	64	4 P. M.	75	82
6 A. M.	63	63	6 P. M.	71	73
9 A. M.	69	68	9 P. M.	71	60
12 M.	78	11 P. M.		69	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 71; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 68.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 69; at 8 P. M. it was 62. Maximum temperature 83 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 59 degrees at 10 A. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 71 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 28.98 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.00 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:50—253 Henry St.; H. Koneseberg	Trifling
1:13—414 Grand St.; H. W. Pearlman & Co.	$2,000
1:40—280 Delancey St.; G. Zueber	Trifling
2:50—220 Canal St.; A. Cohen	Trifling
4:20—291 5th Av.; Mary Elizabeth's Tea and Candy Shop	$2,500
10:30—200 W. 131st St.; George Einstein	$50
F. M.	
4:05—16th St. and East River; Willard Parker Hospital	Trifling
4:30—754 8th Av.; Wine Growers' Association	Trifling
4:50—1,253 Amsterdam Av.; A. Deband	Trifling
6:05—339 E. 20th St.; not given	Trifling
6:20—792 Washington St.; E. Spellman & Co.	Trifling
6:45—52d St. and 11th Av.	Trifling
6:45—400 W. 26th St.; Mazett & Co.	Trifling
7:20—310 E. 139th St.; Goldbeck	Trifling
7:50—73 East 98th St.; Harry Conn.	Trifling
7:50—735 East 13th; Eagle Smelting Works	$15
8:15—927 Grant Av.; Wilfred Kelleher	Trifling
8:15—2 Vesey St.; Louis Frede	$300
8:25—177½ Stanton St.; not given	Trifling
8:30—1,442 Avenue A; Mary Back	Trifling
8:30—Highbridge Park, opposite 172d St.	Trifling
8:35—267 Bowery; Morgenbesser & Co.	Trifling
8:50—407 East 82d St.; Emil Friedenlander	Trifling
9:00—158 West Houston St.; Archie Raubucci	Trifling
9:52—1,380 Washington Av.; Sarah Grossioks	Trifling

EDUCATION NOTES.

Open-air playgrounds and athletic fields will be established at the Morris High School Athletic Field, 166th Street and Boston Road, the Bronx; Greene Avenue, between Marcy and Nostrand Avenues, Brooklyn; Eleventh and Twelfth Streets, between First and Second Avenues, Manhattan. Elsie A. Williams and Gustave G. Schoenchen have been appointed teachers of physical training in the vacation playgrounds, and Florence Markowitz as pianist.

The Board of Education deems it necessary that brilliant electric lights should be provided for lecture centres in order to attract the attention of the public. It has therefore requested the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity to furnish sufficient current so that two arc lights may be placed upon each school building in which lectures are conducted, the lights to be used on lecture nights. It is purposed to have the lights in operation by Oct. 1 and continued during the lecture season.

The salary of Wendel M. Thomas, Assistant Supervisor of Lectures, has been increased from $2,100 to $2,500 a year. He has been in the employ of the Board of Education for upward of five years.

Menry M. Leipziger, Supervisor of Lectures, has been authorized to arrange a special course of lectures on educational and other topics to be given by special lecturers, the total number not to exceed forty, and that for this special course a fee of $50 a lecture be allowed.

The Board of Education has appropriated $750 for press publicity, whatever that means, in connection with Supervisor Leipziger's lecture course. Two newspaper men are in the employ of this bureau as press agents, one for Manhattan, another for Brooklyn.

Owing to the fact that the Regents' examination will be held in the Morris High School next week, the Board of Education has decided to keep that school open on Borough Day in the Bronx, June 20. All of the other schools in that borough will be closed on that date so far as the pupils and the regular teachers are concerned; but as there is a lot of school work to be done before the close of the season, the board has granted permission to the additional teachers in the Bronx schools to render service on June 20 and to receive pay for such service.

A probationary school will be opened in Public School 6, Brooklyn, on the opening of new Public Schools 173 and 174.

The compensation attached to the position of janitor of the new Washington Irving High School has been fixed at $23,330. When the pay of female and male help and other expenses are made, $3,000 will remain for the janitor's salary.

The charges of neglect of duty preferred against Mrs. Isabella D. Markey, a teacher in Public School 29, the Bronx, have been withdrawn.

The Board of Estimate has been requested to recommend to the Board of Aldermen the establishment of the position of statistician, with yearly salary of $4,000, in the office of City Superintendent Maxwell.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ALEXANDER, JAMES, (died Nov. 13;) net estate, $98,057.74; personal chattels, $80,770; two bonds, International & Great Northern Railroad, $2,005; three shares Citizens Central National Bank, $300; 100 shares Sound Realty Company, $4,000; realty, $12,000, 916 St. Nicholas Avenue.

BRADY, PATRICK, (died Nov. 19, 1911;) net estate, $17,347.06; bank account, $200; interest in P. Brady & Son Co., $19,089.

CORNING, EDWIN (died Dec. 6;) net estate, $17,535; bank account, $1,711.08; promissory notes, $2,300; 1,000 shares Comstock Tunnel Company, $80; 600 shares Bay State Gas Company, $300; 20 shares Consolidated Gas Company, $2,785; 20 shares American Malt Corporation, $1,180; 10 shares People's Gas Light and Coke Company, $1,145; 50 shares Union Pacific; Railroad preferred, $4,625; one bond Chicago Gas Light and Coke Company, $1,021.25.

DALY, MARY R., (died June 28;) net estate, $5,411.04; bank accounts, $6,521; personal chattels, $30.

DUNCAN, STEPHEN B., (died Dec. 15, 1912;) net New York estate, $6,978.72; realty at Ardsley, N. Y.

HART, MIRIAM J., (died Sept. 3, 1911;) net estate, $20,893.88; mortgage on 307 West Eighty-ninth Street, $15,000; equity in realty, $716 Fulton Avenue, Queens County, $2,250; 329 and 331 Ward Street, Richmond Hill, $700; 54 West Eighty-fourth Street, $10,000.

MARTINE, LUCRETIA A., (died Nov. 5;) net estate, $20,536; bank accounts, $6,634; mortgage, 561 West 161st Street, $12,500; mortgage on 262 Prospect Avenue, $1,500; 2 bonds, New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Company, $1,000; 5 bonds, Interborough Rapid Transit Company, $1,815; 1 bond, Erie Railroad Company, $902.50; 1 bond, Pennsylvania Railroad Company, $966.25; 10 shares American Can and Foundry Company preferred, $1,190; 50 shares United States Steel preferred, $5,612.50; 10 shares American Sugar Refining Company, $1,215; 25 shares Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad preferred, $2,550; 10 shares Great Northern Railroad Company preferred, $1,390.

WALTER, MARIE ANTOINETTE, (died April 5, 1912;) net estate, $2,272.93; bank accounts, $9,538.44; furniture, $468.50.

WOLFF, DOROTHEA, (died April 9, 1912;) net estate, $660,601.77; bank accounts, $2,312.56; furnishings of residence at 12 East Seventieth Street, $52,532; 15 shares United States Trust Company, $16,800; 90 shares Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, $21,600; 1 bond, New York City, $21,450; 1 bond, New York City, $51,125; trust fund in Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, $206,877; trust fund in Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, $184,897; trust fund in Fifth Avenue Trust Company, $4,965.75; realty, $125,000; residence at 12 East Seventieth Street.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 132.

Assignments, (Temporary.)—Lieutenant: Dominick G. Riley, 6th Precinct, to Detective Division, 5 days, from 2 P. M. June 11. Patrolmen, to Detective Division as indicated: R. Pagano, 10th, 5 days, from 1 P. M. June 11; W. B. Kirk, 14th, 5 days, from 8 A. M. June 11; W. R. Smith, 43d, 5 days, from 3 P. M. June 11; A. Nicolay, 174th, 5 days, from 1 P. M. June 11. Matron: Adele D. Prieas, 5th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 6 P. M. June 12.

Leaves of Absence, (with full pay.)—Captain: Edward J. Toole, Bridge A, 1 day, from noon, June 17, to be deducted from vacation. (Without pay.) Patrolman: J. Bradley, 42d, 1 day, from 12 P. M. June 12.

Advancement to grades: Patrolmen.—To $1,400 Grade, June 8—F. G. Wilson, 1st; C. J. Dwyer, 6th; J. P. O'Neil, 7th; H. S. Smith, 7th; W. Reilly, 8th; J. B. Begley, 10th; F. Miller, 13th; G. F. Raeburn, 15th; O. C. Hettler, 16th; F. Koch, 21st; G. F. Green, 22d; A. L. McManus, 22d; J. McManus, 26th; T. H. Mullins, 26th; G. J. Green, 28th; J. J. Griffin, 31st; W. W. Barry, 32d; M. Harris, 35th; T. Callan, 39th; D. McCarthy, 40th; J. McNamara, 42d; J. Wolin, 42d; H. B. Schopper, 42d; W. F. McKiernan, 61st; C. McTernan, 63d; E. F. W. Seyler, 65th; J. Scarlett, H. C. Meyer, 69th; T. J. McGlone, 74th; J. F. X. Day, 74th; J. T. Rhodes, 80th; P. Finau, 96th; W. J. Kenna, 145th; L. R. Stokes, 146th; W. R. Gjerlang, 146th; P. Burke, 148th; W. A. Cook, 152d; F. J. Bourque, 154th; J. A. O'Donnell, 156th; J. J. Govern, 157th; T. English, 158th; W. A. Bracken, 160th; C. Schmitt, 163d; A. R. Dunleavy, 164th; A. E. Hensler, 170th; S. M. Hamilton, 172d; W. J. McCarthy, 270th; W. J. Lederman, 277th; R. Hall, 285th; J. Cassetti, D. B.; T. Falls, Boiler Squad; R. J. Hubbard, 15th District; W. P. Meaney, Traffic A; P. T. Powers, Traffic C; E. M. Trelber, C. O. Squad; R. Kohler, C. O. Squad; L. J. Campomenosi, 2d; T. Linehan, 5th; P. Wubnig, 7th; J. Gucker, 7th; P. P. Corcoran, 10th; J. B. Tomann, 10th; J. F. Spath, 15th; E. V. Doyle, 15th; R. F. O'Brien, 17th; A. Samish, 21st; E. Campbell, 22d; J. F. McGraw, 23d; J. J. S. McGee, 26th; D. J. Burns, 26th; J. J. Melody, 29th; D. Gurry, 32d; P. Levy, 22d; C. C. Thiel, 37th; P. J. O'Neill, 40th; T. A. Lynch, 42d; J. J. J. Garrigan, 42d; J. M. Singer, 42d; O. W. Johanson, 43d; F. Tietjen, 63d; F. Berger, 65th; R. E. Winkelman, 68th; G. A. McCadden, 69th; J. L. Conner, 69th; J. T. McCarthy, 74th; J. E. Monahan, 79th; M. J. McCormack, 89th; J. C. V. McGowan, 143d; M. Bonanno, 145th; A. C. Hoffman, 146th; E. C. Guthrie, 148th; P. L. Heckel, 149th; E. W. Keegan, 153d; H. J. Schroeder, 154th; P. McGarty, 156th; J. Fries, 157th; J. J. Meyers, 160th; B. McBnaney, 162d; E. T. Slak, 164th; W. P. Gardner, 169th; E. Ghiggeri, 171st; O. Kliepera, 274th; P. Fitzmaurice, 276th; J. B. Decker, 282d; B. C. Christie, Detective Bureau; H. Bauernschmidt, Detective Bureau; O. C. Reiman, 1st District; A. Kelly, 16th District; P. Leddy, Traffic C; J. P. Kennedy, Traffic C; G. Steuerhof, C. O. Squad; T. M. Shaw, School for Recruits.

To $1,000 Grade, June 10.—S. Centrello, 8th; J. T. Collins, 36th; C. E. Conahan, 36th; W. F. Cox, 36th; H. Frelloehr, 36th; F. A. Furst, 36th; E. H. Lehmann, 36th; J. F. Lacey, 36th; G. E. Kane, 36th; J. J. Higginson, 36th; J. J. McMahon, 36th; L. Rafsky, 36th; J. V. Riordan, 36th; F. Taggart, 36th; E. Tesler, 36th; J. L. Wynne, 36th; R. F. Wassung, 36th; J. Zeller, 36th; C. P. Brohm, 37th; M. Buckley, 37th; J. T. Gough, 37th; W. J. Mooney, 37th; H. J. F. Lussen, 37th; M. G. MacClelland, 37th; H. Mauderer, 37th; M. F. McLaughlin, 37th; J. W. Ray, 37th; E. S. Fletcher, 42d; C. E. Gilroy, 42d; J. L. Wendel, 42d; J. J. Conway, 74th; W. J. Koop, 74th; J. J. Post, 74th; C. H. Russell, 81st; T. Harrington, 81st; A. Anderson, 81st; C. W. Oehler, 145th; S. E. Blythe, 145th; J. F. Stender, 146th; G. J. Salg, 146th; W. C. Behrens, 149th; R. W. Dugan, 150th; W. Fields, 151st; J. P. O'Leary, 151st; P. F. Horan, 155th; J. Beatty, 155th; J. C. Wheat, 157th; W. F. Maybeck, 157th; R. J. Beckmann, 158th; F. H. Crane, 160th; H. H. Wagner, 161st; J. Meyer, 163d; R. Frost, 163d; J. Fox, 164th; J. F. McLaughlin, 165th; J. Reis, 166th; J. Smith, 166th; S. E. Thompson, 171st; G. T. McNulty, 172d; F. Wangerman, 274th; I. Mindlehan, 274th; P. Brennan, 275th; H. D. C. Weber, 278th; M. J. Brennan, 279th; M. Koenig, 283d; L. Moses, D. D.; G. C. Leavitt, 14th District; P. J. Flynn, C. O.; F. W. Trommer, 42d, June 1.

Charges Dismissed.—Lieut. James H. Greene, 160th, May 19, improperly instructed patrolman. Patrolmen Edward M. Connors, 144th, Dec. 2, 1912, conduct unbecoming an officer; John J. McCamley, 160th, May 19, improper action.

Death.—Lieut. James E. Fitzpatrick, 276th, 2:15 P. M. June 11.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 114.

Penalties: Fireman, third grade, James J. Kelly, Engine 11. Charge: Absence without leave; fined 10 days' pay. Fireman, second grade, John F. Crane, Engine 21. Conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline; reprimanded. Fireman, third grade, Herman L. J. Barthen, Engine 21, and fireman, second grade, Paul F. M. Kuveke, Engine 21. Conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline; reprimanded. Fireman, fourth grade, James J. Collins, Engine 28. Absence without leave; 10 days' pay.

Charge dismissed: Ununiformed Fireman John Schwengels, Engine 19. Absence without leave.

Detail: Stenographer and Typewriter Thomas R. Lahey, Bureau of Prevention, to Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, to take effect at 9 A. M., June 10.

Special leave of absence without pay: Capt. Victor A. Coakley, Engine 10, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., June 13.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Report of Mr. Fuld, transmitting letters as evidence of employment by the Concord Construction Company of Moses Berman, and of a course with the International Correspondence School of John Woods, candidates in the examination for structural steel draughtsman. Recommends that the letters be filed.

Report of Mr. Fuld, transmitting three letters as evidence of the truth of statements as to experience made by John F. Kelly, a candidate in the examination for gymnasium attendant.

Report of the Chief Examiner to the effect that the following-named persons have successfully passed the non-competitive examination for the position of monitor in the office of the commission: Mary V. Ruddy, R. B. Perez, Anna Duffy.

Supplemental report of Mr. Fuld, relative to his investigation of the experience stated by candidates in the examination for mechanical draughtsman, sanitary.

Report of Mr. Rafferty, relative to Bertine P. Carman, Jr., 1913 Stanhope Street, Brooklyn, a candidate in the recent examination for fireman, concerning whom an anonymous communication was sent to the commission. Mr. Rafferty says there does not seem to be much merit in the communication, and that the candidate was rejected in the medical examination.

Report of Mr. Fuld of the investigation of the statements made on their experience papers by the sixteenth group of ten candidates who have recently been appointed from the list of nurses. Attention is called to the case of Mrs. Augusta Unger (nee Hoarman.)

Supplemental report of Mr. Fuld, relative to the investigation of the employment of Harry Tucker, a candidate for laboratory assistant, chemical.

Report of Mr. Fuld of his investigation of the experience of two candidates recently appointed from the list of gymnasium attendant, male.

The commission has not approved the request of Philip H. Hargrave, Flushing and Jamaica Avenues, Flushing, L. I., that his name be restored to the list of Inspector of carpentry and masonry. He was appointed in the Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan, on April 14, 1911, and resigned under charges of absence without leave on April 17, 1913.

United States.

The eligible list for Post Office clerk will be promulgated about June 25. Notices to the successful candidates will be mailed on or about that date. There are 2,200 names on the list. The physical examination of 100 of the successful candidates has already been made. All the applicants will be notified at the same time.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for philatelist, for both men and women, on June 23, to fill a vacancy in this position in the National Museum, Washington, D. C., at a salary of $1,200 a year, and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications. The duties of this position will consist of overhauling and arranging, according to countries and issues, the collection of stamps now in storage in the museum, and in mounting this collection for exhibition. The person appointed as a result of this examination will be employed approximately a year, and possibly for a longer period. Competitors will not be required to appear at any place for examination, but will be rated upon statements of their qualifications contained in the application and examination form and corroborative evidence as to their qualifications, integrity, and reliability. Practical experience as a postage stamp dealer or collector is a prerequisite for consideration for this position. Age, 21 years or over on the date of the examination.

Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

Vote Funds to Enlarge Art Museum.

The Board of Estimate passed unanimously yesterday the resolution recommending the issue of $750,000 corporate stock to provide for the construction of an additional wing to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The extra space is to be used for the exhibition of the J. P. Morgan loan collection, which has been kept in storage in the Museum for lack of space to display it.

Sons of American Revolution to Meet

A meeting of the Empire State Society, Sons of the American Revolution, will be held on Tuesday evening, June 17, at the First Presbyterian Church, Rochester, N. Y. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Rob Roy Converse, and Charles E. Ogden, Vice President of the Rochester Chapter.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:28|Sun sets..7:31|Moon sets..12:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:37	3:13	8:48	9:34
Governors Island	2:50	3:37	9:23	10:12
Hell Gate	4:40	5:27	11:03	*11:52

Arrived—Thursday, June 12.

SS Monviso, Lisbon, May 28.
SS Curityba, Nipe, June 10.
SS Cairdon, Cienfuegos, June 3.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, June 9.
SS Caracas, San Juan, June 7.
SS Metapan, Kingston, June 7.
SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, June 10.
SS Fitzpatrick, Cardiff, May 29.
SS Cibao, Port Antonio, June 3.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, June 9.
SS Herman Franck, Baltimore, June 10.
SS Mendoza, Naples, May 26.
SS Yaguez, Porto Rico, June 5.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Adriatic	Liverpool	June 5
Louisiane	Las Palmas	May 27
Jelling	Guantanamo	June 5
Voltorno	Rotterdam	May 29
Kansas City	Swansea	May 27
Floride	Havre	May 31
Kentucky	Algiers	May 27
Morro Castle	Havana	June 8
Mississippi	Havre	June 1
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 13
El Cid	Galveston	June 7

DUE TO-MORROW.

Amerika	Hamburg	June 6
Campania	Liverpool	June 7
New York	Southampton	June 7
Verona	Naples	May 31
Colon	Colon	June 8
Lampasas	Galveston	June 7
Etonian	Antwerp	June 4
Ikbal	Hamburg	June 3
Lenape	Jacksonville	June 11
Crispan	Barbados	June 8
Grenada	Port of Spain	June 6
Erlangen	Bremen	June 1
Mongibello	Gibraltar	May 30

DUE SUNDAY.

Columbia	Glasgow	June 7
Touraine	Havre	June 7
San Giovanni	Naples	May 31
Pannonia	Gibraltar	June 5
Bremen	Bremen	June 4
Brazos	San Juan	June 10
Algonquin	St'o Domingo	June 5
Napo	Barbados	June 8
Norden	Cardenas	June 10
Progreso	Port Spain	June 5
City of Savannah	Savannah	June 12

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Frutera, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem IV., Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Olympic, Southampton	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Carl Schurz, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Vestris, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Pres. Lincoln, Hamburg		3:00 P.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow		3:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London		1:30 P.M.
Ancona, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Kursk, Libau		2:00 P.M.
Martha Washington, Trieste		3:00 P.M.
San Giacinto, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Bayanom, San Juan		12:00 M.
Perugia, Naples		2:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
El Siglo, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Madison, Norfolk	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 12.

SS Volturno, Rotterdam to New York, was 320 miles E. at noon; due 13th, 3 P. M.
SS Adriatic, Liverpool to New York, was 360 miles E. at 7:10 P. M.; due 13th, 7 P. M. White Star Line.

FASTNET, IRELAND.

SS Cedric, New York to Liverpool, was 226 miles W. at noon; due Queenstown 13th, 6 A. M. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Lampassa, Galveston to New York, was 270 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 313 miles S. at noon.
SS Moro Castle, Vera Cruz to New York, was 421 miles S. at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, passed Heald Bank at 6:45 P. M.
SS Perfection, Charleston to New York, was 345 miles S. of Cape Hatteras at 8 A. M.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, passed Tybee at 6 P. M.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 105 miles N. of Charleston at 7 P. M.
SS Rayo, Baton Rouge to New York, passed Jupiter at 7 P. M.
SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 235 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 104 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Santa Rosa, at Rio de Janeiro, June 9.
SS Deutschland, at Copenhagen, June 9.
SS America, at Naples, June 12.
SS Calabria, at Leghorn, June 11.
SS New York City, at Bristol, June 12.
SS River Clyde, at Maolio, June 10.
SS Vasari, at Montevideo, June 10.
SS Clan Murray, at Port Natal, June 11.
SS Orotava, at Bermuda, June 12.
SS Prinz Joachim, at Santiago, June 12.

Sailed.

SS Imperator, from Southampton, June 12.
SS Celtic, from Liverpool, June 12.
SS Majestic, from Queenstown, June 12.
SS Carpathia, from Gibraltar, June 12.
SS Re d'Italia, from Genoa, June 9.
SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., from Algiers, June 8.
SS Kansas, from Algiers, June 9.
SS Charlton Hall, from St. Lucia, June 9.
SS Purely, from Middlesboro, June 11.
SS Baron Ardrossan, from Port Natal, June 11.
SS Principessa Laetitia, from Leghorn, June 7.
SS Jeseric, from Hongkong, June 7.
SS Ocean, from Rotterdam, June 11.
SS Koroma, from St. Thomas, June 12.
SS Austrian Prince, from River Plate, June 10.
SS Tagus, from Barbados, June 11.
SS Hyades, from Barbados, June 9.

Passed.

SS Potsdam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia	June 13
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	June 15
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—China	June 16
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Chicago Maru	June 19
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Nurnberg	June 19
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka	June 20
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Ventura	June 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Marama	July 4

On Steamship Piers.

Double postage is required except for Sea Post vessels. Whenever mail vessels of the American, Cunard, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, White Star, New York and Cuba Mail, New York and Porto Rico, Panama, and Red D Lines sail between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., supplementary mails are opened on the steamship piers one and a half hours before sailing time and close ten minutes before sailing time. There is no pier supplementary mail for the Cunard Wednesday steamers sailing at 1 A. M., but supplementary mail, prepaid double postage, is accepted at the Foreign Station after the close of the regular mail and up to 10:30 P. M.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, May 13; Manila, May 16; Shanghai, May 16; Yokohama, May 24, and Honolulu, June 4—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east at 7:20 P. M., June 10, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, June 15.

For Latest Shipping See Page 3.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

CONCANNAN, MICHAEL, (died June 10;) left less than $200 personalty to daughter, Elizabeth M. Concannan.

DEVLIN, MARY J., (died May 5;) left $10,000 realty and $5,000 personalty to brother, Samuel B. Devlin.

FRANCIS, GEORGE B., (died June 9;) left unspecified realty and more than $10,000 personalty; $100 to son, George B. Francis, Jr., residue to wife, Florence S. Francis.

GILLY, KATHERINE M., (died May 31;) left unspecified property to father, Edward M. Gilly.

MACKENZIE, FRED J., (died April 19;) left $800 personalty to wife, Carrie A. Mackenzie.

MANDELBAUM, FANNIE, (died June 6;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $5,000 to son, Abraham; $8,000 to daughter, Bella Delmonte, $12,000 to Jennie Basch.

MORAN, WILLIAM, (died June 2;) left unspecified property; $10,000 to sister-in-law, Isabella H. Balentine; residue to wife, Maggie Moran.

SMITH, THERESA, (died May 23;) left $3,000 realty and $4,000 personalty; jewels and $500 to sister, Edith A. McCormick; residue in equal shares to brother, William J. MacDonald, and niece, Lillie Fagan.

TAYLOR, PAULINE KEANE, (died June 3;) left more than $5,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty; $300 to Thomas A. Phelan; $100 each to Paul Phelan, Harold Phelan, Thomas A. Phelan, Jr., Cortlandt E. Taylor, and Katherine K. Phelan; $10 to David Keane; $2,500 to Katherine McNerney; $300 to Margaret Murphy; about $100 to Alfred Phelan.

WALLACH, PHILLIPPINA, (died May 31;) left $3,000 personalty in equal shares to children, Bella Folk, Sadie Semmerfield, Isaac and Jacob Wallach.

HIS VICTORY EXPENSIVE.

Gets Verdict of Six Cents, but Must Pay Costs of Western Union Suit.

The trouble which began for James J. Connelly, a contractor, when his telegram to his fiancée fixing the date for their wedding miscarried, followed him into court yesterday. Judge Schmuck instructed the jury to give Mr. Connelly a verdict of 6 cents against the Western Union Telegraph Company and assessed the costs of the action, $38.30, against the contractor. Mr. Connelly had sued for $1,500.

While he was in Utica, N. Y., on June 22, 1912, Mr. Connelly addressed to his fiancée, Miss Burns of 603 West End Avenue, in this city, this telegram:

"I will be at Mannion's to-night at 12. JIM."

In a code which they had arranged between them the message meant, according to Mr. Connelly, that their marriage should take place on June 24, 1912. The telegram was not delivered, and a misunderstanding arose between Miss Burns and Mr. Connelly and their engagement was broken for a time. The contractor said that he incurred these expenses because the postponement of the wedding: $37 for entertaining relatives at hotels, $38.30 for extra expenses, and $35.70 for extra food supplies.

The telegraph company set up as a defense the clause printed on the back of all telegraph blanks stating that only the cash paid for the message would be returned as damages for its non-delivery unless the message was repeated. Therefore Judge Schmuck directed the members of the jury to return a verdict of 6 cents and ordered Connelly to pay the costs.

J. Augustus Johnson Sails.

Among the passengers sailing yesterday for Liverpool on the White Star liner Baltic was J. Augustus Johnson, one of the Directors of the Legal Aid Society, and Chairman of the Seamen's Branch and Committee on Immigration of the society. He will remain away six months. During his stay in England Mr. Johnson intends to investigate the operation of Legal Aid Societies in that country. His son is attached to the United States Embassy in London as Third Secretary.

Get the New Folder That Tells About This New Pleasure Tour

Only $300 to Japan and Back

TIME REDUCED NEARLY ONE WEEK!

10 Days Now to Japan—15 Days to China

A wonderful, luxurious 10 days on one of the splendid new ships now in service on the Canadian Pacific Line—finest vessels ever brought to Pacific waters—shorten the voyage almost one week—Japan in 10 days, China in 15 days—a long voyage made short.

Provide elaborately-furnished single and two berth staterooms and suites with private bath, sumptuous library, lounging, smoking and writing rooms. Magnificent dining salon, unique veranda cafe, spacious promenade decks, a gymnasium and laundry.

Empress of Russia—Empress of Asia

Set a new standard for Pacific service and bring Pacific Ocean travelers every luxury that has made modern liners famous.

The week's time saving gives *two extra weeks* on the round trip to spend in sight-seeing or transacting business.

The ten days on the cool, blue Pacific is the most delightful cruise you could plan—restful, invigorating, with every day bringing new interests and pleasures.

While Japan fascinates every visitor with its scenic beauty, amusing sights, novel scenes and a hospitable and always happy people.

All the interests and pleasures of this unique trip are described in a handsome and entertaining folder just off the press, which also gives further details in regard to these new Royal Mail and Passenger Steamers.

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(62)

GEORGE WASHINGTON
SAILS SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 10 A. M.
KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE
SAILS TUESDAY, JUNE 17, 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

Express Sailings — Twin-Screw Sailings

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm...June 21 | Berlin.....June 19
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....June 24 | Sierra Nevada (direct).....June 21
Kronprinz Wilhelm.....July 1 | Bremen.....July 3

BALTIMORE-BREMEN DIRECT one cabin (II) Wednesdays

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa MEDITERRANEAN Prinzess Irene..July 5 Koenig Albert..Aug. 2

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NORWAY and POLAR REGIONS, July 5, from Bremen

In 1912 the North German Lloyd carried more passengers in all classes, First, Second and Steerage—eastbound and westbound—North Atlantic service, than any other line.

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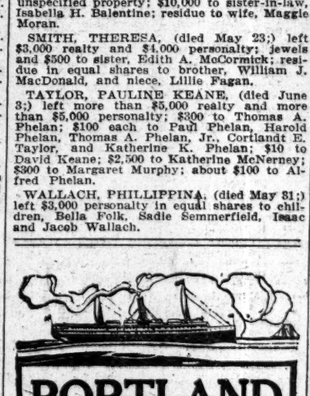
The Key to Europe



PORTLAND

Whether for pleasure or business the way to Portland at this time of year is by water.

The sea just now is at perfection. The day and night at sea are a rest and a delight. You entirely escape dust and fatigue.

Staterooms, service and cuisine aboard the steel steamships North Land and North Star leave nothing to be desired. Wireless.

Fares lower than by rail.

Leave Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren St., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 5 P.M. Also Mondays beginning June 23 at 10.30 A.M. Fare, $6; round trip

BACK TO THE BASIS OF STEEL MERGER

Government Gets Gary to Admit Carnegie and Federal, Trust Nucleus, Were Competitors.

BUT RIVALRY NOT GREAT

The Reason Being Their Territories Were Apart—Rails Sold for $16 Which Are Now $28.

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, admitted yesterday in the suit for its dissolution that the Carnegie and Federal Steel Companies were in competition to some extent when they were combined. The Steel Corporation grew out of a plan to sell the Carnegie Company to the Federal, the other plants being brought into the merger as the negotiations proceeded. J. M. Dickinson, therefore, was bent on showing that the backbone of the combination was the merger of two competing companies.

Judge Gary had made the same admission to the Stanley Committee, and yesterday Judge Dickinson read this from his testimony concerning the Carnegie Company and the Illinois Steel Company, afterward the Federal:

They were substantially in competition—I don't want to minimize that—especially in rails, but when you consider the respective territories of the two there was not so much competition as would appear.

Judge Gary said that this testimony was correct and that at one time the Illinois Steel Company sold rails in the Pittsburgh district for $16 and the Carnegie company in Chicago for $18. The standard price is now $28.

Judge Gary said he would admit willingly that this competition had its effect on the Illinois company.

"The Illinois company," he said, "was forced to sell below cost, and was fast getting into bankruptcy. I think the Carnegie company always made some money because it made diversified products, which is a great advantage."

"Were they making money on rails?"

"I don't think so."

"Would you be surprised to learn," pursued Judge Dickinson, "that the records show that rails were the chief product of the Carnegie company and showed the most profit?"

"In the old days," replied Judge Gary, "the books frequently showed a profit where there was no profit. There has been a material change in that respect, due largely to Charles M. Schwab."

Judge Gary admitted that both the Carnegie and Illinois Steel Companies made sheared plates, tin plate bars, billets, and merchant steel, as well as rails. Questions about the American Steel and Wire Company, before it was taken over by the Steel Corporation led Judge Gary to remark:

"John W. Gates was the dominant factor. I don't want to say anything against him. His idea of business management differed from those of the men in control of the iron and steel industry now."

The Steel and Wire Company, Judge Gary said, controlled about 60 per cent. of the wire business of the country when it was taken over, but had considerably less now. Judge Dickinson thought this acquisition showed a plan to monopolize, but Judge Gary said:

"The subject of monopoly never came up when the Steel Corporation was formed. I didn't know the percentages of output of the companies taken over, did not know the amount of competition they had, and did not consider the question of monopoly."

He admitted having told the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives that the Steel Corporation controlled 70 per cent. of the ores in the Lake Superior district.

"I found out later," he said, "that I was terribly mistaken." Judge Gary's cross-examination will go on this morning.

PILAT PARK ARCHITECT.

Man Who Has Designed Many Country Estates Succeeds Lay.

Carl F. Pilat of the firm of Hinchman & Pilat, 52 Broadway, was chosen by the Park Board yesterday to succeed Charles D. Lay as landscape architect of the Park Department. Mr. Lay resigned six weeks ago. At the last meeting of the board it was decided to submit four names to Mayor Gaynor and let him make a choice. Mr. Pilat's name was on the list. The salary is $4,000 a year.

Mr. Pilat is 38 years old, unmarried, and a graduate of Cornell University in the class of 1900. He received the degree of B. S. in the College of Agriculture. He has been associated with Frederick B. Hinchman for thirteen years, and at one time was associated with Warren H. Manning, who studied under Frederick Law Olmsted. He has designed estates on Long Island, in New Jersey, and Westchester County, including those of Cleveland H. Dodge at Riverdale, Spencer Trask, and the late Edward M. Shepard at Lake George; the Barones von Zimmerman and E. K. Cone in Westchester County, and the memorial park for Theodore N. Vail in New Jersey. He contributed to the development of Nelson Park and to the grounds around the United Hospital in Westchester County. He designed the Orange playground for the City of Orange, N. J.

WON'T ACCEPT CONFESSION.

Justice Crane Refuses to Grant Divorce on Corespondent's Admission.

In the matter of a violation of the marriage vow, Justice Crane does not believe there is one law for a woman and another for a man, and in consequence he refused yesterday in the Queens County Supreme Court to grant a divorce to Lovel S. Burtis, Jr., on the ground that he did not believe in accepting voluntary confessions made by corespondents as conclusive evidence. Douglas Chesterton of Cedarhurst was the only witness against Mrs. Burtis, who was not in court, and was not represented by counsel. Mr. Chesterton testified that the allegations in the complaint accusing him as corespondent were true. He also testified that Mrs. Burtis has telephoned to Mrs. Chesterton of his guilt.

160 STRIKERS DEPORTED.

Work Resumed in Construction Camp When I. W. W. Men Leave.

Special to The New York Times.

GREEN RIVER, Utah, June 12.—About 160 of the 1,200 men who struck work on Tuesday at the construction camp on the Rio Grande near Soldier Summit were deported this morning, and the remainder immediately returned to work. The deported men were members of the Industrial Workers of the World.

They obtained employment soon after the construction work was started by the railroad, and the strike trouble was soon precipitated, the entire camp walking out when demands for an increase were refused.

The strikers were without food two days, but with the leaders out of the way they soon capitulated, and order is restored.

College to Get Carnegie's $35,000.

ROCKFORD, Ill., June 12.—The Rockford College for Women succeeded today in raising the $60,000 required to bring its endowment to $200,000 and obtain Andrew Carnegie's $35,000. The amount obtained was $450 more than was needed. Mrs. Harold I. Pratt of Brooklyn, N. Y., gave $5,000.

YALE CLUB'S NEW SITE.

Its 22-Story Home to be Built at Vanderbilt Avenue and 44th Street.

Negotiations that have been carried on for more than a year between the Yale Club and the New York Central Railroad Company were completed yesterday, when the club obtained from the railroad officials a lease for twenty-one years from Oct. 1, 1914, on a piece of property 90 by 100 feet at the northwest corner of Forty-fourth Street an Vanderbilt Avenue, on which is to be erected a twenty-two-story clubhouse.

The site is directly opposite the Grand Central Terminal. Warren & Wetmore, architects of the terminal, and Gambrill Rogers of Hine & Rogers, 11 East Twenty-fourth Street, the club architect, have been in conference since February completing plans for the new building, which will be one of the finest and largest in the city and represent an investment of nearly $1,000,000. The building is to be ready for occupancy by Christmas in 1915.

There are many details in connection with the plans yet to be worked out. The structure probably will be of marble and limestone. The entrance hall, a visitors' room, and coatrooms will be on the ground floor. On the second floor will be a café and a large lounging room. On the third floor, according to present plans, billiard, card, and other club rooms will be installed, and on the next floor the library, with the assembly rooms on the fifth floor.

It is probable that a dozen floors will be made up of bedrooms, with eighteen rooms on a floor. Provision also will be made for a gymnasium, squash courts, and a swimming pool, and for several private dining rooms, besides a large club dining room.

The Yale Club was oragnized in the Summer of 1857 as the successor of the Yale Alumni Association of New York. In 1910, when the membership had reached 1,112, the present clubhouse at 32 and 34 West Forty-fourth Street was erected at a cost of about 250,000. The structure was financed by the Yale Building Company, a corporation organized for that purpose, and the building was leased to the club with the provision that it could obtain control of the stock.

Since that time membership has rapidly increased, and it is expected that with the erection of the new building Yale men who have not previously joined will do so. More than 10,000 Yale graduates live in New York, New Jersey, or Pennsylvania, and the New England States. Nearly a quarter of the entire membership has come from New York alumni.

Mr. Ide, who is Chairman of the Building Committee, is President of the Home Life Insurance Company. The other members of the committee are Frank H. Platt, '77, of the firm of O'Brien, Boardman & Platt; Clarence H. Kelsey, '78, President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Louis C. Hay, '81, a member of the New York Stock Exchange; S. R. Bertron, '85, of the firm of Bertron, Griscom & Jenks; Mortimer N. Buckner, '93, Vice President of the New York Trust Company, and Alfred H. Swayne, '02, of the New York Stock Exchange.

It is proposed to break ground for the new building within a month.

NEW RULE BY SURROGATE.

Refuses to Allow Lawyer to Charge Hiss Fee to an Estate.

A decision of much interest to executors of large estates was returned yesterday by Surorgate Cohalan in proceedings brought by Mrs. Eliza C. Dunlop and her lawyer, Chester H. Lane, to charge his $3,950 fees as attorney for her as executrix to the estate of Dr. Clark W. Dunlop. For thirty years the courts of probate in this State have allowed each executor and executrix to engage a lawyer and have him paid out of the estate. This has been done under an old case entitled "In the matter of Delaplaine."

Surrogate Cohalan decided that this rule, while not often abused, offered an opportunity to mulct estates through multiplying attorneys' fees, and should be changed. He made a new rule that where an executor or executrix has a personal interest in an estate as an heir or legatee and engages other counsel after some other executor or executors have already selected an attorney, the new attorney shall be deemed a personal counsel to be paid out of the executor's private pocket. He consequently disallowed Mr. Lane's bill as against the estate.

Dr. Dunlop left a life interest in $150,000 of his $265,307 estate to his wife, and she disagreed with her fellow-executors, John W. Bartlett and the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, and with Charles Sumner Miller, whom they had employed as counsel for the estate.

WOLFF ESTATE $669,601.

Most of This in Securities and Part in Valuable Paintings.

The appraisal of the estate of Dorothea Wolff, who died on April 6, 1912, at her residence, 12 East Seventieth Street, was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. It showed net assets of $669,601. The house and grounds at 12 East Seventieth Street were appraised at $125,000. The larger part of her estate consisted of securities, of which $400,000 worth were in the form of trust funds deposited with her son, Lewis S. Wolff, and with trust companies under agreements by which she was to receive the income during life, the principal passing to her son upon her death.

The son, Lewis S. Wolff, died on March 20, 1912, seventeen days before his mother, and disposed in his will of any right of appointment he might have under that of his mother. From the estate of Dorothea Wolff, both her granddaughter and grandson received $250,000, and her daughter-in-law, Clara F. Wolff, $45,000.

In Mrs. Wolff's residence at the time of her death there was an art collection of 100 pictures, many of them signed by famous artists. Under the valuation put upon these by Benjamin L. Hertz of Hertz Brothers, the collection was appraised at $44,650. Some of the pictures and their appraisals were: "Reconnoitring," by De Neuville, $3,000; "A Waterfall," by Wyant, $2,500; "A Peasant Dance," by Jacobs, $3,000; "Scene near Villa d'Avoy," $5,000; "Portrait of a Young Lord," by Romney, $3,000, and "The Toper," by Franz Hals, $500.

SAYS HUSBAND WON'T WORK

Mrs. Colby Wants a Separation—Had to Wash Dishes, He Says.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick reserved decision yesterday in Mrs. Helen H. Colby's suit for separation against her husband, George B. Colby, a lawyer, after he had made ineffectual attempts to reconcile the Colbys. Justice Hendrick remarked that the case was among the most pathetic that had ever been called to his attention.

The Colbys were married on June 30, 1890, at Tamaqua, Penn., and have two sons, 20 and 19 years old. Colby gave his age as 50 years. He pleaded his own case. He said he had lost the sight of one of his eyes, and was unable to practice his profession steadily.

Mrs. Colby charged that her husband had refused to work, and wanted to live on her income. She said that her own funds were becoming exhausted, and that she wanted a separation before all her money was gone. Colby said that on the contrary he had given all of his life's savings to his wife, and had deeded to her shortly after their marriage his house at New Rochelle, on the understanding that she was to bring none of her relatives there to live.

She had brought her mother, Mrs. Halsey, there, later, he said, and ousted him from his own room to make a place for her mother. Mrs. Colby then devoted so much care to her mother, Colby said, that he was obliged to cook the meals, wash the dishes, make the beds, and do considerable washing. Colby said that his wife had a good income from premises at 219 West Twenty-second Street, which she inherited from an aunt in 1910.

Hyde Transfer Tax $24,000.

ALBANY, June 12.—The estate of Richard Hyde, who died in Brooklyn Dec. 14, 1912, paid a transfer tax of $24,000 to Controller Sohmer to-day.

SEEK UNIFORM AUTO REGULATIONS

The International Travel Club to Prepare Rules for Cities Here and in Europe.

An attempt will soon be made to obtain uniform auto regulations throughout the country which will prove more satisfactory to persons on foot and to automoblists than those now in force. At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the International Travel Club yesterday, a resolution was adopted appointing a committee to prepare a set of regulations to be applied in the large cities of this country and Europe. Frederick H. Elliott, General Secretary of the club, had this to say of the movement:

"At present nearly every city has a different set of traffic rules which the police try to enforce, but many of them are so obsolete and unenforceable that it would be far easier to educate the public, as well as drivers and operators of vehicles, if each city had a standard set of regulations. Much force is given to this suggestion in view of the constantly increasing use of motor trucks. It is reasonable to assume that if uniform rules for the regulation of traffic prevailed in all of the larger cities, and, so far as necessary, were adopted in all of the suburban points, pedestrians and all drivers and operators of vehicles would, within a short time, become thoroughly familiar with them and the danger of accident would be eliminated, while the traffic officers would be relieved of a great amount of trouble.

"This agitation upon behalf of the International Travel Club is opportune, as there is at present a divergence of opinion here in regard to the possibility of enforcement of the new automobile ordinance which forbids motor vehicle operators to pass a street car which has stopped to let off or take on passengers unless there is a clear space between the street car and the automobile of at least eight feet. The point which is raised is as to who is going to prove that the distance is more than eight feet, when the motor car is moving rapidly, the trolley conductor is busy collecting fares, and trying to get his car under headway, and the passengers alighting watching out for their own safety and trying not to get run over by the approaching automobile."

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One of the most dangerous railroad crossings for automobilists in the vicinity of New York City, that in Thomson Avenue, at Woodside, will be eliminated as a result of a compromise effected this week by Borough President Connolly with the Long Island Railroad. Four watchmen are at the crossing constantly, but it is felt that this is not sufficient protection. The crossing is also a source of delay. On Tuesday as many as 200 autos were held up there at times on their way to the polo matches. The railroad is to construct a temporary bridge, which will support all vehicles except heavy motor trucks, for which another route has been arranged. It is expected that the temporary structure will be completed by Aug. 1.

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Fair road conditions on the whole will be found by motorists who make the trip to Great Barrington and the Berkshire Hills by way of Hudson, Crarysville, and South Egremont. The touring department of the Automobile Club of America reports that the road between Hudson and Crarysville is under construction for a short distance, but that a good dirt road runs beside this strip. Some two miles beyond Hillsdale is a rough and hilly road, with frequent water bars and sharp turns, will be encountered.

***

One of the largest single sales of motor trucks on record was announced by C. A. Benjamin of the Alco Company yesterday. Eighty trucks of this make, of three-ton capacity, have been sold for approximately $225,000 to carry the United States mails in New York City. Delivery under the contract will be on Aug. 1. The trucks will be equipped with bodies of the standard United States mail type. They will have a capacity of 4,300 tons of mail a day, or some 1,500,000 tons a year. The trucks have been purchased by the Postal Transfer Service Company, which has the Government contract for carrying mail here.

De Aguero Sees Room for Branches.

M. E. De Aguero, President of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, suggested in the annual report published yesterday that with the elimination of bucket shops throughout the country a large field for legitimate branch offices had been opened up. He proposes that the Consolidated establish branches in the larger cities.

Increases Capital to $3,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 12.—The Metropolitan Tobacco Company has increased its capital from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000, of which $500,000 is preferred.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 12.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

R. & G. Corset Company of Hornell, corsets, underwear, hosiery; $200,000; Albert R. Palmer, Hanfred M. Goldschmidt, William A. Marbie, Bretton Hall, New York City.

Itala Aeroplane Company of Manhattan; $100,00; George R. Cooper, Arthur D. Lafar, Rubino Piastino, 49 Maiden Lane, New York City.

Charles Rump of Manhattan, produce; $50,000; Charles Rump, William Albert White, John H. Emmerich, 1,040 Second Avenue, New York.

Vacumit Company of America of Manhattan, vacumit rubber, oil, and chemicals; $30,000; Osmond K. Fraenkel, Clarence Sage Woodman, Elmore F. Wellington, 432 Madison Avenue, New York.

General Properties Corporation of Manhattan, securities; $25,000; Deerin L. Dadirrian, John K. Erganian, Armen B. Nassis, 27 East Twenty-first Street, New York.

The American Case and Tube Corporation of Albany, furniture and office fixtures; $30,000; J. Archibald Clark, William T. Byrne, A. Stewart Clark, 75 North Pearl Street, Albany.

Stedman & Suntin of Manhattan, stereotypers and electrotypers; $10,000; James T. Burton, Anna Stedman, John V. Stedman, 181 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn.

Deugler Brothers of Manhattan, realty; $30,000; Theodore J. Deugler, John C. Honingter, Frances K. Reid, 222 West 132d Street, New York.

Simon Abels Manufacturing Company of Manhattan; $200,000; Simon Abels, Julia Mendelson, Louis Jakobson, 300 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn.

Northern Tool Company of Utica, machinery; $10,000; W. A. Vincent, Charles I. Williams, George V. Eggleston, Utica.

Quintle Realty Company of Rochester; $10,000; John A. Graham, Gerard Barnes, William A. Burkard, all of Rochester.

C. J. Straus Company of Syracuse, steamheating supplies; $10,000; Clemens J. Straus, George Scheroux, Thomas Kochring, 134 Lawrence Street, Syracuse.

F. F. Freehold Estates of Manhattan, realty; $10,000; George Finck, Laura Bayles, William H. Forshay, 5 Morton Street, New York.

Atlas Equipment Company of Manhattan, machinery, tools, &c.; $10,000; William H. Caldwell, Henry Haviland, George H. Lugrin, 33 Linden Street, Brooklyn.

Mapleville Woolen Company of Manhattan, dry goods; $10,000; Sol P. Muscot, Mary B. Weiss, Samuel Gordon, 61 Grand Street, New York.

The following corporations were authorized to do business in this State:

Middendorf, Williams & Co., Incorporated, of Baltimore, Md., bonds, stocks, securities; $500,000; Nathaniel A. Campbell, 31 Pine Street, New York.

Pittsburgh Water Heater Company of Trenton, N. J.; $100,000; W. A. Buerkle, 212 Livingston Street, Brooklyn.

Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 12.—The following companies were incorporated here to-day:

The American Trona Corporation of New York City, capital stock $12,500,000; to manufacture chemicals, including sodium, and acquire lands producing the same; incorporators, John Brown, Richard Bennett, Jr., William E. Dupre, Jr., all of New York City.

The Southern Steel Package Company of New York City; capital stock $8,500,000; incorporators, E. J. Forman, F. B. Knewiton, D. A. Casain, all of New York City.

The Gaurgus Securities Company of Brooklyn, N. Y.; capital stock $1,500,000; real estate and securities; incorporators, Joseph F. Curtin, Brooklyn, N. Y., and H. O. Coughland, Nutley, N. J.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat final prices showed a net gain of ⅝ to 1c. Corn closed ½ to ⅞c net higher and oats ⅝ to 1⅛c net higher. Cotton closing prices were 9 to 18 points net higher.

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WHEAT.

Prices in the wheat market were firm and higher, closing at a net gain of ⅝ to 1c. Sentiment was distinctly bullish, and the trade generally seemed little disposed to give credit to anything but bullish factors. The most important feature appeared to be general apprehension of damage in the North-Western Spring wheat belt from lack of moisture. The Northwestern Miller said that all conditions applying to the Northwestern wheat crop are favorable, and the week, though marked by rather cool weather, has been bright, and all reports indicate good, healthy growth, even in Central Northern South Dakota. The foreign markets were steady, with small price changes and reports regarding conditions abroad were rather bearish, as offerings of cargoes were said to be heavy and weather conditions were favorable for the best advancement of the crop, an official report from Russia stating that the crop is unsatisfactory in only one Government out of seventy-eight in Winter wheat and one out of fifty-eight for Spring. There were further rumors of export sales West, but these lacked confirmation among local exporters. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was nominal and No. 1 Northern Spring was quoted at $1.02¼, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT FUTURE MARKETS.

New York—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Prev. Last.
July	99 11-16	99⅛	99 11-16	99¼	11⅛
Sept.	98⅜	98	98⅜	97⅛	110⅛
Chicago—					
July	92¼	91⅜	92¼	91½	108¼
September	91⅝	90⅜	91⅝	90⅜	105⅛
December	93⅞	92⅞	93⅞	92⅞	106

CORN.

The bullish sentiment which has prevailed in the corn market for weeks past was again in evidence and prices advanced to new high records for the season on active buying by prominent commission houses. The weather was generally fine over the belt, but it is believed that rain is needed in many localities for the best advancement of the new crop and a number of claims have been received of damage by the recent frost in the Ohio Valley. In the local cash market export corn was quoted at 87¾c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
July	60	59⅜	59⅞	59⅝	74½
September	60⅜	59⅞	60⅜	60	72⅞
December	58½	57⅞	58⅝	57¾	68⅜

OATS.

The oats market was active and higher, closing at a net gain of ¾ to 1⅛c, influenced by the strength in other grains and on further complaints regarding the crop situation in some sections of the belt. The local cash market was firm. Standard white quoted at 40@40½c; No. 2, 46½@47c; No. 3, 45½@46c; No. 4, 44½@45c; ordinary clipped white, 45@46c; fancy clipped white, 46½@47½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Prev. Last Year.
July	38⅜	38⅛	38½	38⅜	50½
September	39⅛	38⅛	39	38⅛	41¼
December	40	39	40	38⅞	42

PROVISIONS.

Owing to a firm hog market, the strength in grain and commission house buying, the provision market was firm and higher early, later easing off a little under profit taking. Receipts at Chicago were estimated at 22,000 hogs, with 18,000 expected on Friday. Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 8,500 hogs.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Prev. Year.
July	11.20	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.70
September	11.15	11.10	11.10	11.10	11.17½
Ribs—					
July	11.82	11.77	11.80	11.80	10.55
September	11.50	11.45	11.47	11.45	10.72½
Pork—					
July	20.75	20.62	20.67	20.65	18.97½
September	20.15	20.05	20.10	20.07	19.27½

COTTON.

New high records for the movement were made by new crop positions in the cotton market yesterday, and old crop months showed renewed strength, although July did not fully recover the loss of Wednesday. General business was not particularly active, but there was heavy covering by houses with Wall Street, uptown, or Southern connection, and stop orders were uncovered on the advance. The final tone was steady, with the market 9@18 points net higher. The advance was encouraged by large Liverpool spot sales, claims of a better spot demand, a somewhat more optimistic view of the outlook for money rates owing to the attitude of Washington, and a feeling that the action of the Senate Committee with reference to the textile schedule of the Underwood bill was favorable to the manufacturer of fine goods.

After the execution of stop orders and a net gain of about 20@24 points, offerings became more general than at any previous time during the day, and closing prices showed consequent reactions.

The large Liverpool spot sales attracted considerable attention. Yesterday's business of 12,000 bales made a total of 47,000 since the opening on Monday, and private cables reported a good afternoon spot business at Liverpool again to-day, which is likely to be partly reflected in the sales officially reported this morning. A further decrease in the local stock, combined with the talk of a more active spot demand, added to the nervousness of the near-month shorts, although private wires from New Orleans said that the rumored demand from Russia for spots there had been based on a comparatively moderate inquiry. Southern spot markets, as officially reported were 1-16c lower to ⅛c higher.

The local market for spot cotton was steady, with prices 5 points higher at 12.30c for middling upland; sales, 426 bales; delivered on contract, 400 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	12.63	11.89	11.98@12.00	11.85
July	12.17	11.63	12.06@12.06	11.93
August	11.99	11.73	11.88@11.89	11.79
September	11.58	11.38	11.54@11.53	11.43
October	11.45	11.21	11.37@11.38	11.23
November	....	....	11.34@11.36	11.23
December	11.44	11.21	11.35@11.36	11.23
January	11.38	11.15	11.29@11.30	11.18
February	....	....	11.30@11.32	11.35
March	11.48	11.27	11.40@11.42	11.28
May	11.53	11.43	11.44@11.46	....

COTTONSEED OIL.

New high records for the season were established in most of the active positions in the cottonseed oil market and prices were influenced by active buying on the part of leading commission houses. The near months were again relatively firmer than the distant positions, indicating strength in the spot market, but there were no indications of more than a moderate trade demand. The technical position was considered firm, and shorts were nervous and inclined to cover owing to the firmness in the lard market, and influenced by the general strength in cotton and other commodities. The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.30@7.40	7.20
June	....	....	7.30@7.34	7.22
July	7.30	7.24	7.30@7.31	7.10
August	7.36	7.29	7.35@7.37	7.25
September	7.37	7.29	7.36@7.37	7.26
October	6.96	6.91	6.96@6.99	6.89
November	6.44	6.44	6.45@6.50	6.40
December	6.35	6.35	6.35@6.36	6.31
January	6.34	6.31	6.34@6.35	6.30

COFFEE.

Prices continued steadily downward, again establishing new low records. Havre closed at a decline of 1¼ to 1½f, while Hamburg was ⅝ pfennig lower, and in New York the opening was 8 to 19 points down. A moderate rally occurred at the close which was at a net loss of 11 to 16 points. Total sales 94,750 bags. The Brazilian markets were generally unchanged.

Spot coffee, Rio 7s, ⅛c to 9⅝c lower. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	9.39	9.35	9.40@9.41	9.54
July	....	....	9.40@9.41	9.54
August	9.71	9.59	9.61@9.62	9.74
September	9.66	9.66	9.63@9.65	9.75
October	....	....	9.65@9.66	9.76
November	9.76	9.64	9.66@9.67	9.78
December	9.76	9.69	9.69@9.71	9.84
January	9.70	9.70	9.72@9.74	9.88
February	9.70	9.70	9.75@9.76	9.89
March	9.83	9.70	9.77@9.79	9.90
April	....	....	9.80@9.81	9.94
May	9.84	9.72		

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery extras, 26¼@28¼c; firsts, 27¼@28c; seconds, 26¼@27c; thirds, 24@25¼c; State dairy, finest, 27¼c; good to prime, 26@27c; common to fair, 24@25¼c; process, extras, 25¼c; firsts, 24½@25c; imitation creamery, firsts, 24¼@25c; factory, firsts, 23¼@24c; seconds, 22@22½c; packing stock, Western best, 21½@22c; Southern best, 21c; No. 3, 20@20¼c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, fresh, colored, specials, 14¼@14¾c; white and pale, specials, 14½@14¾c; colored, average fancy, 14¼c; white and pale, 14¼c; undergrades, 13@14c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 10@10¾c; skims, fresh, choice, 8@9½c; skims, poor to fair, 5@7½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23c; extra firsts, 20@21c; firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 15@16½c; thirds, 17@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 17½@18c; No. 2, 16@17c; checks, good to choice, dry, 16@17c; undergrade, case, $3@$4.50; State, Pennsylvania and near by henmery whites, as to size and quality, 22@25c; gathered, white, as to size and quality, 22@24c; Western, gathered, white, 20@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery brown, 23c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, 20@22c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—There were no changes yesterday in the prices quoted here on wholesale cuts of Western beef.

SUGAR.—Refined sugar prices were advanced 10c yesterday by all refiners but Arbuckle Brothers, who maintained their previous prices. The day's quotations follow: The following prices are net less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; in half-pound cases, in two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons, $4.65@$4.75; Eagle, tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $4.60; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse, powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two, three and one-half and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.55; three and one-half-pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and diamond A, $4.35; confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12, in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The local raw sugar market was firm and slightly higher. The English beet sugar market was quoted here at 9s 1½d for June, 9s 2½d for July, and 9s 4¾d for August.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—This market was generally quiet and unchanged.

RICE.—Lack of selling pressure kept the rice market steady, but the demand was very light.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—There was more activity in the local flour market yesterday and the tone was slightly firmer as a result. Prices shewed no notable advance, however.

OILS.—This market showed no changes in prices.

NAVAL STORES.—Turpentine was off a half cent here yesterday, being quoted at 39¼c. Resin showed no change, nor did tar.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Capt. R. P. Howell, Jr., Corps of Engineers, relieved present duty July 1; to Kansas City, Mo., and report by letter to Chief of Engineers for duty.

Major E. M. Johnson, Jr., Infantry, to Mount Gretna, Penn., for duty at camp of instruction of officers of the organized militia.

Second Lieut. J. L. Devers, Fourth Field Artillery, to Tobyhanna, Penn., August 11, and report to commanding officer Second Battalion, Third Field Artillery, for duty until August 14 for the purpose of engaging in target practice.

Col. A. C. Sharpe, infantry, relieved duty with organized militia of Ohio and detailed with organized militia of Colorado, June 30; to Denver, Col., and report to the Governor of Colorado for duty.

Capt. R. Davis, Fifth Field Artillery, to New York City and report to Commanding General, National Guard, State of New York, June 28, for duty with Organized Militia until August 1; thence to New Haven, Conn., as Inspector-Instructor with Organized Militia.

First Lieut. C. D. Sloan, Fourth Field Artillery, relieved duty as Inspector-Instructor, organized militia, July 1; join proper regiment.

First Lieut. F. S. Besson, Corps of Engineers, relieved duty with Company A, Third Battalion of Engineers; to Honolulu, Hawaii, and report to Major W. P. Wooten, Corps of Engineers, for duty, and also report to Commanding General Hawaiian Department for duty as assistant to department engineer.

First Lieut. L. B. Meister, Medical Corps, to Fort Benjamin Harrison, temporary duty; thence to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., temporary duty; thence to San Diego, Cal., for duty at Signal Corps Aviation School.

Lieut. Col. J. B. Porter, Judge Advocate, to Washington, D. C., and report to Judge Advocate General of the Army for temporary duty; thence to Forth Leavenworth and resume duties at Army Service Schools as instructor.

First Lieut. D. A. Kraker, Medical Reserve Corps, ordered to active duty; to Gettysburg, Penn., for duty with provisional field hospital at camp to be established.

Leaves: Capt. H. K. Rutherford, Ordnance Department, seven days; First Lieut. C. C. Rice, Sixth Infantry, two months; First Lieut. E. J. Cullen, Coast Artillery Corps, three days.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. P. Nelson, detached the Ohio, to fitting out the Parker and in command when commissioned.

Lieut. L. P. Welch, detached Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; to the Alert.

Lieut. T. H. Taylor, detached the Prairie to the Ohio.

Lieut. M. Milne, detached Naval Academy; to the Prairie as executive officer and navigator.

Ensign J. A. Murphy, detached the Denver to Parry.

Ensign E. Guthrie, detached the Denver; to the Whipple.

Ensign W. L. Lind, detached the Stewart; to the Denver.

Ensign J. S. Soldendorf, detached the Preble; to the Denver.

Ensign A. McGlasson, detached the Whipple; to the Denver.

Ensign C. S. Gillette, detached the Denver; to the Hopkins.

Assistant Paymaster O. W. Leidel, to the Denver.

Assistant Paymaster A. W. Middleton, detached the Denver; to the Oregon and the Raleigh.

Civil Engineer E. H. Brownell, detached Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash., July 15; to Navy Yard, Key West, Fla.

Civil Engineer A. C. Cunningham, detached Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, July 10; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Civil Engineer L. E. Gregory, detached Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Assistant Civil Engineer C. A. Bostrom, detached Naval Station, Honolulu, Hawaii; to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Assistant Civil Engineer H. G. Taylor, detached Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y.; to Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Assistant Civil Engineer R. D. Spalding, detached Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Assistant Civil Engineer G. Church, detached from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., to naval station, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Chief Gunner J. C. McDermott, detached from reserve torpedo group, Charleston, S. C., to the Michigan.

Chief Gunner A. Olsson, detached from the Michigan, to home and wait orders.

Chief Machinist R. E. Drake, detached from the Tennessee, to home and wait orders.

Machinist J. M. D. Knowles to navy yard, Boston.

Machinist H. J. Reuse, detached from the Montana, to home and wait orders.

Chief Carpenter C. E. Richardson to the Iowa.

Carpenter A. G. Merrill to navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Carpenter W. R. Thomas, detached from the Iowa, to home and wait orders.

Commissioned: Passed Assistant Surgeon—W. H. Connor; Assistant Surgeons in Medical Reserve Corps, ordered to active duty; J. W. Bovee, C. I. Griffith, A. T. Weston; chief boatswain—T. F. Greene.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Mayflower and Dolphin at Washington; Helena at Kiukiang; Yankton and Sonoma at Newport; South Dakota at San Diego; Galveston at Port Townsend; Wyoming, Delaware, North Dakota, Louisiana, Vermont, Kansas, Virginia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Georgia at Block Island Sound.

Sailed—Paducah and Osceola from surveying grounds for Guantanamo; Sylph from Hampton Roads for Washington; Florida from Hampton Roads for Block Island Sound; Arethusa from Port Arthur, Texas, for Newport; Walke from Hampton Roads for Newport; Ontario from Newport for Block Island Sound; Celtic from New York Yard for Newport.

The Jason has been ordered placed in service at navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Second Lieut. A. H. Scally, 30 days' leave from July 3.

Third Lieut. E. M. Webster to the Pamlico for temporary duty.

Second Lieut. E. A. Coffin, 23 days' le

Union Pacific
Southern Pacific

There is a great deal of uncertainty among investors over the possible results on July 1st of the Supreme Court Decision, which, coupled with the extremely low prices at which the securities of these roads are selling, makes our analysis of the subject vitally interesting.

We have the third reprint of this booklet ready for distribution, and will gladly send it to those interested on request.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Violent Recovery in Stocks on Heavy Buying—The Change in Money Market.

On a volume of trading almost as large as had been recorded during any recent session, the stock market rose abruptly yesterday. The net gain in the general level of prices was larger than the loss on any single day during the decline which led up to yesterday's violent recovery. It was not to the news of the day alone that this movement was due. To an even larger extent was it brought about by the growth of the belief that pessimism regarding the situation had been carried to extreme, a belief which was vitalized into action by the concurrence of several developments favorable, or at least favorably interpreted. Standing out prominently among the helpful influences which in so noteworthy a fashion changed the character of the market yesterday was the release of funds by banks which had been steadily adding to their reserves. Following the reduction in its call rates made on Wednesday by one of the largest lenders of money in the financial district that institution became yesterday a large purchaser of commercial paper, and many other institutions, including banks in a number of interior cities, joined in this movement.

As it happened this coincided with the announcement by the Secretary of the Treasury that he was prepared to issue currency to the banks under the provisions of the Aldrich-Vreeland act of 1908. There can be no doubt that that announcement played considerable part psychologically in yesterday's change in sentiment despite the fact that the offer to issue emergency currency seemed to imply a radical misconception of the needs of the situation. There is clearly no present need for the currency which is authorized by that act. Falling in with other influences, however, the announcement left the impression upon Wall Street that the Treasury is disposed to assist the money market and to meet any demand which may arise for additional circulation. Practically the offer was a futile one, but it had sentimental effect. That that sentimental effect was favorable rather than otherwise was due more to the concurrence of other influences than to any reasoned view of the wisdom of the Treasury announcement.

It had come to be felt that lenders of money had grown overcautious and were unnecessarily restricting the operations of merchants and others in need of money for the conduct of their ordinary business. The release to the call money market on Wednesday of a large amount of money which had been locked up in idle surplus reserve was followed yesterday, as had been expected, by much freer purchases of commercial paper and by a reduction in the rates for short-time loans. New York's example was followed by Philadelphia, St. Louis, Chicago, and other cities, and for the first time in a considerable period it could be said that the money market was well supplied with funds. That not only reflected a more confident view on the part of lenders but itself begot confidence. It is of the highest importance that the middle course should be steered between anything making for undue expansion and anything tending to cause an abnormal restriction of business. Appreciation of this fact underlay much of the day's comment regarding the change in the money situation in which it was made plain that speculation was not to be encouraged at a time when it would put a burden upon the money market which would react upon what is described as legitimate business.

Supplementing the more general influences of the day the news regarding the presentation of the Union Pacific's plans before the United States Circuit Court proved a powerful factor in furthering the rise in prices. There was more hope yesterday than at any previous time of a favorable plan being devised for disposing of the Union Pacific's Southern Pacific holdings. Specifically, the arrangement which the Union Pacific, subject to the approval of the court, has made with the Pennsylvania Railroad for an exchange of Southern Pacific stock for the Pennsylvania's holdings of Baltimore & Ohio was accepted as a convenient method of substituting a stock which the Union Pacific can legally hold for a part of the Southern Pacific which it is under compulsion to rid itself of. Broad inferences were being drawn yesterday in respect to the establishment of new transcontinental routes which seemed in no wise justified by the facts, but judgment in respect to the ultimate effect of the various proposals submitted to the court was necessarily reserved until the court's own attitude on these proposals was made plain. It was in keeping with the drift of sentiment yesterday that a highly favorable view was held regarding the probable outcome of the Union Pacific's efforts to minimize the inconvenience of its surrender of its controlling interest in Southern Pacific.

Some reference should be made to the day's foreign operations in this market, for on balance Europe appeared to be a purchaser of our stocks, thus contributing something to the improvement in prices here. Discounts were easier at London and attention was being paid to the favorable news regarding the Balkan situation. So far as the general character of yesterday's buying was concerned the rapid retreat of a large short interest undoubtedly accounted for no small degree of the abruptness with which prices rose, but the buying was by no means all of that negative character. The day's news was calculated to give more confidence to those who for some time past have been finding prices attractive but who were deterred from buying by vaguely defined apprehension. There have been many such. Yesterday's most important contribution to the state of the financial markets was undoubtedly the dispelling of some of that apprehension. Fundamental conditions had not, of course, changed over night, but it came to be felt that the adverse features of those conditions had perhaps been exaggerated.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was quiet and a fraction better in the bid price. Tin was up ¼c. Spelter was down 5 points in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot	14.37½	14.62½	14.25	14.62½
August	14.37½	14.62½	14.25	14.62½
July	14.37½	14.75	14.30	14.62½
August	14.37½	14.75	14.30	14.62½
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.30	4.40
Spelter	5.10	5.15	5.10	5.20
Tin	45.55	45.75	45.00	45.25
Zinc	5.10	5.15	5.10	5.20

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin, compared with Wednesday, follow:

	Thursday. £ s. d.	Wednesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	65 10 0	65 10 0
Copper, futures	65 10 0	65 7 6
Pig tin, spot	208 0 0	206 5 0
Pig tin, futures	208 0 0	206 10 0

The market ended strong. Spanish pig lead £20 5s., down 2s. 6d. Spelter £22 15s., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 54s. 10½d., up 3d.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hard Day for Short Interest.

The size of the short interest in stocks, as evidenced by the rush to cover yesterday, was a surprise to many brokers on the board room floor who had believed that short selling was subordinated to genuine liquidation in the recent falling markets. The closing out of commitments on the short side supplied the major part of early activity, particularly in the quarter hour after the opening, when traders were uncertain as to the effect on security values of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo's announcement in regard to the issue of emergency currency. The action of several issues, which had been especially weak toward the close of business on Wednesday, was looked upon as proof that bearish operations had caused the market to end that day in poor condition after holding up very well in earlier operations. Canadian Pacific, for instance, started off with an over-night advance of more than 2 points, 1,100 shares being grouped on the ticker at 212¾ against 210 5-8 at Wednesday's close. Union Pacific advanced a point on a few transactions, and Steel, after opening with 5,000 shares scattered along from 50 to 50½, quickly climbed above 51. The trend of business in this period was the forerunner of what was coming until noon. The market displayed greater and greater strength as time passed and the shorts soon had it demonstrated conclusively that if they wanted their stocks back they would have to climb for them. Moderate reactions occurred now and then, but they were not long enough sustained to permit the bears to take more than a breath before prices took up their progress with renewed vigor.

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London Bought Stocks.

London took a favorable position toward our stocks on this side of the water, although in the official session of the British market American shares moved irregularly, with distinct weakness apparent in Union Pacific. London purchases seemed to be induced more by the strength displayed on the local Exchange than by any developments at home or on the Continent. Uncertainties over the outcome of the settlement promoted caution on the part of London traders in the forepart of the day, but a change of sentiment was reported by cable later and in the afternoon they bought heavily of the issues which they had sold most extensively in previous sessions of the week. London and Berlin were both buyers of Canadian and Paris was credited again with accumulating copper shares. Foreign business was estimated at fully 50,000 shares, more than three-quarters of which were purchases, in the opinion of arbitrage brokers.

***

Paper Brokers Cheer Up.

Commercial paper brokers were decidedly cheerful yesterday. Not only was there an encouraging increase of buying by the banks, under the lead of the National City Bank, but signs of the day also pointed toward a substantial broadening of future business. Some large sales were transacted with Western institutions, and at the larger brokerage offices it was said that telegraphed inquiries from the interior in regard to market conditions had come in on a much greater scale than in many weeks. The quotation for six months' paper was firm at 6 per cent., although the rate was shaded by some of the banks when unusually attractive propositions were placed before them. The greatest demand was for notes maturing in the early Fall.

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New Haven Contrary.

In a buoyant, bounding market yesterday, which added from 2 to 5 points to the price of most issues, the New York, New Haven & Hartford shares fell below par for the first time in the history of the company. In spite of the recent reduction in the dividend rate, the stock now yields a higher return than it has in years past, when it paid 8 per cent. New England appears to have lost confidence in its premier security. Judging by the company's recently published stock list, there is hardly an investor in Connecticut, Rhode Island, or Massachusetts who does not hold New Haven. And, oddly enough, most of the company's troubles have originated at home. Up to yesterday the Washington news had touched very lightly on Mr. Mellen's activities.

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Charging the Trouble to Brandeis.

If an earthquake should cast the New Haven's tracks into the Sound and lightning should wipe out its stations, there are people in Boston who would promptly accuse L. D. Brandeis of having been the agent. He is the Nemesis of the New Haven stockholder. When the price broke to 99½ yesterday, the decline was explained as being due to a report that the efficiency exponent had been selected by the Department of Justice as a special agent to bring about the dissolution of the merger with the Boston & Maine.

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The New Erie.

It was five years ago that the Erie Railroad found itself face to face with a condition which recently proved disastrous to the Frisco. An issue of $10,000,000 of short-term notes was about to fall due, and the Erie's bankers could not discover anywhere about the Erie system enough unused credit to provide more funds. At the eleventh hour E. H. Harriman, acting according to his sympathies rather than on his judgment, personally supplied the money and averted a receivership. He believed that if some friend cared for the Erie in 1908, the Erie could care for itself after that. To-day the Erie is a pretty healthy looking convalescent. It did a gross business last month of $5,318,000, which is almost 25 per cent. more than it did in May of 1912, and for the current year, estimating the current month's results, it will earn close to $62,200,000. Its gross revenues in 1908 fell short of $50,000,000. When the $20,000,000 which the company is spending on double-track work has all gone into the property, President Underwood expects to see a further increase of $10,000,000 in gross earnings.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.01	Justice	.01
Belcher	.03	Mexican	.02
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	.75	Ophir	.07
Challenge Con	.01	Potosi	.01
Chollar	.01	Savage	.06
Confidence	.18	Sec. Belcher	.03
Con. Cal. & Va	.05	Sierra Nevada	.02
Crown Point	.10	Union Con	.05
Gould & Curry	.01	Yellow Jacket	.20
Hale & Norcross	.03		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.20	C. O. D.	.03
Tim Butler	.71	Comb. Frac.	.04
McNamara	.17	D'field Daisy	.02
Midway	.41	D'field Bl. B	.02
Mizpah Exten	.46	Florence	.37
Montana	1.20	G'field Con. M	1.80
North Star	.80	G'field Merger	.18
Rescue Eula	.15	Jumbo Exten	.22
Tonopah Exten	1.07½	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.71	Silver Pick	.03
West End	1.22½	Tonopah Belmont	.40

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.13	Manhattan Con	.05
Booth	.03	Mah. Big Four	.50

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6¼	6¾	Jackpot	5	6
Elkton	51½	52	McKinney	57	58
El Paso	.300	370	Old Gold	..	3
Findlay	..	3¼	Portland	95	97
Gold Dol	10¼	10¾	Vindicator	90	92
Isabella	10¾	10¾	Rav. B. H.	4¼	5

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Advance Sharply on Moderate Volume of Trading.

Transactions in unlisted stocks yesterday showed a smaller amount of business, but prices advanced sharply. Final sales were at about the high figures of the session. Tobacco stocks were the leaders in the advance, with gains recorded of 1 to 5 points. The only sale in the bond department was in Brooklyn Rapid Transit 5 per cent. notes, which closed at 94, a loss of ¼.

***

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,40..	Anglo-Am. Oil	18	18	17½	17½
3,000..	Brit.-A. Tob.	20¼	21½	20¾	21½
100..	E.-Brant'ham.	25	25	25	25
1,550..	Man.-Transit.	1¼	†1 7-16	1¼	1 7-16
200..	Pueb. S. & R.	2	2	2	2
220..	S. O. of N. J.	340	346	240	345
1,700..	Tob. Prod. pf.	82	86	82	86
1,000..	United Cigar S. Co. of Am.	†77½	80¾	†77½	80¼
100..	U. S. L. & H.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞

MINING STOCKS.

5,000..	Alaska G. M.	9	9¾	9	9¾
100..	Bessie G. D.	17	17	17	17
2,900..	*Big Four	52	53	52	53
2,500..	Braden Cop.	5⅝	5¾	5¼	5¾
1,900..	Brit. C. Cop.	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
3,200..	Can. G. Silver	22	23	22	23
1,500..	*C. O. D. Co	5	5	5	5
100..	Con. Ariz. S.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,000..	Giroux M.	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1⅝
250..	Greene-Can.	5¾	6	†5¾	6
40..	Hal. Tonopah	1	1	1	1
200..	Kerr Lake	3 1-16	3 1-16	3	3
600..	La Rose Con.	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
100..	Mason Val.	5	5	5	5
1,000..	McK.-Dar.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1¾	1 13-16
200..	*Nevada Hills	96	97	96	97
500..	Nip. Mines C.	8¼	8¼	8	8¼
110..	Ohio Copper	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,000..	Stewart	1½	1 9-16	1½	1½
2,300..	*Ton. Mer.	64	67	64	67
200..	Tour. Copper	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2
1,200..	West End C.	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
100..	*Wet. S. M.	10	10	10	10

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

1,800..	W. End Ex.	7	9	7	8

BONDS.

10,000..	Brook. R. T. 5% notes	93¾	94	93¾	94

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

INDUSTRIALS.

	June 12. Bid.	June 12. Asked.	June 11. Bid.	June 11. Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	1	1½	1	1½
Bay State Gas	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Cond. Milk	113	114½	113	114½
Borden's Cond .M. pf.	103	104½	103	104½
Cluett Peabody	40	50	40	50
Cluett Peabody pf.	95	99	95	99
Consol. Rubber Tire	10	20	16	20
Cons. Rub. Tire pf.	60	75	60	75
Emerson-Brant. pf.	82	90	82	90
Havana Tobacco	2	4	2	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	5	10	5	10
Houston Oil	13	15	13	15
Houston Oil pf.	50	60	50	60
Inter. Rub. Tr. ctfs.	7½	9	7½	9
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	183	190	183	190
Marconi of Am., new	4⅛	4½	3¾	4¼
National Sugar	88	92	88	92
N. Y. Transportation	3	5	3	5
Oil Fields of Mexico	1	1½	1	1½
Otis Elevator	72	76	72	76
Otis Elevator pf.	95	98	95	98
R. J. Reynolds	240	260	240	260
Tobacco Products	100	115	100	115
U. C. S. Co. of A. pf.	106	111	106	111
U. S. L. & H. pf.	55	58	53	58
Willys Overland	52	60	51	60
Willys Overland pf.	78	86	76	84

MINING STOCKS.

Alaska Copper	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Beaver Consolidated	31	33	31	33
Bessie Gold D. pf.	13½	14	13½	14
Buffalo Mines	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
Butte-New York	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Davis-Daly Copper	1⅞	2	1⅞	1⅞
Dia. Black Butte	2	3	2	3
Diamond Field Daisy	3	4	3	4
First National	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
Florence	35	40	35	40
Goldfield Midway	2	4	2	4
Greenwater	4½	5½	4½	5
Mines of Am.	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
North Butte Dev.	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Pacific Smelters	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
South Utah M. & S.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Tonopah Mining	4⅛	4½	4⅛	4½
Tonopah Ext	1 15-16	2	1⅞	2
Tri-Bullion	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Tularosa	½	¾	½	¾
Union Mines	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
United Copper	¼	½	¼	½
United Copper pf.	3	6	3	6
Yukon Gold Mines	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COS.

New Jersey Mines Co.	16	17	16	17
New Utah Bingham	63	65	63	65

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	120	125	110	120
Chicago Elevated 5s	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
Havana Tobacco 5s	55	62	55	62
N. Y. City 4½s, 1960	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
Western Pacific 5s	73½	73¾	72	74

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17¾	18½	17	18
Atlantic Refining	588	595	585	590
Borne-Scrymser	280	300	280	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	154	156	154	157
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	670	650	670
Colonial Oil	85	100	85	100
Continental Oil	1825	1925	1825	1925
Crescent Pipe Line	57	60	57	60
Cumberland Pipe Line	66	72	66	70
Eureka Pipe Line	350	365	350	365
Galena-Signal Oil	175	180	175	180
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	139	143	139	142
Indiana Pipe Lines	117	119	110	115
National Transit	36	38	34½	36
New York Transit	320	330	320	330
Northern Pipe Line	93	100	90	100
Ohio Oil	125	127	122	124
Prairie Oil & Gas	288	292	285	290
Solar Refining	700	720	700	725
Southern Pipe Line	220	240	230	240
South Penn Oil	200	210	200	210
S. W. Penn. P. Lines	155	160	155	160
Standard Oil (Cal.)	167	169	162	164
Standard Oil (Ind.)	312	314	305	310
Standard Oil (Kan.)	265	270	255	260
Standard Oil (Ky.)	395	400	390	400
Standard Oil (Neb.)	260	265	250	265
Standard Oil (N. J.)	344	346	340	342
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	680	685	670	675
Standard Oil (Ohio)	260	270	260	265
Swan & Finch	180	195	180	190
Union Tank Line	69	71	64	66
Vacuum Oil	174	176	172	175
Washington Oil	28	32	28	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1450	1525	1450	1525

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 12. Bid.	June 12. Asked.	June 11. Bid.	June 11. Asked.
Amer. Cigar	130	135	128	133
Am. Cigar pf.	85	95	85	95
British-American	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼
Conley Tinfoil	260	275	260	275
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	150	170	150	170
J. S. Young	135	155	135	160
MacAndrews & F.	180	195	180	190
Porto Rican-Am. To.	185	200	185	200
P. R.-Am. 6 p. c. scr.	119	125	117	123
R. J. Reynolds	240	260	240	260
Tobacco Products	100	120	100	120
Tobacco Products pf.	86	89	80	82
United Cigar Stores	80¼	80¾	76½	77½
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	108	110	106	110

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	345	355
American Light & Traction pf.	106	108
Adirondack Electric Power	15	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	55	60
American Gas & Electric	70	75
American Gas & Electric pf.	43	45
American Power & Light	65	70
American Power & Light pf.	79	81
American Public Utilities	..	55
American Public Utilities pf.	72	74
Appalachian Power Co.	..	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	45	50
Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	94	97
Cities Service	80	83
Cities Service pf.	80	83
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	64	67
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	84	87
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	94	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	70	80
Electric Bond & Share pf.	99	101
Empire District Electric 5s	88	90
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	70	80
Federal Light & Traction	24	27
Federal Light & Traction pf.	76	79
Federal Utilities Co., Inc.	..	31
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf.	70	74
Gas & Electric Securities	115	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	90	95
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	35
Montana Power Co.	97	98
Montana Power Co. pf.	97	100
North. Ontario Light & Power	10	14
North. Ontario Light & Power pf.	58	61
Northern States Power	16	18
Northern States Power pf.	75	77
Ozark Power & Water Co.	45	50
Pacific Gas & Electric	42	46
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	85	87
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	21	23
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	72	75
Standard Gas & Electric	8¾	9½
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	35½	37
Tennessee Ry., L. & P. Co.	16	17
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power Co. pf.	72	75
Union Ry. Gas & Electric	64	67
Union Ry. Gas & Electric pf.	84	87
United Light & Railways	70	73
United Light & Railways 1st pf.	76	78
United Light & Railways 2d pf.	70	73
United Utilities Co.	27	32
United Utilities Co. pf.	98	102½
Utah Securities	13	15
Utilities Improvement	50	53
Utilities Improvement pf.	69	71
Western Power	13	16
Western Power pf.	40	45

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45..	Baltimore Elec. pf.	42¼	42¼	42¼
150..	Con. Power pf.	101	101	101
65..	Fidelity & Deposit.	146	146	146
155..	Hous. Oil com. t. c.	15	14	15
150..	Penn. Water & P.	53	52	53
465..	Seaboard Air Line.	14½	14½	14½
1,000..	United Rys.	24¾	24	24¾

BONDS.

$3,000..	At. Coast Line con. 4s	88¼	88¼	88¼
6,000..	Baltimore Elec. 5s	96½	96½	90½
1,000..	Lexington Ry. 5s	93¼	93¼	93¼
1,000..	Minn. & St. P. jt. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
21,000..	United Rys. inc.	60¼	60	60¼
1,000..	United Rys. 4s	82⅜	82⅛	82⅛

BOSTON.

MINING

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
21..	Ahmeek	285	280	280
2,810..	Alaska Gold	9¾	8⅞	9⅜
100..	Algomah	26	26	26
225..	Allouez	30	29½	29⅝
3,085..	Amalgamated Copper	65⅞	62⅝	65⅜
800..	American Zinc	20	19	20
60..	Anaconda	33	32½	33
415..	Arizona Com'l	3	2½	2⅝
300..	Bonanza	35	35	35
500..	Boston & Corbin	55c.	50c.	55c.
100..	Butte & Balaklala	1½	1½	1½
1,120..	Butte & Superior	21½	19½	21¼
1,422..	Cal. & Arizona	61	57⅝	61
12..	Cal. & Hecla	410	400	410
370..	Centennial	10½	10	10½
675..	Chino	34½	32¾	34½
265..	Copper Range	40	38	40
245..	Franklin	5¼	4½	5¼
1,185..	Giroux	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝
505..	Granby	55	53	54¾
170..	Greene-Cananea	6	5½	6
170..	Hancock	15½	14¾	14¾
35..	Hedley Gold	32	32	32
380..	Indiana	6	6	6
200..	Island Creek	44¾	44¼	44¾
10..	Island Creek pf.	80	80	80
730..	Isle Royale	17⅝	16½	17½
25..	Kerr Lake	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
50..	Keweenaw	1½	1½	1½
480..	Lake	9	8	8⅞
25..	La Salle	3½	3½	3½
434..	Mason Valley	5¼	4⅞	5
90..	Mayflower	7	6½	7
70..	Miami	20¾	20¾	20¾
279..	Mohawk	43¾	43	43¾
140..	Nevada Con.	14¼	14	14
530..	New Arcadian	60	50	50
1,770..	North Butte	24¾	23	24⅝
50..	Ojibway	75c.	75c.	75c.
240..	Old Colony	3¼	3⅛	3¼
290..	Old Dominion	43¾	42	42¾
5..	Osceola	77	77	77
328..	Pond Creek	17	16¼	16¼
25..	Quincy	56½	56	56⅝
30..	Ray Con.	16⅝	16¼	16⅜
400..	Santa Fe	1¼	1	1⅛
320..	Shannon	7½	7⅜	7½
100..	Shattuck	22¾	22½	22½
60..	St. Mary's Land	35c.	35c.	35c.
935..	Superior & Boston	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
218..	Superior Copper	24½	23	24½
105..	Tamarack	23	22	22
10..	Trinity	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
415..	Union Copper Land	75c.	75c.	75c.
416..	U. S. Smelters	35½	35	35½
155..	U. S. Smelt. pf.	46½	46	46½
50..	Utah Apex	1½	1½	1½
280..	Utah Copper	41¾	41¼	41¾
155..	Utah Con.	7¾	7½	7½
200..	Victoria	99c.	99c.	99c.
50..	Winona	1½	1½	1½
135..	Wolverine	43	40¼	43
105..	Wyandotte	75c.	40c.	40c.

RAILROADS.

5..	Atchison	94	94	94
67..	Boston Elevated	87	86	86¾
133..	Boston & Maine	54	53	54
50..	Boston & Maine pf.	100	100	100
10..	C. J. & S. P. pf.	100	100	105
45..	Fitchburg pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
105..	Mass. Elec.	13	12⅞	13
17..	Mass. Elec. pf.	68¼	68	68¼
1,461..	N. Y., N. H. & H.	102⅜	101⅝	101⅝
50..	Rutland pf.	30½	30½	30½
50..	Union Pacific	139½	139½	139½
19..	West End St. Ry.	71½	71½	71½

TELEPHONES.

193..	American	127½	125⅞	127½
18..	New England	138	138	138

MISCELLANEOUS.

200..	Am. Ag. Chem.	45½	45	45
70..	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	93	92	93
50..	Am. Pneu. Service	2¼	2⅛	2¼
100..	Am. Sugar	106½	105	106½
8..	Am. Sugar pf.	112	111	111
193..	Am. Tel. & Tel.	127½	125⅞	127½
189..	Am. Wool pf.	77	76½	77
35..	Edison	257	257	257
96..	General Electric	133	130¾	133
94..	Mass. Gas	89	88¼	88½
26..	Mass. Gas pf.	88½	88½	88½
15..	Mc

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STOCK & NOTES

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales June 12, 1913	828,015
Same day last year	190,336
Total year to date	42,116,144
Same period last year	65,988,211
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	65.55+1.87
Same day last year	81.22+ .07

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	63.09
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
June 12, 1913	2½	2	2	$4.8650	$4.8640	$4.8650
Same day last year.	3	2½	2¾	4.8725	4.8720	4.8725
Range year to date.	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r.	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
65⅛	65¼	48,600	Amalgamated CoP	62¼	65⅝	62¼	65⅛	+2⅞
92	93½	20	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	92	92	92	92	...
22¼	22½	1,740	Am. Beet Sugar	20⅝	22½	20⅝	22½	...
24	24⅛	14,800	Am. Can	22½	24⅝	22½	24	+3
84⅛	84⅜	2,500	Am. Can pf	81½	84⅜	81½	84⅝	+3⅝
39	39½	1,800	Am. Car & Fdry	38	39½	37½	39½	+2⅞
70	70	200	Am. Cities pf	69¼	70	69½	70	+ ⅝
35	35⅛	2,700	Am. Cotton Oil	35½	36	35¼	35¼	− ⅛
17	18	200	Am. Hide & L. pf	16½	17	16½	17	+1⅛
21	22	500	Am. Ice Securities	18⅝	20	18½	20	+1½
8⅛	8⅜	100	Am. Linseed	8	8	8	8	+⅛
28¼	29	100	Am. Linseed pf	27½	27⅝	27½	28	+⅛
46⅝	50	1,300	Am. Locomotive	27½	28⅝	27½	28	+ ⅛
61⅝	61⅞	200	Am. Malt pf	45⅞	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	+ ⅛
98½	98½	10,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	59½	62½	59½	62	+3½
79½	80	200	Am. S. & R. pf	98	98⅛	98	98⅛	+ ⅛
99	104	400	Am. S. Sec. pf. B	73¼	80	79¼	80	+1⅛
21	22	100	Am. Snuff pf	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	100¼	+ ⅛
106	107	100	Am. Steel Foundries	25	25	25	25	...
110	116	900	Am. Sugar Refining	103	106	104⅜	106	+1
127¼	127⅝	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	110½	110¼	110½	110½	− ⅛
206	210	1,300	Am. Teleph. & Tel	126½	127⅝	126½	127⅝	+1⅝
99	101	200	Am. Tobacco	206	209	206	209	+4
33	33½	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	98⅞	99½	98⅞	99½	+ ½
95¼	95¾	8,100	Anaconda Cop. Co	31⅛	33½	31⅛	33½	+1
96	97	11,950	Atch., Top. & S. F	93¼	95¼	92⅞	95¼	+1⅝
115¼	116	500	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	98	98	96⅞	96⅞	− ⅞
40¼	43	100	Atlantic Coast Line	113½	115	113½	115	+3
92⅜	93	4,700	Baldwin Locomotive	41	41	41	41	...
28⅜	27½	1,600	Baltimore & Ohio	91¼	93	91¼	93	+2
63⅜	66	330	Bethlehem Steel	25½	27½	25½	27½	+2½
125	127	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	63¼	63	63¼	65	+1⅞
86½	86⅜	10,300	Brook. Union Gas	125	125	125	125	+4
31	31½	700	Brook. Rapid Tran	84⅜	86⅜	84½	86½	+2¼
59½	61	100	California Petrol'm	29	31	28⅝	30½	+2¼
218¼	218¾	50,450	California Pet. pf	59	59	59	59	+1
211¼	213¼	1,000	Canadian Pacific	212⅜	218⅞	212½	218⅝	+7⅜
	90	100	C. P. sub. cfs. 2d pd	205⅝	211½	205⅝	211½	+1¼
19¼	20	1,400	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	99	99	99	99	...
88½	89	400	Central Leather Co	18½	19¼	18½	19¼	+1¼
104	107	17	Cent. Leather Co.pf	88½	89	88½	89	+1
66⅜	56½	6,400	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	103½	103½	103½	103½	+1
7	8	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	54½	56⅞	54½	56½	+2¼
11	11½	200	Chicago & Alton	7½	7½	7½	7½	−⅛
11	11½	50	Chicago Gt. West'n	11	11	11	11	...
102⅝	102⅝	10,400	Chi. Gt. West'n pf	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ⅝
133	133½	600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	100½	102⅝	100½	102½	+2¾
127	128	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	132⅝	133¼	132½	133⅞	...
34⅝	34⅝	11,500	Chi. & Northwest'n	126¼	127	126¼	127	+2
27¼	27½	500	Chino Copper	32⅝	34⅝	32¼	34⅝	+2½
23½	24½	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	25⅝	27¼	25⅝	27¼	+2
128½	129½	4,300	Colorado & South'n	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	...
84	91	2,000	Consolidated Gas	125⅜	129	125⅜	129	+3⅝
62	65	500	Corn Products Ref	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	+⅛
150	155	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	63	63	63	63	+1½
380	395	200	Delaware & Hudson	150	150	150	150	+2½
15	16	100	Del., Lack. & West	390	390	390	390	...
11½	11½	500	Den. & Rio Grande	14	14	14	14	+ ⅝
23½	23⅝	500	Distillers' Securities	10⅜	11½	10⅝	11½	+1⅝
35½	36	11,700	Erie	21½	23⅜	21⅝	23½	+2
29	29½	1,400	Erie 1st pf	34½	35⅞	34½	35½	+2
132	133¼	300	Erie 2d pf	28¾	29¼	28½	29¼	+¾
28	30	550	General Electric	130½	133	130¾	133	+3
	2⅝	100	General Motors	26½	26½	26½	26½	+½
26⅝	27½	1,900	Goldfield Consol	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
119⅝	119⅝	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+1½
28	29	5,600	Great Northern pf	118	120	118	119⅝	+2⅜
42	42¼	1,100	G. N. certs.ore prop	26⅜	28	26⅜	28	+1
110	112	1,950	Guggenheim Explor	42½	42½	42	42	...
14⅞	15	700	Illinois Central	110⅞	111	110⅞	111	+1¼
13⅞	14⅛	1,000	Inspiration Copper	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	+⅛
50½	50⅝	3,600	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	13	14¼	13	14¼	+⅞
4	8	6,700	Inter.-Met. pf	47	51	47	50½	+4
100¼	102½	100	Int. Agricultural	5	5	5	5	...
100⅛	102⅛	100	Int. Harvester, N. J	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛
110	113	100	Int. Harv. Corp.	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛
8⅜	9	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	112	112	112	112	−1
38	40	300	Int. Paper	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
7¼	9	200	Int. Paper pf	36	38	36	38	+1½
23⅞	24	1,700	Int. Steam Pump	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7½	−1⅛
57	58	200	Kan. City Southern	23	23⅞	23	23⅞	+ ⅛
147	147¼	13,800	Kan. City South. pf	57	57	57	57	+1
22	29½	400	Lehigh Valley	143	147¼	143	147¼	+4⅝
150	157	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	22	22	22	22	+⅛
129	130	1,200	Lorillard (P.) Co	152	152	152	152	...
68	70	100	Louis. & Nash	127	128	12,	128	+1⅝
96	100	100	May Dep. Stores	73	73	73	73	+6
3¼	3½	100	May Dep. Stores pf	99	99	99	99	+1½
13	15	100	Mercantile Mar.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	...
60	61⅛	1,300	Mercantile Mar. pf	12½	12¾	12½	12¾	...
21	27⅝	100	Mexican Petroleum	57	59½	57	59½	+2½
13⅜	14½	175	Miami Copper	20⅝	21	20⅝	21	+⅛
31	33	100	Minn. & St. L.	14	14	14	14	+2
119	120¼	1,050	Minn. & St. L. pf	32	32	32	32	−6
19½	20	1,100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	116	120¼	116	120½	+5
28¼	28⅝	3,710	M., K. & T.	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	19⅞	+1¼
107⅛	108	700	Missouri Pacific	26	28¼	26	28¼	+2½
43⅝	49	50	Nat. Biscuit Co	105½	107⅜	105½	107⅜	+3½
101	104	100	Nat. Lead Co.	46	48	46	46	...
16¼	17¼	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ⅛
14⅜	15	2,500	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	− ⅛
58	60	100	Nev. Consol. Copper	14	15	13⅞	15	+1
99½	99½	2,400	N. Y. Air Brake	59	59	59	59	...
101¼	102	3,600	N. Y. Central	98	99⅝	98	99⅝	+2½
26½	27	1,500	N. Y. N. H. & H.	102½	102½	99½	101⅞	+3
35	44	100	N. Y. Ont. & W.	25½	26½	25½	26½	+1⅝
101¼	103¾	1,800	Norfolk Southern	40	40	40	40	...
66	73	200	Norfolk & Western	100¼	101¼	100	101¼	+2
105	105⅜	10,390	North American	65	65	65	65	+1
18⅝	18⅝	800	Northern Pacific	103	105½	103	105	+2
25	26½	200	Pacific Mail	17	18	17	18	+1
108⅝	108½	6,038	Pacific Tel. Tel	24¼	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+⅛
107⅛	107½	1,100	Penn. Railroad	107⅛	108⅝	107⅛	108⅝	+⅞
93	95	125	People's Gas, Chi	106	107¼	106	107¼	+1
15	15¼	1,000	P. C. C. & St. L.	89	89	89	89	+2⅜
75	75½	400	Pittsburgh Coal	14⅜	15⅛	14½	15⅜	+ ⅛
21	21⅜	400	Pittsburgh Coal pf	73½	74	73½	74	+½
90	93	100	Pressed Steel Car	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
152	154	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	90	90	90	90	+1½
22⅜	23⅞	500	Pullman Company	152	152	152	152	...
17⅝	17¾	5,100	Ry. Steel Spring	22½	23	22½	23	+ ⅜
155	155½	115,600	Ray Consol. Copper	16⅜	17¼	16½	17¼	+1⅛
85	85½	300	Reading	152	156	151⅞	155	+3⅝
183¼	183⅞	6,350	Reading 2d pf	84	84	84	84	+1
74⅜	75	740	Rep. I. & S.	17⅜	18⅞	17⅝	18½	+⅝
141⅞	143⅜	3,200	Rep. I. & S. pf	72½	75	72½	75	+3
23⅜	24½	2,000	Rock Island Co.	13½	14½	13¼	14⅛	+⅝
20½	26	100	Rock Island Co. pf	22⅝	23⅞	22⅝	23⅝	+1⅝
42	45	800	Rumely (M.) Co	23	23	23	23	+2⅜
		100	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	43	43	43	43	...
3½	4	100	St. L. & S. F.	3½	3¾	3½	3¾	+ ⅛
6¾	7¼	410	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	7	8	7	8	+ ⅛
68	70	100	St. L. Southw. pf	6½	7	6½	6⅞	+ ⅛
38½	38⅝	600	Seaboard A. L. pf	65	65	63	65	−3
159	160	600	Sears, R'buck & Co	38	38½	38	38½	+ ¼
25	28	310	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	154⅜	160	154⅜	160	+5
93⅜	93⅞	23,350	Southern Pacific	24½	25	24½	25	+ ⅛
20¼	20¼	17,100	So. Ry. extended	89⅝	94¼	89⅝	93⅞	+4¼
72½	74	1,120	So. Ry. pf. extended	21⅜	20⅝	19⅛	20⅝	+1⅛
20	22	100	Studebaker Co	72¼	72¼	72	72¼	+ ⅛
30	30¼	1,800	Tennessee Copper	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	− ⅛
96	97	900	Texas Co	27¼	30	27	30	+2½
12¼	12⅜	400	Texas & Pacific	94	97	94	97	+2½
31⅜	31⅝	3,150	Third Avenue	12	12¼	12	12¼	+ ⅛
4½	4½	100	Union Bag & P. Co	29	31⅝	29	31⅝	+2⅞
25	30	400	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
143½	143⅝	83,100	Union Pacific	30	28	28	28	−1
80½	82	1,300	Union Pacific pf	138½	144⅛	138½	143⅝	+5⅜
83	83	300	United Dry Goods	79⅞	80	79⅞	80	...
33	33½	1,300	United Rys. Inv. pf	91¼	91¼	90	90	−3
20	21	600	United Rys. Invest	30	33	30	33	+3
10	14	260	U. S. C. I. P. & P	17¼	20	17¼	20	+3
46	48	200	U. S. C. I. P. & P. pf	47	51	47	47	+2⅝
80	90	30	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	...
61	63	400	U. S. R. & I. Co	59½	63	58½	63	+3⅞
58	58⅝	1,000	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	55⅝	58½	55⅝	58½	+3½
53½	58¼	196,550	U. S. Steel	100	100½	99⅝	100¼	+1
104	104¼	2,050	U. S. Steel pf	50	53½	50	53¼	+1½
41⅛	41⅞	29,950	Utah Copper	102⅜	104⅛	102⅜	104⅛	+1⅝
28½	28⅝	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	40⅞	42½	40⅞	41¾	+1¼
99	100	300	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅞	+1¼
38⅛	40	600	Va. I. & C. C	99	99	98	99	+1
6¾	7	100	Wabash pf	38	40	38	40	+2
110	118	35	Wells Fargo Exp	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
32	34	400	Western Maryland	112	112	112	112	...
120	122	100	W. U. Telegraph	32	32½	32	32½	−1
56⅛	58	1,800	Westingh. E. & M	61	61	61	61	−1
4½	4½	200	Wh. & L. E.	54	56⅜	54	56⅜	+2½
15	18	100	Wh. & L. E. 1st pf	4½	4½	4	4	+ ⅛
88	89	1,900	W'orth (F. W.) Co	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
				86⅞	89½	86⅞	89	+2½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar.15,'15	97½	98	6.00
Am. Loco	5	Oct., 1913	99½	100	5.00
Am. Loco	5	Nov. 1, 1914	100	100½	5.00
Austrian Gov.	4½	July,'14-15	96¼	97¾	10.00
Boston & Me.	6	June 2, '14	94	97	6.10
Boston & Me.	5	Feb. 3, '14	97	99	6.75
Brooklyn R.T.	5	July, 1913	99¾	99¾	6.25
Ches. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1914	95¼	97	6.00
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	98	99	5.75
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	88	95	10.00
C. H. & D.	4	July, 1913	99½	100	4.00
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	99	100	7.00
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	98	99	6.10
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	97	97¾	6.25
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	97¼	98½	6.00
Gen. Rubber	6	4½ July, 1915	98	99	6.00
Hocking Val.	4½	Nov., 1913	99¼	99¾	6.00
Hudson Cos.	6	Oct. 15,'13	97	100	6.00
Illinois Cent.	4½	July, 1914	98½	99	5.15
Illinois Cent.	4	July, 1914	95	95½	7.75
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'15	97¼	98½	5.90
Lack. Steel	5	Mar. 1915	94½	95½	7.90
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar.15,'14	99	99½	5.00
Mex. Mon.	6	Sep., 1913	97	99½	6.50
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	98¼	98¾	5.00
M. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1914	98	98	16.00
M., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	95½	97	6.35
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1913	99½	99¾	11.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	97	99¼	6.15
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar., 1914	98¾	99¼	5.50
N. Y. Central	5	Apr.21,'14	99¾	99¾	5.80
N. Y. Central	4½	May, 1915	97½	98¼	5.85
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	Dec., 1913	99	99¼	6.25
N. Y. State.	5	Feb., 1914	99¼	100¼	4.80
St. L. & S. F.	5	June, 1913	...	99	...
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep., 1914	...	95	...
Seab. Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	97½	98½	5.55
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	97¾	98¼	5.65
Schw. & Sul.	6	June, 1916	96	96	6.65
U. S. R. M.	5	Aug., 1914	98	99¼	5.05
Un. Pac.	4	Oct., 1913	99½	99½	6.05
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	99½	100	6.00
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	96	97	6.00
We. El. & M.	5	July, 1913	99¾	100¼	4.00
We. El. & M.	5	Aug., 1913	99¾	100¼	4.25
West. Md.	4	Sept., 1913	98	98	6.00

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s,	May,	1957	100	100¼	100	100⅛
4½s,	Nov.,	1957	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4½s,	May,	1917	100	101⅛	100	101⅛
4½s,	Nov.,	1917	100	101⅛	100	101⅛
4½s,	March,	1960-63	94½	95½	95	95¾
4½s,	March,	1962	94½	95½	95	95¾
4½s,	Sept.,	1960	94½	95½	95	95¾
4s,	May,	1963	91	92	90¾	91¼
4s,	Nov.,	1958	91	92	90¾	91¼
4s,	May,	1957	91	92¼	91	92¼
4s,	Nov.,	1956	90¾	91¼	90¾	91¼
4s,	Nov.,	1955	90¾	91¼	90¾	91¼
4s,	Nov.,	1936	90¾	91	91	91
4s,	1918-1919		97	100	97	100
3½s,	1954-1955		81¾	82¼	81¾	82
3½s,	May,	1954	81¾	82¼	81¾	82
3½s,	1950-1954		81	82	80½	82

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	June 11.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,263,708	$8,648,018	$308,118,768
Int. revenue	746,475	6,890,023	290,078,847
Corp. tax	329,875	1,396,287	7,462,262
Miscellaneous	359,735	4,145,236	57,987,203
Total receipts	2,698,793	22,804,015	$668,577,131
Expenditures	1,432,875	19,182,781	648,376,622
Surplus	1,265,918	3,721,234	20,200,509

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $30,610,558; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $21,781,960. Total of general fund, $137,392,518.

FOSS VETOES RAILWAY BILL.

Western Trolley Measure, Killed Preceding Day, Passed Again.

BOSTON, June 12.—Gov. Foss vetoed to-day the Washburn Railroad bill, which would have extended the credit of Massachusetts railroads and increased the size and the powers of the Railroad Commission. There has been a long fight over the legislation.

In his veto message Gov. Foss said:

"The original purpose of this bill, to provide effective regulation of our railroads, is one of the principal objects for which I have given three years to the public service. In the early stages of its progress through the Legislature the act gave assurance that the people of Massachusetts, after years of effort, were to receive recognition of their demands.

"But at a certain point in the proceedings the demand was made that the bill be amended by inserting financial provisions foreign to its real purpose and having no legitimate place in the measure. Against the protest of the Bank Commissioner, these provisions were finally incorporated in the bill, and are now offered as the price for which the people of Massachusetts can purchase the right to control the railroads of the Commonwealth."

The House passed to-day over the Governor's veto the bill giving the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad authority to acquire all the trolley lines in the State west of Worcester. The vote was 164 to 49. The Senate repassed the bill by a vote of 31 to 6.

NON-EXEMPT DIVIDENDS.

Government Will Tax Those Paid to Another Corporation.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn has decided that dividends of a corporation exempt from the corporation tax under the Supreme Court's recent decision relating to companies which lease their properties are subject to the tax whenever such dividends are paid, directly or indirectly, to another corporation. In the Minehill and Schuylkill Haven Railroad case the Supreme Court held that a corporation which leased its property is not "doing business," and is consequently not liable to the tax. The stocks of many such railroads are held by other corporations.

The Treasury Department must surrender a large amount of money as a result of the Supreme Court's decision, but before doing so Commissioner Osborn will begin an inquiry to ascertain the amount of dividends paid to other corporations during the years 1909 and 1912 and will levy a tax on these companies.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 12, 1913	$3,029,000
Same day last year	1,445,000
Total year to date	262,808,500
Same period last year	377,857,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	86.03 +.25
Same day last year	92.75 −.03

U S 2s, coupon	106½	Chic, Bur & Qy gen 4s		3,000	73¼	Peo G & C of Chi ref 6s
Panama 3s, coup		3,000	92⅞	2,000	73½	5,000
4,000	103½	1,000	92⅝	12,000	73⅝	Pub. Serv Corp s fund 5s
Jap Govt 4s, sterling loan		Chic, Bur & Qy joint 4s		5,000	73¾	10,000
4,000	75½	8,000	93½	55,000	74	Ray Cons 1st 6s
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan		11,000	93⅝	4,000	74½	5,000
12,000	83½	2,000	93¾	7,000	74¾	21,000
8,000	83½	10,000	93⅝	5,000	73½	10,000
Va 6s, def, Brown, Bros & Co ctfs		47,000	93⅜	Int Rap Tran 5s		8,000
10,000	42	Chic Gt W 4s		15,000	104⅜	Reading gen 4s
10,000	42½	1,000	73	Int & Gt Nthn 6s		1,000
N Y City 4s, 1955		Chic, M & St P gen 4s, Ser A		10,000	102½	2,000
1,000	90⅛	5,000	92	Internat Nav 5s		4,000s20f
N Y City 4s, 1959		4s, 1934		1,000	76	Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
1,000	90⅞	2,000	87½	Internat Paper 6s		4,000
N Y City 4s, 1960		Chic, M & St P gen 4½s, temp ctfs		1,000	100⅝	St L & S F R R gen 5s
3,000	90⅜	10,000	90⅜	Kan City, Ft S & M 6s		5,000
10,000	90⅝	N Y City 4½s, 1965, temp receipts		1,000

M'ADOO OFFER MADE TO AID FARM BANKS

Emergency Currency Suggested in Response to Crop Movement Inquiries.

NO WALL ST. SIGNIFICANCE

Penrose Calls It Administration's "Lifeboat" Preparation for Tariff Troubles.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Mr. McAdoo, the Secretary of the Treasury, issued another statement to-day explaining the one he made yesterday announcing his willingness to issue emergency currency notes to national banks and currency associations under the terms of the Aldrich-Vreeland law. To-day's statement was drawn forth by inquiries of Secretary McAdoo as to the exact purpose of his announcement. He explains that it has no relation to the present Wall Street situation, but is a response to the inquiries of bankers based upon the possibility of a money stringency when the time comes to move the heavy crops. Here is his statement:

The statement given out last night about the issue of currency under the Aldrich-Vreeland act has no particular significance at this time. The Department has received numerous inquiries during the past few months as to what its attitude would be in case of application by the banks for the issue of currency under this act. In order to meet these inquiries and to get at once any question on this subject the statement was issued.

The department has been informed by numbers of bankers who have called within the last few weeks that some stringency might be experienced in moving the large crops now promised for the Fall, and if they had the assurance that relief could be had under the provisions of the Aldrich-Vreeland act they would be able to meet that situation, and it would be of great value to business generally if they were informed now of the department's attitude. These are the reasons why the statement was given out last night. It had no relation to occurrences in Wall Street.

Has Wilson's Approval.

Secretary McAdoo's announcement of last night was made with the approval of the President. It was said at the White House to-day that the President and Mr. McAdoo had discussed the matter of using the authority conferred by the Aldrich-Vreeland act to overcome any possible financial stringency, and that the President had given the Secretary to understand that he might exercise his fullest discretion in the matter.

It was emphasized by officials of the Treasury Department to-day that there was no thought in the mind of Secretary McAdoo that a money stringency was likely to occur at this time. As an evidence that they did not regard the issuance of emergency currency at this time as necessary, or that any stringency in circulating medium existed, these officials pointed out that there were several hundred million dollars in United States bonds that could be utilized as security for the issue of national banknotes before it would be necessary for the banks to call on the Treasury Department to accept State, county, and municipal bonds as security for emergency currency.

The statement contained in Secretary McAdoo's announcement of last night that national currency associations have been organized in various parts of the country, "from Massachusetts to California, including the large cities of New York, Chicago, St. Louis, and others," brought expressions of surprise from one good many persons in Washington who thought that only two or three of these associations had been organized under the terms of the Aldrich-Vreeland act.

Treasury Department officials declined to give out for publication a list of these associations. They said that while, in their opinion, it would be perfectly proper to make the list public, many banks seemed to think that their membership in such associations would be construed as a sign of weakness. According to the Treasury view, however, the formation of national currency associations was a sign of strength.

Treasury officials said that no applications for the issue of any emergency currency had come to the Treasury Department as a result of the statement given to the press by Secretary McAdoo last night.

Lifeboat, Says Penrose.

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, formerly Chairman of the Committee on Finance, criticised the action of the Secretary of the Treasury in issuing last night's statement. The idea put forward by Mr. Penrose as an explanation of the McAdoo announcement was that the Administration was worried over the prospect of industrial and financial troubles following the enactment of the Tariff bill and was getting "life preservers and lifeboats ready."

"I cannot imagine what reason there is at present for such action on the part of the Treasury officials," said Senator Penrose. "There is no great crop movement to be provided for now, and if conditions were normal we ought to have a continuation of the extraordinary prosperity which, until recently, abounded in every field of activity.

"The fact remains, however, that the proposed tariff legislation threatens so many manufacturers, especially smaller ones, already the effects are felt in the way of depression and curtailment of these industries. Then the general uncertainty as to the intentions of the Democratic majority in Congress and the President regarding the currency problem and the continued outcropping of radical suggestions regarding currency legislation and railroads, has introduced a condition of apprehension and uncertainty in the business world, the immediate effect of which is reflected in the extraordinary drop in securities on the Exchanges.

Lays It to Tariff.

"These same conditions led to more disastrous results in Cleveland's second Administration, and while no one wants to be a calamity howler, yet it is becoming very evident that many persons are beginning to entertain the gravest apprehensions for the future. Under a tariff bill with customs duties very greatly reduced, with a consequent reduction on revenues and with an income tax to compensate for such reduction, which is drawn in such an involved and unsatisfactory way that it is likely to become the subject of litigation, there is no assurance that the present National Administration under this fiscal legislation may not face a large deficit in Government revenues such as occurred in Cleveland's Administration. Such a condition would contribute to complicate and embarras the financial situation in the country.

"If the Administration has begun already to talk about preparations for the issuing of currency long before the tariff bill can become a law and while the bill is still in the impenetrable secrecy of a conference of Democratic Senators, it is evident that conditions will become more serious when the bill becomes a law and its effects become a certainty. When life preservers and lifeboats are being made ready the proceeding is not calculated to instill confidence in the passengers.

"Another significant feature of the situation is the rumor that currency legislation is to be abandoned at the present special session. Originally the programme seems to have been to force currency legislation through at this time in order to counteract the anticipated bad effects of the tariff bill. This seems like a rather simple minded reason for pressing currency legislation, but it now seems to have given place to an argument not much more encouraging, that currency legislation is to be postponed in order not to intensify a situation already bad and dangerous and said to be causing some political apprehensions in the inner circles of the party in power."

CHICAGO BANKERS' VIEWS.

Emergency Money Not Needed, They Said—Pleases Philadelphians.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Chicago bankers do not believe there will be any occasion to issue emergency currency next Fall. Leading local bankers express the belief that the movement of crops will be financed without any serious difficulty. They say the banks have been preparing to meet the emergency for the last two or three months, and they regard it as unfortunate that the subject has gained so much prominence

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—Local bankers are pleased over Secretary McAdoo's statement about emergency currency. They interpret the statement to mean that the Treasury is prepared to advance all the money necessary for the movement of crops, and, if necessary, to protect the general public against prearranged raids or ready-made panics in Wall Street.

Francis B. Reeves, President of the Philadelphia Clearing House, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the Philadelphia Currency Association, expressed the sentiment of most of the local financiers when he said the action of the Secretary was that of pouring oil on troubled waters.

MONEY MUCH EASIER.

Time Loans Drop and Funds Are Available for Commercial Paper.

The National City Bank's reduction in its rate on call money Wednesday, followed yesterday by the expected lowering of rates on standing loans, had an immediate effect on the commercial paper market, little less striking than the response made by the stock market to the release of a large amount of money for loans. Hundreds of merchants, manufacturers, and other business men who have to operate largely on credit hastened to their banks yesterday to take advantage of the opportunity to finance their needs for coming months.

It was unofficially said that the National City Bank alone lent $7,00,000 yesterday on commercial paper. Part of this was taken on behalf of out-of-town correspondents, who were quick to follow the lead of the New York institutions in unlocking their surplus funds. The President of one Western bank which has been carrying a 40 per cent. reserve was influenced to such an extent by the more favorable sentiment which he found in the financial district during a hurried trip to this city that he put $2,000,000 of his bank's loanable funds into commercial paper.

Another significant feature of yesterday's active loan business was the purchase by several banks of commercial paper which will not mature until after the crop-moving period. One of the largest institutions had previously limited its investments in commercial paper to short term obligations which fall due by the middle of October, on the theory that it would need all the money it could get when the Fall demand came. Yesterday this bank took a large amount of paper that runs into the first of 1914.

The highest price paid for call money on the Stock Exchange was 2½ per cent. yesterday, against 2¾ on Wednesday. Renewals were made at 2 per cent. Sixty-day loans were made at 3½ and 4 per cent., compared with 4 and 4¼ per cent. on Wednesday. The National City Bank reduced its rate on standing loans from 3 to 2½ per cent. Most of the other large lenders, including the First National Bank, also reduced their rates.

While the money market was much easier, customers of the banks found their applications for loans closely scrutinized. Credit officers took the stand that while they had plenty of money for what they considered legitimate business uses in coming months they would not loan to any one for the purpose of taking speculative risks. In other words, they advised contraction rather than expansion, and where a borrower's estimates were based on his expectation of doing twice the amount of business he did a year ago, or where he was contemplating the erection of new plants, he found his line of credit cut down. As a result of this policy it was confidently predicted by several leading bankers that the usual period of tight money in the Fall would not bring a serious strain.

The condition which Secretary McAdoo sought to relieve, in calling attention to the possibilities of the Aldrich-Vreeland act, was not a shortage of currency, such as was experienced in 1907, but of capital or credit, according to the best-informed bankers. The only remedy for that they held to be restriction of new business, such as has proved so general among the Wall Street banking heads to express the belief that the emergency currency held in readiness in Washington would be sought under conditions now existing or likely to develop. In some quarters Mr. McAdoo was credited with having put the Administration in a position to say later, if a money stringency should develop, that the banks were warned in time.

It was evident to the bankers that some of their customers were fortifying themselves against a possible advance in money rates this Fall by taking money now several weeks in advance of their actual needs.

THE MORRIS PARK AUCTION.

Lots Sold Yesterday for an Average Price of $1,488 Each.

At the auction sale of Morris Park lots yesterday 226 lots were sold for $336,250. The average price was $1,488 a lot. In the eleven days of the sale 2,932 lots have been sold for $3,592,825, or an average of $1,225 a lot.

At last night's session two lots on Pelham Parkway, 200 feet west of the Esplanade, were sold for $2,650 each to J. Romaine Brown. The northeast corner of the Esplanade and Hone Avenue brought $4,400 and the adjoining lot brought $2,000. J. Markowitz purchased the southwest corner of Morris Park Avenue and Bogart Avenue for $3,400 and the adjoining lot for $2,550.

The largest purchase of the afternoon session was made by John C. Tomlinson, who bought six lots on the southeast corner of Pelham Parkway and Lurting Avenue. He paid $23,000 for the parcel. $5,600 for the corner and from $3,000 to $4,000 each for the adjoining lots. M. Rosenberg and brother paid $5,000 for the southeast corner of Bronxdale and Morris Park Avenues.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday fair; warmer in eastern portion; moderate northwesterly to northerly winds.

Georgia—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Fair Friday; warmer in northern and central portions; Saturday fair; light northerly to northeasterly winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Friday and Saturday; light northeasterly to easterly winds.

Louisiana—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday fair; light northeasterly to easterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Friday; local showers at night or Saturday; moderate east to southeast winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

Utah—Fair Friday; warmer in north portion. Saturday, fair.

Oklahoma—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday, fair.

Arkansas and Kansas—Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

Tennessee—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday, fair.

Kentucky—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Ohio and Indiana—Fair Friday and Saturday; light to moderate winds, becoming south.

Illinois—Fair Friday and probably Saturday, without decided temperature changes; light to moderate south winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Friday and Saturday; moderate south and southwest winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Friday. Saturday local showers and somewhat cooler; moderate south winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably local showers and somewhat cooler; moderate south and southwest winds.

Minnesota—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled and cooler, probably local showers; moderate south winds, becoming northwest Saturday.

Iowa—Fair Friday and probably Saturday, probably somewhat cooler Saturday.

Missouri—Fair Friday and probably Saturday without decided temperature changes.

North Dakota—Local showers Friday or Friday night and probably Saturday; cooler Saturday.

South Dakota—Generally fair Friday; local showers and cooler at night or Saturday.

Nebraska—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; somewhat cooler Saturday.

BUYERS IN MARKET AND STOCKS GO UP

Money Supply Alarms the Shorts and They Help Along the Advance.

GAIN FROM 3 TO 5 POINTS

New Haven, an Exception, Falls Below Par for the First Time—Union Strong on New Settlement Plan.

The stock market abruptly turned about yesterday from its previous position of weakness and moved strongly forward under heavy buying. Without meeting with a reaction of a substantial order, prices were steadily lifted by hurried short coverings and investment purchases from the opening until midday. Profit taking sales in late trading were not of sufficient volume to prevent the average run of stocks from finishing with net gains well in excess of 3 points.

It was a bad day for the short interest. There was evidence long before the opening that traders who had previously sold stock they did not own were decidedly nervous over the possible changes of sentiment overnight as a result of the improvement in the local money market and from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo's offer of emergency money to the banks if needed.

The bullish element had the situation completely in its own hands during the first hour. The supply of stocks was not large enough to meet the demands, and the result was the closest approach to a bear panic that the Street has seen in several years. Before noon Union Pacific advanced more than 3 points, Southern Pacific more than 4 points and Reading nearly as much, Lehigh Valley in excess of 4 points, Steel more than 3 points, while Canadian Pacific stood pre-eminently alone with a gain of 7 points and better. In this swift rise the Canadian stock wiped out the full extent of the loss it sustained on the day before, when a sharp selling movement toward the end of the session carried it down.

Other developments appeared while stocks were rising and ably assisted their progress. Chief among them was the unexpected proposal by Union Pacific officials before the Federal Court in St. Paul that they stood ready to trade $38,000,000 of Southern Pacific shares in the road's treasury for $42,000,000 stock of the Baltimore & Ohio held now by the Pennsylvania. Union Pacific shares fairly leaped forward when dispatches telling of this proposal were received, and when Attorney General McReynolds was quoted a few minutes later to the effect that he would not be likely to oppose the transaction there was another strong advance.

Toward noon London appeared as a buyer of many of the stocks thrown over on other days of the week, and there were cumulative signs all through the day that large as well as small investors were steadily accumulating the best dividend payers. London transactions were estimated at about 50,000, of which the greater proportion by far were on the buying side.

The market slowed down in the afternoon, but did not part with an appreciable amount of its strength. Business closed with prices on a slant upward, the majority of stocks ending the session not far from their best figures. This table shows the high prices touched by a number of the more active issues, with a comparison with their lowest quotations of the year and net changes for the day:

	Yesterday's High.	Year's Low.	Net change.
Amal. Copper	65⅜	51⅝	3¾
American Smelt.	62½	58⅛	3¼
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	127⅜	125½	1⅜
Atchison	95¼	93	1⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	98	96⅜	2
Bklyn. Rapid Transit	86⅞	83⅜	2½
Canadian Pacific	218⅞	210¼	7⅞
St. Paul	102¾	83⅜	2⅝
Erie	29¾	20¼	2
Great Northern pf.	120	115¼	2½
Lehigh Valley	147¼	141¼	4⅜
New York Central	99½	96½	2⅛
Northern Pacific	105⅜	101½	2
Reading	156	151⅜	3⅜
Southern Pacific	94¼	89⅝	4⅛
Union Pacific	144⅛	137⅜	5⅝
Steel	53⅞	49⅞	3¼

The trend of prices seemed to indicate that the market had been extensively oversold on preceding days of the week. There were, however, soft spots scattered here and there. New Haven was pounded hard on the strength of a rumor that Federal proceedings were to be commenced against the company, and broke through par for the first time in its history.

SEEKS DAMAGES FOR LOOP.

Hallenbeck Wants $400,000, Saying Subway Route Was Changed.

Justice Gerard signed yesterday in the Supreme Court at the instance of Harry C. Hallenbeck through his attorney, John T. Hettrick, an order to show cause against the Bradley Contracting Company, the Public Service Commission, and the City of New York for trespass and maintaining a nuisance in Park and Pearl Streets on the line of the Centre Street Subway. Mr. Hallenbeck is the owner of a building in one of the parals, just north of the Municipal Building, which Borough President McAneny has recommended should be purchased by the city in order to round out the proposed civic centre.

He is now asking from the city damages amounting to $400,000. He wants $150,000 for trespass and nuisance and $250,000 for damages to the fee value of his property, on the ground that there has been a deviation from the route laid down in the authorized plans of the Centre Street Loop Subway.

According to Mr. Hallenbeck's application the original plan called for the construction of a subway along Centre Street, ending at a suitable point under the new Brooklyn Bridge terminal. It is said that no authority was received either from the Appellate Division or the adjacent property holders for the shifting of the line 125 feet to the east, and that these changes have raised the surface of Park Street above its former grade about eight feet at one point of the Hallenbeck Building and five feet at another point.

Consequently in his application to Justice Gerard the plaintiff asks that an injunction issue against the maintenance of the Subway either in Park Street and Pearl Street or easterly of Centre Street, in the block north of Duane Street. It is also asked that the Commission and the Bradley Contracting Company be compelled to fill in the subway at Park and Pearl Streets because of the alleged illegal construction, and that the city be prevented from changing the physical grade of any part of the sidewalks on the easterly side of Park Street, between Duane Street and Pearl Street, or of the sidewalks on the southern side of Pearl Street between Park Street and City Hall Place.

It was said yesterday that it is not anticipated that this proceeding will result in any actual obstacle to the operation of the new Centre Street loop. The case was compared to that which arose during the construction of the original Subway in Park Avenue, where there was a deviation from the route as originally authorized, and this the courts held was a trespass and a nuisance. The old Rapid Transit Board had to go to the courts about the matter, and the Appellate Division refused to give authority to the city to maintain the nuisance until damages had been paid to the abutting property owners.

SENDS BACK 40TH ST. PLAN.

Proposal to Join Subways at 42d Street Still Before Estimate Board.

The Board of Estimate yesterday sent back to the Public Service Commission its communication recommending the establishment of a junction between the new Lexington Avenue line and the old Subway at Fortieth Street. This means that no decision has yet been reached by the city authorities with regard to this important link in the new subway system. On some of the sections of the Lexington Avenue line above Forty-second Street more than half the work has been completed, but as yet no one knows where the connection, which will alone make the operation of the Lexington Avenue line possible, is to be put.

The Board of Estimate had had the suggested connection at Fortieth Street before it for sixty days, the time in which the law required it to act. A hearing had been held on the matter especially for the benefit of the Transit Committee of the board, the Public Service Commissioners sitting with them, but they were unable to vote yesterday.

One reason for the delay is that the commission is by no means satisfied with the Fortieth Street connection. The Forty-second Street Subway Association, composed of property owners near the Grand Central Station and along Forty-second Street, has gone on record in favor of the first connection proposed. This is a diagonal station from Forty-third Street and Lexington Avenue to Forty-first Street and Park Avenue. Such a line would pass beneath the old hospital site at the corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-second Street, which is now owned by the New York Central Railroad, on which it is understood that they intend to build a new hotel, and would also run under the Grand Union Hotel.

Under both properties it would be necessary for the city to acquire easements, and it is understood that the reason why the Board of Estimate refused to approve this plan when it was originally proposed by the commission was that the cost of these easements seemed prohibitive. Negotiations are proceeding with the property owners, and it is hoped will result in such a reduction in the prices asked by them as to make it possible for the city to acquire the easements.

The commission has also had before it suggestions for the completion of the connection between the old and the new subway at Thirty-third Street and at Fourteenth Street. The former is supported by a number of Lexington Avenue property owners, who are represented by ex-Borough President Jacob A. Cantor, and the latter has been proposed by Commissioners Williams and Cram.

$40,000 FOR CITY ICE PLANT.

Board of Estimate Votes It, but Aldermen May Hold It Up.

The Board of Estimate voted yesterday to provide $40,000 in special revenue bonds to carry out the experiment proposed by Borough President McAneny of building a municipal ice plant. Mr. McAneny failed in his efforts to have the money transferred from some other department, and therefore asked for the money direct. The matter will have to come before the Aldermen and sixty votes are necessary for the approval of the bond issue. It was said yesterday that the Borough President would find no difficulty in getting that many Aldermen to favor his plan, which must otherwise fail.

President John H. Finley of the City College informed Mr. McAneny yesterday that the city might use the excess power at the college for municipal ice-making purposes. One of the Borough President's engineers will investigate the proposition.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MOUNT MORRIS BANK

at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Public securities, market value		$1,000.00
Real estate owned		355,217.75
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		206,505.50
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,161,062.13
Loans and discounts without collateral		761,918.57
Overdrafts		35.03
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		411,317.26
Specie		335,739.19
Legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		38,562.00
Cash items		67,005.50
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest not entered estimated		100.00
Total		$3,338,463.01

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$250,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	334,252.11
Unpaid dividends	$18.00
Reserved for taxes	3,080.50
	3,098.50
Preferred deposits	$144,313.40
Deposits not preferred	2,467,763.01
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	100,004.60
Total deposits	2,712,081.01
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$57,856.59
Accrued interest entered	774.80
Accrued interest not entered, estimated	400.00
	39,031.39
Total	$3,388,463.01

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

FRED'K W. LIVERMORE, Vice President, and LINDLEY H. HILL, cashier, of Mount Morris Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 85 East 125th Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the fourth day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made, and L. M. Schwan, the President, is absent and cannot join in the report.

F. W. LIVERMORE, Vice President.
LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 12th day of June, 1913, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] W. R. LEWIS, Notary Public,
New York Co., No. 2,188. Reg. No. 5,062.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF EUROPE

at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.: Public securities, market value	$105,000.00	
Other securities, market value	72,578.00	
		177,578.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		40,200.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		56,120.00
Loans and discounts without collateral		568,224.78
Overdrafts		27.35
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		396,765.94
Specie		559,152.06
Legal tender notes and notes of National banks		379,260.00
Cash items		177,556.76
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest not entered		5,500.00
Total		$5,160,939.15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		815,488.31
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, etc.		5,350.00
Preferred deposits	$3,288.65	
Deposits not preferred	4,113,637.98	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	20,000.00	
Total deposits		4,136,926.63
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$674.26	
Accrued interest not entered	2,500.00	
		3,174.26
Total		$5,160,939.15

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

LOUIS A. FAHS, Vice President, and GEORGE KERN, Cashier, of German Exchange Bank, New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 330 Bowery, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the 4th day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made.

LOUIS A. FAHS, Vice President.
GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 12th day of June, 1913, before me.

HARRY WEIL, Notary Public,
[Seal of Notary.] Kings Co., No. 40.
Certificate filed N. Y. Co. No. 5,

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF AMERICA,

at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.: Public securities, market value	$1,000.00	
Other securities, market value	2,245,333.06	
		2,246,333.06
Real estate owned		900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		5,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		12,737,489.91
Loans and discounts without collateral		9,484,986.87
Overdrafts		542.99
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		996,168.95
Specie		5,523,703.78
Legal-tender notes and notes of national banks	1,598,596.00	
Cash items	9,194,923.80	
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest not entered	59,500.00	
Total		$43,747,195.86

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		6,438,172.96
Unpaid dividends		714.00
Due N. Y. State savings banks	$3,689,010.42	
Deposits not preferred	20,161,629.75	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	10,417,364.01	
Total deposits		34,268,004.18
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$1,526,054.25	
Accrued interest not entered	14,250.00	
		1,540,304.25
Total		$43,747,195.86

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

WILLIAM H. PERKINS, President, and WALTER M. BENNET, Cashier, of The Bank of America, a bank located and doing business at No. 44 and 46 Wall Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the fourth day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made.

WILLIAM H. PERKINS, President.
WALTER M. BENNET, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 11th day of June, 1913, before me. J. DENZLER,
[Seal.] Notary Public, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GERMAN EXCHANGE BANK, NEW YORK,

at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.: Public securities, market value	$429,500.00	
Other securities, market value	155,690.93	
		585,190.93
Real estate owned		110,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		117,161.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		370,891.60
Loans and discounts without collateral		2,459,351.87
Overdrafts		408.99
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		396,765.94
Specie		559,152.06
Legal tender notes and notes of National banks		379,260.00
Cash items		177,556.76
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest not entered		5,500.00
Total		$5,160,939.15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		815,488.31
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, etc.		5,350.00
Preferred deposits	$3,288.65	
Deposits not preferred	4,113,637.98	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	20,000.00	
Total deposits		4,136,926.63
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$674.26	
Accrued interest not entered	2,500.00	
		3,174.26
Total		$5,160,939.15

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

CHARLES A. FAHS, Vice President, and GEORGE KERN, Cashier, of German Exchange Bank, New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 330 Bowery, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the 4th day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made.

CHAS. W. BOGART, President.
CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 12th day of June, 1913, before me.

F. W. MONTGOMERY,
Notary Public, Westchester County.
[Seal of Notary.]

Certificate filed in New York County, No. 46. New York County Register's No. 5,160. Commission expires March 30, 1915.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

15 Chambers St., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30th, 1913, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws, payable on and after July 14th, 1913.

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1913.

H. E. TENER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

SAVING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

Founded 1838. Under supervision of New York State Banking Department. You can open a savings share account with any sum from $1 up to $5,000. Begin now or write for Booklet A.

33 PARK ROW, NEW YORK CITY. 4½%

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the SIEGFRIED COMPANY, Inc., will be held at the office of the company, 50 Church Street, City, County, and State of New York, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., on the 24th day of June, 1913, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated June 10, 1913.

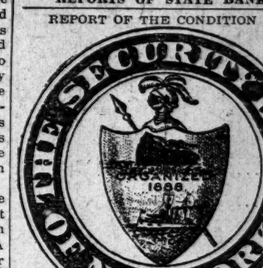
EDW. H. ACREE, Jr., Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Arco Realty Co. will be held at its office, 30 East 42d St., on June 24, noon.

MAYER S. AUERBACH, President.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF



at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.: Public securities, market value	$120,420.00	
Other securities, market value	31,528.56	
		151,948.56
Real estate owned		138,057.91
Mortgages owned		76,560.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		68,932.90
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,858,272.19
Loans and discounts without collateral		9,246,007.23
Overdrafts		673.40
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		1,016,196.31
Specie	$2,226,141.14	
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks	1,246,639.00	
Cash items	1,207,678.02	
		4,680,458.16
Due from United States Treasurer		26,020.00
Other assets, viz.: Vaults, furniture, and fixtures	$65,622.63	
Accrued interest not entered	13,166.42	
		78,789.05
Loan account, balance due on Nineteenth Ward and Twelfth Ward Banks in liquidation	$960,000.00	
Less reserve, loan account, balance due on Nineteenth Ward and Twelfth Ward Banks in liquidation	35,599.98	
		924,400.02
Total		$18,266,316.08

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		423,463.52
Unpaid dividends	$1,165.50	
Reserved for taxes	7,200.00	
Reserved for rent	1,375.00	
		9,740.50
Preferred deposits	$90,761.35	
Deposits not preferred	16,499,838.86	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	31,394.10	
Total deposits		16,621,994.31
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$152,273.88	
Mortgages on real estate owned	8,500.00	
Accrued interest entered	47,061.17	
Accrued interest not entered	3,282.70	
		211,117.75
Total		$18,266,316.08

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

E. PRESTON APPLETON, President, and LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier, of The Security Bank of New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 1 East 14th Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws, as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 4th day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made.

R. ROSS APPLETON, President.
LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 12th day of June, 1913, before me.

ROBERT A. ROSE, Jr.,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE TWENTY-THIRD WARD BANK,

at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.: Public securities, market value	$1,000.00	
Real estate owned	213,150.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral	68,275.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	272,218.42	
Loans and discounts without collateral	1,510,632.57	
Overdrafts	342.66	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers	311,771.30	
Specie	233,069.34	
Legal-tender notes and notes of other National banks	113,000.00	
Cash items	118,447.03	
Other assets, viz.: Furniture and fixtures	$5,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered (estimated)	1,000.00	
	6,500.00	
Total		$2,868,406.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		104,418.59
Reserved for taxes		1,250.00
Preferred deposits	$93,835.72	
Deposits not preferred	2,361,219.80	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	3,245.96	
Total deposits		2,460,301.48
Other liabilities, viz.: Cashier's checks outstanding	$19,936.25	
Mortgages on real estate owned	81,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered (estimated)	1,000.00	
		102,436.25
Total		$2,868,406.32

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

CHARLES P. BOGART, President, and CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier of Twenty-third Ward Bank of the City of New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 2,469 Third Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the fourth day of June, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made.

WILLIAM J. PERKINS, President.
WALTER M. BENNET, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 11th day of June, 1913, before me. J. DENZL

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Lacombe, J. Court opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. 82—Hurd v. D, L & W R R. 218—Inowye v. James T Haverty's Stables. 179—Nicoll v. Pullman Co. 207—Canter v. City of N Y. 242—United States v. 7 Costumes, &c. 245—Same v. Scherer. 219—Brennan v. Lehigh V R R. 215—Caffoor v. Van Degsen. 43—United States v. 1 Case Woolens. 245—Smoke v. Penn R R. 97—Weintraub v. same. 98—Same v. same. 223—Sherwood v. Russell. 239—Grant v. De Laval Separator Co. 246—United States v. Central New Eng R R. 169—Mechan v. Silverstein. 251—Schreyer v. Evaris. 255—Mason v. Moore. 234—Dooley v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 235—Schwabe v. Herzog. 55—Green v. Stevens. 56—Fuller v. Loews Consolidated Enterprises. 57—Rock Island Butter Co v. Howland. 58—McLeod v. Pritchard. 59—Druckheb v. Harris. 60—Smock v. Commercial Travelers Mutual Accident Ass'n. 61—Chalmers v. Murphy. 62—Moraff v. Kohn. 63—Seaman's Bank for Sav v. Greenwich Invest Co. 64—Deiches v. Western Dev Co. 15—Schlesinger v. Schlesinger. 66—Deiches v. Western Dev Co. 67—Anderson v. Ill Surety Co. 68—Meekins v. May. 69—Starr v. Averett. 70—Matter of Thos Smith v. Jas T Haverty. 71—A H Alden & Co v. N Y Commercial Co et al. 72—Robinson v. Bull, Jr. 73—Hauser v. Hauser. 74—Hauptmann v. City & Sub Homes Co. 75—Mendelson v. Margulies. 76—Hill v. Guaranty Trust Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of City of N Y, (McGraw Av.) 2—Hall v. Quimby. 3—Matter of City of N Y. (Seaman Av.) 4—Slaviz v. Crystal & Son. 5—Matter of Loew. 6—Matter of Dolan. 7—Matter of Kane. 8—Matter of Schelb. 9—Matter of Deckelman. 10—Matter of Rickshen. 11—Jacobs v. Jacobs. 12—Reccombein v. Nathan Harrison Realties 13—Motor Specialties Co v. Aristos Co. 14—Matter of Baker, (Maclay Av.) 15—Zutovitz Matter of Baker, (Maclay Av.) 15—Zutovitz Zutkovitz v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 16—Matter of City N Y, (Blendell Av.) 17—Seybel v. Thorley. 18—Preston v. Hobbs. 19—Hampton v. Gteller. 20—McSorley v. McGuire. 21—Spielberg v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 22—Lane v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 23—Carr v. Carr. 24—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 25—International Federation of Musicians v. Fulgione. 26—Kahn v. Scherick. 27—Kelly v. Penn Tunnel & Terminal R R. 28—Same v. same. 29—Barry v. Patterson. 30—Matter of Gathwald. 31—Matter of Murray. 32—Polbowitz v. Elsner & Taub Mfg Co. 33—Golub v. Golub. 34—Walberg v. Ward. 35—Drusin v. Vicari. 36—Matter of Berman. 37—Terry v. Goldstein. 38—Trotta v. Rheinfrank Housewrecking Co. 39—Matter of Donohue. 40—People ex rel Murphy v. Republic Co. 41—McAvoy v. Montanye. 42—Drusbaczky v. Horowitz. 43—Gallagher v. Haywood. 44—Blech v. Blech. 45—Blum v. Blum. 46—Napier v. Spielmann. 47—Hellman v. Thompson Ave Realty Co. 48—Berkowitz v. Berkowitz. 49—McVea v. City of N Y. 50—Wells v. Murray. 51—Reh v. Schnitzer. 52—Collins v. Single Service Package Corp. 53—Strunsky v. Henderson. 54—Matter of Montefiore Home, (Prendergast.) 55—Star Co v. Press Pub Co. 56—Freschheim v. Freschheim. 57—People v. Lynx. 58—Poughkeepsie Sav Bk v. Miller. 59—Brill v. Brill. 60—Hamet v. Landeker. 61—Hudson Nav Co v. Olcott. 62—Squibb v. Neuberger. 63—Pollitz v. Wabash R R Co. 64—Abramowitz v. Sternfold. 65—Loew v. Johnson. 66—City N Y v. Robertson. 67—Rosenthal v. Milbank. 68—A H Ivins Co v. Martin Holding Co. 69—Durr v. Durr. 70—Doelger v. Altschul. 71—People v. Stilwell. 72—Matter of Reichert, (Siegel.) 73—Same v. same. 74—McDonald v. McDonald. 75—Matter of City New York, (Main St., City Island) 76—Chambers v. Stake. 77—Sauvage v. Standard Coupler Co. 78—Miller-Ryder Co v. Ryder. 79—De Gratresse v. De Gratresse. 80—Diamond v. Diamond. 81—City N Y v. Olson. 82—Klar v. Schwartz. 83—Straughn v. De Basco. 84—Herzog v. Herzog. 85—Witmark & Sons v. Alleridge. 86—Bellmardo v. Southern Pacific Co. 87—Squibb v. Neuberger. 88—Lenox Sand & Gravel Co v. City N Y. 89—Gorowitz v. Krause. 90—Seidner v. same. 91—McAuliffe v. Ruth. 92—Matter of Goldesman. 93—Matter of Oberschelmer. 94—Matter of Public Park (Rae St.) 95—Heinze v. Northern Bank. 96—Estates Dev Co v. Gallager. 97—Marx v. Feldman Const Co. 98—Same v. same. 99—Moller v. Sommer. 100—McKeige v. Flynn. 101—German Saving Bk v. Benassi. 102—McGloin v. Wehmann. 103—N Y Assets Realization Co v. Pforzheimer. 104—Same v. same. 105—Zarch v. Zarch. 106—Levy v. Rosenthal. 107—Clarke v. Gilmore. 108—People v. Silverstein. 109—Tax Lien Co v. Thyson. 110—Koerner v. Saglimbene. 111—Shamey v. East Side Spinning Co. 112—Fuchs v. Fuchs. 113—Ludlam v. Ludlam. 114—Northern Bank v. Mulligen.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III. Greenbaum, J. Motions. Preferred causes. 2752—Kelly v. Hoag. 3017—Kurzman v. Pierce. 3021—Thorn v. Realty Holding Co. 3320—Dobson v. Thorn. 3119—Stoddard v. Stoddard. General calendar. 3329—Popp v. Winter. 375—Zeggio v. Robinson. 106—Morris Co v. City of N Y. 2704—Kayser v. Italian Silk Underwear Co. 2842—Rubin v. Lacninsky. 1609—Bayer v. Stein. 2379—Neal v. Ball. 1393—Pierce v. McDonald. 1159—Borse v. Hargood Realty Co. 1642—Higgins v. Fairview Imp & Inv Co. 569—Bielomeich v. Keisler. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV. No day calendar; Part V., case on; Part VI., clear; Part VII., recess; Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Calendar. Goff, J. Pleadings. 1—Joseph H. Vendig. 2—Julius Rosenberg. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II. Newburger, J. 3884—Breuchard v. Rudiger. 3872—Sherman Square Realty Corp v. McNulty. 4005—Hurley v. Reynolds. 4006—Same v. same. 3825—Ridgewood National Bank v. Stallo. 3787—Miles v. Stallo. 4081—Sherry v. Mrs. Frank McLaughlin. 3990—Gerlach v. Smith. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Dugro, J. 3886—Whitnack v. Holzwasser. 3904—Romer v. N Y C & H R R R. 3886—Szeman v. Mason-Seamon Transp Co. 2890—Khzadourian v. Compagnie Generale Transatlantique. 1161—Brown v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 4008—Sharkey v. Silverman. 4015—Hirsch v. Keyes. 3884—Coletos v. Montfort. 2370—Rothschild v. 740 West End Av Co. 2803—Kenney v. Heine. 3648½—Madden v. 3d Av Ry. 4016—Strauss v. Newman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Amend, J. Case on—Dahlman v. Globe Storage, &c, Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Philbin, J. Cases on—Strong v. Yellow Taxicab Co. Same v. same. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Ford, J. Case on—Lynch v. Landsman. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Part VII.—Whitaker, J. 3403—Buckley v. N Y Homoeopathic Med College. 4068—Willcox v. Erie R R. 3722—Matese v. Decker. 3445—Bernardo v. N Y Edison Co. 3411—La Marco v. B & O R R. 6065—Joyce v. Convent Av Const Co. 3759—Grady v. Fagan. 3675—Kelly v. Haskell. 4072—Morris v. Goltie & Smith. 4073—Schneider v. Schlams. 4074—Fisher v. Colin. 4086—Nadel v. N Y, N H & H R R and New England Nav Co. 4020—Trojanowitz v. Fera, Jr. 1675—McCarthy v. F W Searles Co. 3436—Bennsohn v. Cohen. 3840—Gallagher v. N Y, N H & H R R. 4082—Wells v. Wells Bros Co. 4070—Fried v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 3847—Hales v. Fairview Const Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Donnelly, J. Case on—Bressnan v. Joline. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Platzek, J. Case on, Marcus v. Schmidt, (2.) No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Pendleton, J. Case on. Schmidt v. Harris. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Weeks, J. 3649—Kandel v. Elyn Heights R R. 3761—Maher v. N Y, N H & H R R. 1192—Frankel v. Frankel. 3893—McInerney v. N Y City Inter Ry. 3867—Papadola v. Whitridge. 255—Foote v. State Bank. 1780—Palmer v. Kolb. 3522—Sullivan v. Converst. 3299—Braunfeld v. Walbridge. 3872—De Luca v. Bradley Cont Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Delany, J. 3784—Bergquist v. Chas E. McManus Bldg. &c, Co. 4122—Petchesky v. Kabat. 2673—Reinle v. Fritz. 4120—Abrams v. Kitchen Imp Co. 4133—Cardeleone v. S I Midland Ry. 4134—Capparelli v. same. 3803-3804—Jacks v. Fowler. 5815—Callahan v. T A Clarke & Co. 4135—Donlin v. Waterbury Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term, Part XIII.—Geragan, J. 1647—Cohen v. Bean. 2519—Ackerman v. Bartine. 2756—Lemmon v. Reid. 2735—Realty Supervision Co v. Selbrecht. 2708—Am Woolen Co of N Y v. Levy. 1134—Douras v. Wagner. 2758—Gerard Co v. Hechter-Hirschler Co. 2752—Lord v. Risse. 2593—Hitcrot v. Queen. 2394—Hawkes v. same. 2595—Travell v. same. 2733—Cohen v. Tanner Motor Car Co. 2238—Riede v. McGowan. 2525—Howes v. Queen. 1825—McColm v. Mollo. 1370—Callan v. City of N Y. 2745—Graham v. Walker. 2440—Weber v. Columbia Amus Co. 2491—Oppenheimer v. Lilienthal Bros. 1292—Tuttle v. Rothschild. 4—Same v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term, Part XIV.—Erlanger, J. 3784, 3851, 3852—Kraus v. Fox. 2158—Wells v. Pell. 2787—Nach v. Hyman. 2722—Alsen Portland Cement Co v. N J Dock & Bridge Bldg Co. 2822—Fischer v. Moore. 2501—Feldman v. Brown Bros, Inc. 1753—Houseman v. Small. 2634—Paine v. Himalaya Mining Co. 681—J J Little & Ives Co v. Cupples & Leon Co. 167—Von Bayer v. Minigret Mills Co. 4051—Same v. Wellisch. 4074—Same v. Finkel. 4076—Same v. Pager. 4077—Same v. Johnlim. 4079—Same v. Goldberg. 1887—Union Exchange Nat Bank v. Kinsella. 2150—McDonald v. McDonald. 2772—Goldstein v. Ruth. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Guy, J. Case on. Shively v. Smith. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. 2288—West End Const Co v. Rothschild. 356—Meserole v. Henry W Boettger Silk Finishing Co. 3277—Davis v. Edelstein. 2284—Bates v. Lee McLachlan Co. 1633—Edgerton v. Dawson. 2701—Libbey v. Hyde Park Terrace Co. 2092—Presburger v. Mechanics' Bank, Bklyn. 2702—Gellis v. Kaufman. 139—Alexander v. Cambridge File Mfg Co. 1181—Gottlieb v. Wallace Wall Paper Co. 2221—Schlacht v. v. Kulla. 1928—Brokaw v. Brown. 2641—Lowenstein-Weiller Co v. Gosnold Silk Mills. 2106—Am Locomotive Co v. Gabriel Bros Const Co. 1195—Fitzpatrick v. Sims. 2704—Sudbury v. Lee. 2700—Worlen v. Paris. 288—N Y-Baltimore Transp Line v. City of N Y. 2580—Cumberland Glass Mfg Co v. Hobby. 2587—Richard v. Salleres. 2607—Lockwood v. Dupont. 2632—Wetherborn v. Parshelsky Bros, Inc. 2703—La Salla v. Bullows. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. Hugh C. McGowan, Irene M. Cunningham, Alfonso Esposito, Joseph Donero, Frank L. A. Schwarz, Richard Miller, Herrman Herrman, Moses Wels, William J. Sheehy, Ellen D. Mann, Simon McCabe, Sigmund D. Rosenbaum, Lizzie Gibbs, Isaack Selig, Herman Bergdorf, Elizabeth Leddy, Patrick Tarmey, Clara Spauldirg, William G Walter, Emille Rosendahl, Francesco Belluardo, Mary Murphy, Alfred Goulet, Robert Lamb, Edmond Robert, Theodore or Ludwig T. Lehmann, Ferdinand Lowenthal, William Whiting, Marie G Soule, John G. Kremelberg, &c., Philocles A. Hollister, Emilie W. S. Davis, Helen Roche, David J. Roche, John Loster, Caroline Neustadter, Sarah B. Turner, in the estate of Adolf Brodbeck. Issue of fact. Wills for probate. Regina H. W. La Wonte, Thomas B. Raymond, Charles F. Naething, Julie Bierhoff, Mordecai Lyons, Francis D. Rogers, John Guth, Julia H. Worthington, Jno. A. Weller, Arthur D. Hall, Susan Olliffe, Lawrence Tower, Margaret Gilligan, Mary J. Devlin, Margaret Deane.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Estate of Wolf Kronethal. Contested wills. Elizabeth Degnon, Emma Meier, Catharine Suhrer.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Schmuck, J. 7356—Stolwitz v. Grochi. 3175—Katz v. Blum. 3826—Donlan v. List. 3331—Pritchard v. Jefferson. 2814—Toffet v. Kallman. 97645—Barthold v. Hickson. 3274—Klein v. Sarnoff. 2855—Rosenberg v. Travelers Ins Co. 989—Aronowitz v. Rosenthal. 3338—Wasserman v. B Walstein Co. 3342—Vari Lace Mfg Co v. Rohtman Co. 3352—Breitbart v. N Y Rys. 3383—Lee v. Mayo & Campbell Co. 3388—Berlin v. Int R T Co. 3369—Lorence v. Uneeda Steam Laundry. 6370—Napolitan v. Reder. 3377—McDermott v. Fargo. 3378—Vollner v. N Y Edison Co. 3379—Procepa v. Mason-Seaman Transp Co. 3380—Walsh v. Met Museum of Art. 3385—Kalmanowitz v. Lynch. 3387—Lourier Siegel Cont Co v. Henkel. 3388—Samuels v. Beachey. 3298—Manhattan Shoddy Mills Co v. Pohorille. 3324—Rieser v. Backer Const Co. 3288—Epstein v. Colonial Shirt Co. 3295—Belnenfeld v. Century Gas &c. Co. 3309—Perrigno v. Linch. 3402—Itzkowitz v. Robbins. 3406—Taylor v. Aber. 3407—Donaghue v. Gaul Litho Co. 3408—Rice v. N Y Rys. 3410—Shannon Bros Co v. Borok. 3411—Griffin v. Stamp. 3425—Abrams v. Kitchen Imp Co. 3426—Savel v. Int R T Co. 3427—Tarantous v. Home Ins Co. 3436—Evelyn v. Scallion. 3437, 3438—Weiner v. Breakstone. 3446, 3447—Jordan v. Union Ry. 3449—Hill v. Whitcomb. 3451—Stein v. Authors' Producing Co. 3452—Katzenstein v. Hamilton F I Co. 3454—Dorfman v. Shlamberg. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Smith, J.; case on. Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.; case on. Part V.—Lynch, J.; clear. Part VI.—Finelite, J.; case on. Part VII.—La Fetra, J.; case on. Part VIII.—Delehanty, J.; case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—McAvoy, J. 5971—Polygraph Co v. Brown. 5994—Daniels v. Kasower Hat Co. 5929—Shapiro v. Wilmore Realty Co. 5978—Goldstein v. Western Egg & Yolk Co. 5931—Malcolm v. Norton. 5717—Bley v. Drucker. 5963—Herowitz v. D Cohen Co. 5946—Cukor v. Rothman. 5982—Wollner v. Century Bank. 5948—J P Goring Co v. Winnlinger. 5934—Polock T & R Co v. Mayer Brew Co. 5909—Buyers & Sellers Auto Co v. Frees. 6001—Cohen v. Tobacco Growers Socy. 5940—Gurewits v. Pollock. 5905—Geto v. Harris. 5864—Gompertz v. Pike. 5097—Scott v. Coleman Liquid Copper Co. 5943—Steisel v. Karger. 6003—Treshman v. Hubbs. 6004—Illinois Surety Co v. Adels. 6005—Siegman v. Cruslus. 6021—Cardona v. de Velasco. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Mandel v. Gingold Realty Co. (2)—Wilbur Larremore. Remsen v. Walpole, (2)—George W Clune. Hawkes v. Hawkes—John J Freedman.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Dahour v. West—Phoenix Ingraham. Foster v. Payton—Charles J Miville. Zimmuster v. Fischedick—Gerald O'Loughlin. Borwick v. Donnegan—John J Curtin.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J. Newkirch v. Stoffels—Alphonse E Kolbe.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Rich, Stapleton, JJ. Enumerated day calendar: 444—Rucchio v. Ruth Co. 243—Malloy v. Briarcliff Manor. 346—People v. Laydon. 445—Derbyshire v. Keystone Co. 448—Pettit v. Town of Brookhaven. 450—Bauer v. Montague Co. 452—Lonergan v. Emerson Co. 418—People v. Hawkins. 35—Aljunick v. Am Mfg Co. 451—Kidd v. N Y C & H R R R. 340—People v. Jacobs. 454—Matter of Couch. 416—People v. Lyons. 455—Venditt v. Christians. 456—Burt v. Harris. 457—Ward v. Hogan.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Scudder, J. Litigated motions. 1—Durham v. Durham. 2—Margaret Stemm v. Ralph Stemm. 3—Schor v. Briskman. 4—Frank v. Murphy. 5—Sullivan v. Board of Education. 6—Morris v. Youngentob et al. 7—Matter of Van Wyck. 8—Matter of Freeman. 9—Matter of Brown. 10—De Kalb Holding Co v. Madison Theatre Co. 11—Earl v. Byington et al. 12—Same v. same. 13—Staten Island Water Supply Co v. City of N Y. 14—Valentine et al v. Valentine et al. 15—Dorsch v. Herman Chemical Co. 16—Harriet Dingleman v. Alfred Dingleman. 17—People v. Greenberg. 18—Wilson v. Mauff and another. 19—Alice Knowles v. Charles Knowles. 20—Zeldin v. Am Ice Co. 21—Saks v. Bork and another. 22—People v. Cincotta. 23—Mary Goss v. Harold Goss. 24—Matter of 57th to 61st St dock proceedings. 25—Annasaw Co. v. Grafton et al. 26—Matter of Radde St. 27—Rich v. Meurer. 28—Agnes Daly v. Thomas Daly. 29—Faour v. Lahoud. 30—Niemeyer v. O'Connor. 31—Natta Wiegele v. Phillip Wiegele. 32—Daniels v. Schavrien. 33—Matter of E 95th St. (Kerr.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Blackmar, J. 3097—Snow v. Sea Gate Asso. 8423—Collins v. Church. 3432—Eagle Savings and Loan Co v. Beakley. 3076—Beakley v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co. 3430—Schwartz v. Abrahamson. 3455—Balsam v. Powell. 3520—Eckert v. Truman. 3274—Rockaway Pt Co v. McRoberts, executor. 2039—Lo Re v. Federman. 3084—Shorenstein v. Shorenstein. 3215—Murray v. Turner. 3323—Metz v. Kraut. 3196—Arm v. Arm. 3026—Sutton v. Sutton. 2991—Sanford v. Sanford. 3116—Franz v. Freudenberger. 3113—Menist v. Menist. 3268—Baldwin v. Fowler. 3260—Lindner v. Hopkins. 3197—Woodcock v. Woodcock.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Benedict, J. Held in Part VI., Trial Term. 3194—Schneider v. Livingston. 3231—Le Bref v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co. 3232—McPartland v. McPartland. 3275—Byron v. Bergeson. 3277—Lau v. Lau. 3290—Hale Building Co v. Feldman. 3291—Steinberg v. M. G. Babecock Co. 3294—Loeffler v. Loeffler. 3296—Reader v. Wortzman. 3300—Caruso v. Caruso. 3301—M G Babcock Co v. Foote. 3307—Dapello v. Palombella. 3308—Duffy v. Fischette. 3313—Kahles v. Kahles. 3314—Biederman v. Biederman. 3315—Natlin Realty Improvement Co v. Herrle. 3320—Dooher v. Dooher. 3322—Parshelsky Bros v. Palace Bldg Co. 3328—Holmes v. Rigby. 3330—Berroth v. Berroth. 3342—Bartz, Jr., v. Bartz. 3114—Carmelli v. Bonner.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Aspinall, J. Part III.—Kelly, J. Part IV.—Morschauser, J. Part V.—Kapper, J. 10814—Kimmerle v. Carey Printing Co. 3384—Kreswell v. Heidelberger, et al. 7242—Klein v. Coney I & B R R. 4119—Collins v. Terrence. 7311—Peterson v. Ballantine & Sons. 4024—Meruk & ano v. City of New York. 5687—Hayman v. Fitzpatrick. 6375—Patterson v. City of N Y & B H R R. 7275—Tilney v. Massey. 7407—Regan v. Dyckman Construction Company is erecting two flats similar to those sold yesterday on the southeast corner of Vermilyea Avenue and Hawthorne Street.

Investor Buys 68th Street Dwelling.

Ernest Meyer has purchased for occupancy from Elizabeth D. Greene 49 West Sixty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 19 by 100.5, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Bronx Borough Sales.

Marvin D. Stokem has sold for Philip Wattenberg through Jacob Freeman, his attorney, the vacant plot, 90 by 92, at the southwest corner of 179th Street and Third Avenue, to Jacob H. Amsler and Herman Shoenlank. The buyers will improve this lot with two five-story brick apartment houses with stores.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for Benenson Realty Company a plot 35 by 100 on the south side of 162d Street, known as 433 East 162d Street, to an investor.

Joseph A. Cassidy and George Lodes sold for a client the three-story brick building, 2,023 Hughes Avenue. The same brokers also sold for Sarah Ackerle of Los Angeles, Cal., two lots on Digney Avenue just north of 233d Street. Both were sold for cash.

Brooklyn.

Harry M. Lewis has sold for Julie E. Hinman and Jane V. Sidell 250 and 252 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn, two two-story frame semi-detached dwellings, on a plot 47.4 by 100. This is the first conveyance of this property in seventy-five years, it having been part of the old Hinman estate. The purchaser is a builder, who will demolish the frame dwellings. Plans are being prepared for the erection of a modern five-story apartment for twenty families.

Wood, Harmon & Co. sold at Flatbush Gardens two lots on the corner of Hendrickson Avenue and Avenue R to L. J. Dessane; one lot on Ryder Avenue, near Avenue Q, to J. M. E. Godin; one lot on Ryder Avenue, near Avenue Q, to J. E. Champagne; one lot on Ryder Avenue, near Avenue Q, to D. Dessane, and at Midwood Manor, two lots on Ocean Parkway, near Avenue I, to E. H. Goldsmith.

The Rev. Alfred De Witt Mason has sold to a client of De Poix & Von Glahn 189 Lefferts Place, a four-story private dwelling.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Oceanside to F. Merz a plot 80 by 100; to W. Newlir, M. Darragh, J. P. Fitzgerald, W. M. Schriefer, R. Moriarty, and W. B. Broer, each a plot 40 by 100, Perkins Avenue; to M. H. Robinson, a plot 60 by 100, Anchor and Dambly Avenues; to L. Hill, a plot 40 by 100, Hallman Avenue; to F. C. Bredehorst, a plot 40 by 129, and to N. McNally, a plot 20 by 111, Bayside Avenue. The same company sold at Floral Park to M. McGuinnes a plot 40 by 100, Iris Avenue; to J. Pantazi a plot 60 by 100, Pansy Avenue; to M. Lawless a plot 50 by 100, Daisy Avenue; to N. Mahoney a plot 40 by 100, Acacia Avenue; to A. Becker a plot 60 by 100, Violet Avenue; to M. Kelly a plot 40 by 105, Adelaide Street and Carnation Avenue; to B. Kolb a plot 40 by 100, Aspen Street.

Walter J. Scott has sold the four-story single tenement on the east side of Classon Avenue, on a plot 25 by 100 feet, for Bernard McGinley to a client for investment. Also the three-story and basement private brownstone residence at 124 McDonough Street for Julius S. Gerow to a client for a home.

G. Taus & Son have sold for Mollie & Meje to Mrs. Elizabeth Ferris a two-story cottage on the west side of Beach Seventieth Street, Far Rockaway; also for K. Cohen to Mrs. Dora Grainerer, a hollow-tile cottage on Beach Eightieth Street.

Recent Buyer.

Harriet S. James is the buyer of the dwelling 889 Riverside Drive, reported sold recently by Charles B. Meyer. The loft building 263 Front Street, also reported sold, was given in exchange.

A $65,000 Welfare Building.

Plans were filed in the Borough of the Bronx yesterday for a two-story building for the specific use of the employes of the American Bank Note Company. The structure, which is characterized as "a general welfare and storage building," will contain, among other facilities, a restaurant and smoking rooms.

The building will be of brick construction and cover a plot 153 by 143, comprising a block front on Lafayette Avenue, between Manida and Barretto Streets. The land is owned by the bank note company. Harry W. Butts, the architect, has estimated the cost at $65,000.

Building Operations for 5 Months.

Sixty-five cities in the United States issued building permits during the month of May to the total value of $80,699,773, compared with a total value of $78,200,529 for May last year, an increase of 3 per cent., as shown by reports received by The American Contractor, New York.

This is a gratifying showing, in view of the fact that for the month of April the building operations showed a decrease of about 6 per cent., as compared with the corresponding month in 1912, and also in view of the fact that both New York and Chicago reveal during May a somewhat lessened activity than a year ago. Of the 63 cities, gains were made in 28 and losses in 37.

The most notable increases, together with percentages, were made by the following: Birmingham, 151; Bridgeport, 114; Dallas, 256; Pittsburgh, 117; South Bend, 99; Spokane, 99; Worcester, 95; Detroit, 87; Cedar Rapids, 83.

For the five months ended May 31, building permit reports from 65 cities show total costs of $289,148,595, compared with $298,545,903 for the first five months of 1912, a decrease of 3 per cent.

Leases.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., has leased for the W. R. H. Martin Trust for a period of years, the garage at 326 and 328 East Thirty-seventh Street to Charles Griffiths.

Richard H. Scoble has leased the southeast corner of Fifty-second Street and Broadway to the King Motor Car Company for a long term of years, and it will occupy the same after extensive alterations, on or about Oct. 1.

J. B. English has leased the four-story building 230 West Forty-eighth Street for John S. Spencer to J. Mead, and the store 174 West Forty-eighth Street for John H. Martin to M. Wittowsky.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Yale Club Signs Lease for New Million-Dollar Clubhouse Site on Vanderbilt Avenue—Four Dyckman Apartment Houses Purchased by Investing Corporation—A $700,000 Bronx Business Lease.

Negotiations which have been pending since 1912 between the Yale Club and the New York Central Railroad Company for the leasing of the northwest corner of Forty-fourth Street and Vanderbilt Avenue as a site for a new clubhouse were closed yesterday and the lease signed.

The plot, which has been leased for a term of twenty-one years, has a frontage of 100 feet on the avenue and 90 feet on the street. A twenty-story clubhouse, that will represent an investment of about $1,000,000, will be erected on the site. John N. Golding negotiated the transaction.

Another important lease was closed in the business centre of the Bronx involving about $700,000 whereby the Adams-Flanigan department store, the largest in the northern borough, secured property adjoining its present store which will give the concern control of the entire block bounded by Third, Westchester, and Bergen Avenues and 149th Street, with the exception of the small parcels at the Third Avenue and 149th Street corner, comprising total frontages of 38 and 100 feet, respectively.

The property, which was leased from William Astor Chanler, consists of the five-story Fennell & Co. building, at 2,862 Third Avenue, 50 by 112, located 50 feet north of 149th Street, and the abutting Chanler Building, a two-story structure, at the northwest corner of Bergen Avenue and 149th Street.

The lease is for a period of twenty-three years, which includes a two-year unexpired term. For the first two years, which involves the unexpired term, the rental will be about $40,000 net, and for the following twenty-one years the rental will total about $650,000.

The lease was made with a view to a future improvement, which will be made at the expiration of the present lease, in two years.

$300,000 Lease on 35th Street.

L. Tarenbaum, Strauss & Co., Inc., have leased for the Brunswick Realty Company to the Exchange Buffet Corporation for a term of twenty years, at an aggregate rental of $300,000, the entire store, basement and mezzanine floor in the building, 3, 5, and 7 West Thirty-fifth Street. This building, which stands on Astor leasehold, has just been completed by the Brunswick Realty Company.

Four Dyckman Apartments Sold.

The Purchase Holding Company has bought for investment from the Dyckman Construction Company, of which John Katzman is President, the two five-story apartment houses located at the northwest corner of Sherman Avenue and Academy Street, known as 600 Academy Street and 140 Sherman Avenue, and the two five-story apartment houses located at the northwest corner of Sherman Avenue and Isham Street, known as 500 Isham Street and 252 Sherman Avenue.

The four buildings were recently completed and are well tenanted. The

Bulletin, June 13th

Morris Park Race Track Auction Sale

Authorized by State of New York Banking Department

Today is Clean-up Day!

This is the Day for Bargain Hunters!

Lots on the boundary lines— Lots whose purchasers have failed to qualify— Lots with exceptions in Title Policies— Lots with special restrictions— Lots partly in the bed of old lanes— Gore Lots— Lots sold "as is"— Remnants of lots, odds and ends, and every old thing in the way of real estate which the Banking Department has an interest in at the

Morris Park Race Track will be sold today

Lock, Stock and Barrel for whatever it will bring

If you have a few hundred dollars and a few hours to spare this afternoon or evening it's the chance of a lifetime to pick up real bargains to make real money, and profits.

If you have been unable to get lots at the price you wanted, if they have gone beyond your means, if they brought more than you desired to pay—

Today is Your Day!

Large profits have already been made by buyers.

You can see what a chance a clean-up like this will give you.

Every lot must be sold! The sale must end tonight!

P. S.—Real Estate Speculators, Sit up and take notice! It's worth while.

Go Today or Tonight

Lots to be sold are in every section of the property, including: Pelham Parkway, the Esplanade, Morris Park Ave., Paulding Ave., Bronxdale Ave. and Williamsbridge Road.

1:00 P. M. Promptly Sale Commences. 6:30 P. M. Recess for Dinner. 8:00 P. M. Evening Session Begins. Sale Ends When Last Lot Is Sold.

70% Can Remain on Mortgage

(This Means $210 Will Buy a Lot Selling for $700
This Means $300 Will Buy a Lot Selling for $1,000, Etc.)

Titles Insured Free by Lawyers Title Ins. and Trust Co. Savings Bank Books Will Be Taken as Deposit on the Purchase of Lots.

To Get to Morris Park Race Track, take:

The Subway (Bronx Park Trains) to 177th Street or 180th Street station. At 177th Street take the Morris Park trolley car direct to the property. At 180th Street go to 180th Street station of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, and thence to the property.

The Second or Third Avenue Elevated Railroad to 129th Street, thence by New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad or Morris Park trolley car to the property. Or via New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

All Crosstown Bronx Cars connect with all Elevated and Subway lines either at 129th, 135th or 145th Street and transfer to Morris Park cars.

J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. and Third Ave., New York City
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., New York City
} Agents and Auctioneers.

PERKINS DENIES PALISADES CHARGES

Park Commission Has Not Delegated Its Powers to Subordinates, He Says.

WANTS BROADER POWERS

Governor's Committee of Inquiry Was Named at Commission's Request, President Asserts.

George W. Perkins said yesterday that there was no truth in the report from Albany that because of complaints against the Palisades Inter-State Park Commission Gov. Sulzer had appointed a committee to investigate its work, and that all proceedings would be stopped because it was feared the State was being involved in excessive expenditures for the Hudson River improvements. Mr. Perkins is President of the commission.

"The committee has been appointed at the request of the Palisades Commission to pass upon its request for more liberal powers," he explained.

"It was said," Mr. Perkins was told, "that the Governor had called a halt in the work of the commission because it was brought to his attention that the Commissioners, or some of them, being very busy men of large private interests, had been unable to give their personal attention to the work and had delegated subordinates to act for them."

"The members of the commission alone are looking after every part of the work; nothing has been turned over to subordinates," replied Mr. Perkins.

He said the complaint alleged to have been presented to the Governor that $400,000 had been paid for a traprock quarry of little value was absurd. Subordinates acting for the commission, it was said, had taken options on lands which were not required for the park improvements.

"No lands have been bought or condemned that are not absolutely necessary for the preservation of the Palisades," said Mr. Perkins. "No improper influences had anything to do with the work of the commission or in the steps to acquire lands. The Governor's inquiry is merely to determine what legislation will be useful in continuing the work."

Mr. Perkins asserted that much money would be needed to carry on the park project, but whether it would involve the State to the extent of $30,000,000 he was unable to say. So far $6,000,000 had been expended, he said, only one-half of which was State money. The rest came from contributions.

It was said that property owners along the lines of contemplated improvements, not satisfied with the awards made for their lands, were responsible for most of the complaints made to the Governor.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST. 319, s s, 25.6x75.4; Hyman Marcus to Anna Sachs, 264 Grand St, (mtg $32,000,) June 9; attorney, S. Zipris, 157 East Broadway $100

ELDRIDGE ST, 68, e s, 39.4 ft n of Hester St, 19.8x50.8; Ida Kirshbaum to Max Kellerts, on premises, (mtg $8,000,) all liens, June 5.....$1

INTERIOR GORE, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 248 ft s of 29th St, runs e --x-- n w --x-- s to beginning; Charles W. Trembley and others, heirs of George W. Trembley, to Mary, wife of Polk J. Hatton, 303 East 37th St, quitclaim, June 7; attorney, E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$1

MARKET ST, 85, w s, 20x51; Edmund J. Tinsdale, referee, to Nellie O. Williams, at Ridgewood, N. J., June 11; attorney, F. D. Chesley, 320 Broadway.....$9,000

SHERMAN AV, n w corner of Isham St, 100x100; Dyckman Construction Co. to Purchase Holding Corporation, Purchase, N. Y., all liens, June 12; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St $1

SHERMAN AV, n w corner of Academy St, 100x100; Dyckman Construction Co. to Purchase Holding Corporation, Purchase, N. Y., all liens, June 12; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St $1

10TH ST, 31-33 East, n s, 44.5x94.9; William Baxter to Lillian Koepke, 1,522 Pacific St, Brooklyn, (mtg $158,500,) all liens, June 6; attorney, E. Sharum, 170 Broadway $100

5WTH ST, n s, 175 ft e of 9th Av, 100x100.5; Matilda D. Minck to Millie Schwarz, 1,044 Findlay Av, (mtg $104,000,) June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..$100

72D ST, 107 East, n s, 20x102.2; Laura Hoag to Haliburton Fales, 105 East 72d St, June 6; attorneys, Dexter, O. & F., 71 Broadway $1

75TH ST, 11 East, n s, 21x102.2; Presbyterian Hospital to Mary K. L. Potter, 64 East 80th St; Sophia J. Linsley, at Wallingford, Conn., and Josiah J. Linsley, at Northford, Conn., all title, May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

76TH ST, n s, 45 ft e of Madison Av, 17.6x102.2; Isidore M. Landauer, 23 West 69th St, June 12; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

88TH ST, s s, 160 ft w of Central Park West, 170x100.8; William Rosenberg to Edw. S. Levy, 68 West 80th St, (mtg $20,000,) all liens, June 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

95TH ST, n s, 167.10 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 20.4 ft centre line old Bloomingdale Road x100.9x30.8x100.9; Kerlock R. & C. Co. to Jacob Friedman, 135 Eldridge St, mtg $29,250, March 1.....$1

114TH ST, 213 East, n s, 25x100.11, (foreclosed May 20;) Alexander I. Hahn, referee, to Minnie Blohm, 2,845 Bainbridge Av, mtg $15,000, June 9; attorney, L. S. Goebel, 41 Park Row.....$4,500

SAME PROPERTY; Minnie Blohm to Meta Blohm, 2,845 Bainbridge Av, mtg $15,000, June 9; same attorney.....$1

120TH ST, 53 East, n s, 17.11x100.11, Mauricolosure April 18;) Maurice Goodman, referee, to Patrick Goodman Kelly, June 12; attorneys, Foley & Martin, 64 Wall St..$8,885

126TH ST, 107 and 109 West, n s, 34.6x99.11; Brown-Weiss Realties to Nason Realty Co., 206 Broadway, May 27; attorney, H. S. Mansfield, 27 Cedar St.....$100

126TH ST, 33 East, n s, 37.6x99.11, Maurice Cohen to Matilda D. Minck, 216 West 100th St, (mtg $36,000,) June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

136TH ST, 37 West, n s, 37.6x99.11, said Maurice Cohen to Matilda D. Minck, 216 West 100th St, (mtg $36,000,) June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,867 and 1,869, 108x129.5; Queen Mab Co. to Erie Basin Improvement Co., Portland, Me., June 10, (mtg $80,000;) attorneys, Hatch & Clute, 100 Broadway, $1

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, 794, e s, 25x75.4; Annie W. Baker to Bertha Finger, 524 Brook Av, June 12, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

INWOOD AV, e s, 245 ft s of 170th St, 200x177.7; Erie Basin Improvement Co. to Queen Mab Co., 60 Wall St., June 10; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$100

LOT 447, map of Gleason property; Lot 126, map of Clason Point; Lots 27 to 30, map of Bronx Terrace; Lot 75, map of Neill estate; Annie Dillon to D. J. Dillon Co., at Beach Av, near Lacombe Av, June 5....$100

LOT 447, map of Gleason property; D. J. Dillon Co. to Willard P. Beach, on Beach Av, near Patterson Av, (mtg $4,000,) June 8.....$100

LOT 237, map of Laconia Park, 25x100; Susan Grant and others to Alfred A. Grant, 227 West 46th St, quitclaim, June 11; attorney, C. J. Donovan, Hall of Records, N. Y.....$1

LOTS 41, 43, 44, map of 49 lots near Bronxdale; Louis C. Rose to Mark Harris, 349 West 145th St, May 29; attorney, Thomas G. Price, 1,650 Mount Hope Av.....$1

LOTS 1,214 AND 1,215, map of Gleason property; Fred O. Porter to William Odesky, 91 East 3d St, May 7; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 127 AND 128, map of Clason Point; Willard P. Beach to same, June 9.....$100

MORRIS AV, 1,030, w s, 25x100.1; Nathan Bayer to David Litzky, 620 East 170th St, June 10, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, Moses M. Krakower, 320 Broadway.....$100

ZEREGA AV, n e s, at n w s of Maclay Av, 19.11x79.10; Charles A. Tilley to Commercial Finance Co. at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., (mtg $6,000,) May 6,-attorney, C. W. H. Arnold, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.....$100

151ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of Morris Av, 50x118.5; Theodore H. Friend, Jr., referee, to Michele Lagomarsino, 128 Worth St, June 12, (mtg $33,000;) attorney, Louis Campora, 98 Nassau St.....$13,000

166TH ST, 564 East, 37.6x100.3; Aianson-Bruse Realty Co. to Rudolph F. Rabe, 800 Hudson St, Hoboken, N. J., (mtg $30,000,) June 2; attorneys, Rabe & K., 208 Broadway $1

179TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Honeywell Av, 40.8x28; Mary E. Michels to J. G. Michels Co., 881 East 179th St, June 10; attorney, A. H. Vitale, 2,015 Boston Road.....$100

180TH ST, s s, 116 ft e of Park Av, 25.6x108.10; Augusta Juhe to Wolfgang Weinhart, 454 East 180th St, ½ part, June 11, (mtg $32,500;) attorney, Meyer Radeloff, 150 Manhattan Av.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE ST, NICHOLAS, s w corner of 181st St, 119.6x--; Gustavus L. Lawrence to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, May 7, due as per bond; attorney, B. A. Sands, 46 Cedar St.....$250,000

MADISON AV, 640 and 651, s e corner of 170th St, 50.5x90; Madison Av Real Estate Co. to Maximillian Fleischmann Co., 1 Madison Av, prior mtg $200,000, June 11, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$30,000

SOUTH ST, between Clinton and Montgomery Sts, being land lying s s of Lots 1,159 to 1,162, map of Col. Henry Rutgers, and the East River, also all rights and water privileges and pier and dock property known as Pier 49, East River, 1-8 part; Katherine F. B. Wilmerding to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 12, due, &c., as per bond.....$9,000

VERNON AV, n w s, at s w s of Broadway, runs n w 596 ft to bulkhead and pier line x s w 641x s e 585x n e 549.3 with land under high and low water mark, Borough of Queens; Samuel Stevens Realty Co. to Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, 34 Nassau St, due as per bond, Dec. 30, 1910 .....$120,000

WASHINGTON ST, 735, e s, 20x--; Fred W. Larson to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, June 12, five years; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St..$1

17TH ST, 258 and 260 West, 34x74; Ellen T. O'Reilly to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, June 12, 3 years; attorneys, R. E. & J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St $20,000

44TH ST, 508 West, 20x100.5; William G. McClane to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 27, due as per bond..$8,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Frederick Reifel, 1,358 Stebbins Av, prior mtg $8,500, due as per bond, May 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,500

49TH ST, 167 West, n s, 20.10x80; Charles McBurney and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Bwy., June 11, due, &c., as per bond.....$20,000

59TH ST, 335 to 341 West, n s, four lots each, 25x100.5, four mtgs, each $5,000; Millie Schwarz to Ralph Holding Co., 55 Liberty St, four prior mtgs, each $26,000, June 11, two years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. A. Isaacs, 55 Liberty St.....$20,000

72D ST, 107 East, 20x102.2; Haliburton Fales to Laura Hoag, Schenectady, N. Y., June 6, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Henning & Eddy, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.....$32,500

70TH ST, 37 East, 12.6x102.2; Richard C. Bultman to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 12, due as per bond. $14,000

78TH ST, 238 West, s s, 20x102.2; Julie F. House to Marie J. Ammon, 134 West 97th St, June 5, five years; attorney, Charles Oakes, 2 Rector St.....$8,0000

114TH ST, 213 East, n s, 25x100.11; Minnie Blohm to Lewis M. Bergener, 338 West 87th St, prior mtg $15,000, June 9, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Goebel, 41 Park Row.. $2,400

120TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of Park Av, 17x100.11; Patrick Goodman to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, June 12, due as per bond; attorney, B. A. Sands, 31 Nassau St. $4,500

128TH ST, 411 to 417 West, 120x99.11; Manchester Construction Co. to Reuben L. Maynard and another, trustees, 46 East 41st St, June 12, 5 years, two mtgs, each $52,000; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$104,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,867 and 1,869, 108x129.5; Erie Basin Improvement Co. to Queen Mab Co., 60 Wall St, June 10, (prior mtg $80,000,) due as per bond; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$10,000

BELMONT AV, w s, 100 ft s of 187th St, 20x87.6; Carmela Barba to James G. Wentz, 395 West End Av, June 11, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway $90,500

FAIRMOUNT PL, s s, 220.9 ft w of Marmion Av, 25x75.4x25x77; Bertha Finger to Annie W. Baker, 2,200 84th St, Brooklyn, June 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.....$1,000

LOTS 214, 215, map Gleason Property; William Odesky to Fred O. Porter, Woodbridge, N. J., May 22, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $450

MORRIS AV, n e corner of 155th St, 51x107; Everett Harrison to Adam Vornbrau, 412 East 147th St, June 11, due Oct. 11, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

TYEE AV, 1,159, w s, 20x100; William Lyons to John H. McArdle, 18 Broome St, Brooklyn, June 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Rosenthal, 28 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1,000

UNIVERSITY AV, 2,283, --x--, Amandus Meyer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, June 11, due, &c., as per bond $5,000

WEBSTER AV, e s, 242.8 ft n of 173d St, 16.8x121; Herman G. Dircks to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, June 10.....$4,000

174TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Nelson Av, 50x100; Stewart Const Co. to Emil W. Klappert, 873 West End Av, (prior mtg $34,000,) 2 years, 6 p. c., June 12; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$6,000

182D ST, 717 East, n s, 25x100; Annie Kelly to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, June 11, 10 years, 5½ p. c.....$3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, 825½, all; P. W. Engs & Sons to Simon Calev, 2 1-12 years, from April 1, 1913; attorneys, M. W. Butler, 41 Park Row

DEY ST, store in rear of 189 and 191 Broadway; Oceanic Investing Co. to Daniel Newman, for 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St.

PROSPECT AV, 883, double store; Hy. Acker to Bernard Haimowitz and another, 382 Grand St, 3 years, from July 1, 1913; attorney, Frank Schwartz, 346 Broadway..$2,200

WILLIS AV, 483, north half of store floor; Louis F. Haffen to Leon Hollander, 374 East 147th St, 5 years, from June 1, 1913; attorney, E. A. Levy, 315 West 113th St...$420

7TH AV, 2,516 and 2,518, store and basement; Charles Kimmelman to Max Andress, 2 4-12 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, S. Honig, 250 Broadway $1,020

22D ST, 62 West, space or stand in store; Jacob Storch and another to Joseph and Louis Erlich, 69 Gold St, 3 4-12 years, from May 25, 1913; attorney, Jacob Kirschenbaum, 170 Broadway $360

73D ST, 406 East, store floor and part of cellar; Isidore Wisserberger to John Nemecek, 406 East 73d St, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1913; attorney, E. Castki, 1,370 1st Av.$960

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 1,351 to 1,369; Moritz Dukla uer against Crosstown Realty Co., owner; McNamee & Holleran, contractors.$1,402

MAPES AV, n w corner of 181st St, 50x150; Bloom & Goldrich against Regina Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$116

OLD ALBANY POST ROAD, e s, 552.1 ft n of old Bailey Av, 52.4x78.6x54.6x63.1; Ames Transfer Co. against Filomena Venturola, owner and contractor; Francesco Ventarola, contractor.....$900

VALENTINE AV, e s, 200 ft n of Town Dock Road, 25x100; Bronx Sash and Door Co. against John and Catherine Clancy, owners; J. Armburst, contractor.....$73

100TH ST, 340 and 342 East; McDougall & Potter Co. against Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York, owner; Jones Construction Co., contractor $1,112

188D ST, 539 to 544 East; Sigfrid Parson against Asaro Realty Co., owner; Vincent Busceml, contractor.....$150

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BOSTON ROAD, w s, 118.11 ft n of 166th St; Weinstein Brothers, Incorporated, against Co-Free Realty Co. and others, March 10, 1913, (by bond).....$1,100

30TH ST, e s, 117.6 ft e of 5th Av, Hull, Grippen & Co. against Maggie A. Peffer and others, April 2, 1912, (by deposit)..$57

40TH ST, 340 West; George Ginsberg against John Shaffer and others, June 5, 1913..$225

81ST ST, 522 and 524 East; John C. Edmead against John Doe and others, May 23, 1913, (by bond).....$45

230TH ST, s s, 335.6 ft w of Carpenter Av; Albert Guidano against George W. Burton and others, April 3, 1913.....$232

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

BELMONT AV, w s, 100 ft s of 187th St, 20x87.6; James G. Wentz loans Carmela Barba $10,500

190TH ST, s s, 168.6 ft e of Morris Av, 43x78.9; Louis Reichardt loans Henry F. A. Wolf Co.....$32,000

LIS PENDENS.

BOULEVARD, n w corner of 145th St, 99.11x150; Denis J. Dwyer and others against

BUILDING MATERIAL.

SPENCER
Steam and Hot Water
HEATERS
N. Y. Office, 501 5th Ave., Cor. 42d St.

Dow Construction Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. C. Arnold.

DECATUR AV, 3,342 and 3,344; Anne E. Burke against Sigmund Wechsler, (action to esatblish easement;) attorney, L. E. French.

GLEASON AV, n s, 330 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 25x108.1; Marie McHugh, administratrix, against Emma A. Welfarth and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. J. McKeown.

LOTS 54 to 62 and 66, map of Van Nest Park, Bronx; Henry Barre against Van Nest Woodworking Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. H. Vitale.

MARBLE HILL AV, n w s, 168.11 ft n e of Terrace View Av, 50x100; Clara B. Brophy, guardian, against Annie Brandt and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. M. Kirk.

MULFORD AV, 1,804; Charles J. Ogden and others against Arthur E. Moore, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Reynolds, Richards & McCutcheon.

WHITE ST, 124 to 132; Herrmann & Grace Co. against Victor A. Harder Realty & Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

76TH ST, s s, 156.3 ft w of 1st Av, 18.9x98.11; 76th St, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 75x102; Davis Levine Co. against Mary F. McGuinness and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, A. H. Sarasohn.

216TH ST, s s, Lot 444, map of Laconia Park; Sophie S. Moran against Gennaro Fico and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Frankenthaler & Kaufmann.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in Manhattan yesterday. The following were filed in the Borough of the Bronx:

Victor St, w s, 100 ft s of Morris Park Av, for a one-story frame dwelling, 20x21; Solomon Levine, 1,735 Victor St, owner; William Emrich, 960 East 173d St, architect; cost, $900.

Stebbins Av, n e corner of Freeman St, for two six-story brick tenements, 60x100.43 and 53.4x103.1S; Louis E. Kleban, 1,116 Jackson Av, owner; Maximilian Zipkes, 225 5th Av, architect; total cost, $120,000.

158th St, n w corner of Canal Place, for a one-story brick store, 20x50; George A. and William C. Reeber, 2,593 3d Av, owners; John E. Kerby, Tremont and Arthur Avs, architect; cost, $2,000.

170th St, s w corner of Charlotte St, for two-story frame stores, nicolette,and school, 101.7x95; John J. Tully Company, John J. Tully, 1,603 Boston Road, President, owner; Kreymborg Architectural Company, 1634 St and Southern Boulevard, architect; cost, $35,000.

Lafayette Av, from Manida to Baretto St, for two-story brick restaurant and smoking rooms for employes and welfare and storage building, 153x148; American Bank Note Company, 70 Broad St, owner; Harry W. Butts, 1,018 Hoe Av, architect; cost, $65,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Wall St, 48, to a six-story bank and office building; National Banking Association, premises, owner; Clinton & Russell, 32 Nassau St, architects; cost, $7,000.

Broadway, n w corner of 624 St, to a four-story garage; Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Company, 1,819 Broadway, owner; C. E. Birge, 29 West 34th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

152d St, 733, 735, and 737, to three four-story brick stores and tenements, 25x76 each; Nalpak Realty Company, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway, President, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, 591 East 149th St, architects; total cost, $7,500.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

131st St, 116 West, s s, 208.4 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; A. M. Davis against R. McC. Hall and others; H. W. Gaines, attorney; Albert Blumenstein, referee; due, $8,581.03; taxes, &c., $95.43; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

47th St, 120-122 West, s s, 512.6 ft e of 7th Av, 37.6x100.5, six-story tenement; E. J. Mcloughney against Benven Realty Co. and others; A. M. Clute, attorney; F. C. Gladden, referee; due, $21,190.50; taxes, &c., $5,288.02; subject to a prior mortgage of $85,000; to the plaintiff for $94,199.

Attorney St, 155, w s, 228 ft s of East Houston St, 22x100, six-story tenement and stores and four-story rear tenement; Karrick Riggs against Williamsburg Trust Co. and others; action 1; Shaw & L., attorneys; Edward T. Hiscox, referee; due, $18,841.27; taxes, &c., $480.75; to the plaintiff for $18,500.

Attorney St, 157, w s, 200 ft s of East Houston St, 28x100, five-story tenement and stores and four-story rear tenement; same against same; action 2; same attorney; same referee; due, $24,996.39; taxes, &c., $658.12; to the plaintiff for $24,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Brook Av, 276, n e corner of 139th St, 25.11x100.1x25x97.7, five-story tenement and stores; H. R. C. Watson, executor, against J. A. Lynch and others; Decker, A. & S., attorneys; F. R. Eckley, referee; due, $27,066.32; taxes, &c., $2,631.92; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

Inwood Av, 1,315, w s, 234.8 ft n of 169th St, 60x90, two-story dwelling, one-story stable; Matthew McLaughlin and others against William McLaughlin and others; W. M. Moore, attorney; Daniel P. Hays, referee; partition; to William Daly for $4,825.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Charlotte St, 1,516, e s, 363.3 ft s of Boston Road, 50x100, five-story tenement; L. J. Hunt, trustee, against Jacob Cohen and others; Hunt, H. & B., attorneys; S. C. Carlton, referee; due, $41,223.15; taxes, &c., $2,296.66; to the plaintiff for $40,000.

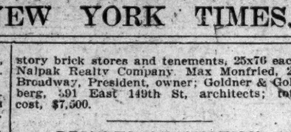
By George Price.

Walton Av, 2,395, w s, 189.5 ft n of 184th St, 19.10x94.6, three-story dwelling; William Olendorff against Liberty Investing Co. and others; Harry Robitzek, attorney; J. W. Remer, referee; due, $7,241.89; taxes, &c., $168.59; to the plaintiff for $7,450.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Eagle Av, 688, e s, 345 ft s of 166th St, 20x115.1, two-story dwelling; Park Mortgage Co. against Frank Valenti and others; Seybel & F., attorneys; Louis Exstein, referee; due, $1,467.95; taxes, &c., $545.10; subject to first mortgage of $6,000; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



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of water front property on Long Island's North Shore are moderate, judged by any other equally desirable property. Values are advancing steadily, for the limited supply soon will be exhausted.

Grenwolde
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until recently one of the well known private estates, offers large plots with and without water frontage at unusually attractive prices. If you are looking for value in a country home, $15,000 at GRENWOLDE has greater purchasing power than in any other section of Great Neck, or in fact anywhere else on the North Shore. Before you commit yourself visit GRENWOLDE. The character of the colony, the charm of its surroundings and the care that has been taken to insure your comfort and pleasure will be a revelation to you.
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on acre plot in North Shores' best improved section providing every modern convenience and sanitary requirement. House has 12 rooms; arranged to insure maximum of comfort; 3 baths, living room, 16x28 feet; fireplaces, etc. Affords splendid views of Little Neck Bay and Long Island Sound, with right of way to fine bathing beach. Venerable shade trees and pleasing landscape. An opportunity to secure ideal home on unusually liberal terms to prompt purchaser. Write for particulars. H 176 Times.

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Best values in any high-grade, restricted American neighborhood; houses guaranteed by the company; best material and workmanship; ranging from 7 rooms and bath, at $6,500, to 10 rooms and two baths, on large corner plot, at $11,000; distinctive designs; large living rooms, open fireplaces, and every improvement; easy terms to suit; thirty minutes out on main line L. I. R. R.; three minutes to station; tennis courts, stores, schools, churches; refined community.
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my house at Scarsdale.
8 rooms, 2 baths, just completed; plot 58x190. Quick sale price, $5,500. 10% cash or rent at $60 per month. Will let portion of rent apply on purchase price. Other business transactions require immediate action.
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ABSOLUTE BARGAIN
North Street section, New Rochelle's best residential park; 10-room house, baths, all modern improvements; plot 100x200; convenient to trolley and station; worth $18,000, price $13,000.
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Examine 453 Convent Av., (149th St.;) four-story American basement dwelling, eleven rooms, electric light, parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker. PRICE ONLY $13,000.

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Furnished houses for rent. Estates for sale.
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Near Central Park West
Exquisite 5-story American Basement Private House, containing 12 rooms and 3 baths, electric light, modern plumbing, and every up-to-date convenience; will sell cheap on easy terms or rent to desirable person for
Boarding House
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Attractive Furnished Home
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No other realty development has created such widespread public interest as Forest Hills Gardens. Newspapers and magazines have repeatedly featured the Gardens, each presenting to its readers their several ideas as to what the development is, and what it stands for. All have agreed that Forest Hills Gardens IS most unique—IS most artistic—IS most harmonious. But no publication has clearly outlined what the Gardens IS NOT.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT a speculative undertaking. The Homes Company does not promise buyers a large future profit as an inducement to purchase its houses or land; nor does it speculate in any of its building or development operations. Its capital is invested—not risked. The company discourages speculation and sells preferably to those who expect eventually to reside at Forest Hills Gardens.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT an ordinary tract of land, upon which large apartment houses may be built with the idea of earning large profits. Every lot is restricted. The Gardens IS NOT and never will be a promiscuous neighborhood. Every safeguard has been provided to preserve its character and integrity.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT a low cost development. Its houses and lands are not low-priced. Yet they are most economical, because improvements are permanent, the cost of repairs and maintenance reduced to a minimum, and money invested in the Gardens yields the greatest return in comfort, beauty, pleasure and satisfaction. It is doubtful if a man looking for a permanent home community can get such values for his investment as are represented in Forest Hills Gardens.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT a development that offers buyers promises for performances. It has made a clear and full declaration of its intentions and is legally obligated to carry out the terms of the instrument which is filed in the County Clerk's office in the Borough of Queens. As a matter of fact all the improvements called for are already practically completed on the original tract of 142 acres.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT planned on ordinary lines. It is not commonplace. It is not to be compared with any other home community, because there exists nothing similar to compare it with. It is unlike anything to be found on the entire continent.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT in danger of any serious loss by fire. The erection of frame houses is not permitted. All buildings and residences are either of brick, stone or stucco, with tile roofs. The construction of all houses is either fireproof or semi-fireproof. The insurance rates are lower than in any other residential section of New York City.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS IS NOT a place where the same lots and houses are offered at different prices. The Company has no "asking price." Every price printed or quoted is the selling price. Offers are neither solicited nor entertained. Prices and terms are the same to every one. No exceptions are made to this rule. Houses and lots are offered for sale on reasonable terms.
The above is a brief outline of what Forest Hills Gardens IS NOT. Only a visit can tell adequately what it IS. That it appeals strongly to those in search of a home place of unusual character is evidenced from the sales of houses and land, in excess of $2,000,000 in less than two years. And these sales have been confined to persons whose social and financial references have been thoroughly investigated by the Homes Company before approving their applications for ownership.
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Handsome, extra large, light apartments of six, seven, and eight rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; rents reasonable; immediate possession.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,

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Real Estate

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6 per cent. income guaranteed for 20 years; north of 42d St. Excellent opportunity for improvement.

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Five-story apartment on lot 41x100; four families on a floor; rents, $5,300 annually; all improvements; double sound-proof floors; will sell below cost. P 173 Times.

2-family house, Bronx; no reasonable offer refused. Anderson, 4,111 Gunther Av.

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Most attractive home on Hillside Av., Vernon Park, Mount Vernon; just completed; 8 rooms; latest improvements; plot either 75 or 50 by 100; excellent location; near Columbus Av. railroad station; low price; terms to suit; must be sold before July 1. Full particulars from owner, Andersen, 1,339 Bristow St., Bronx, N. Y.

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A gentleman's commuting home, near station; half hour out; beautiful views Hudson; large brick house, broad piazzas; acre and half magnificent trees; flowers, fruit; garage; self help cost; photos; bargain. One Union Square, Room 901.

Being Foreclosed—Owners must sell twelve-room stucco dwelling, three baths; 1½ acres; fine shade; best location; large stable with living rooms. Angell, Scarsdale, and 507 5th Av.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Builder will sell at a bargain for cash or rent, an attractive seven-room house with latest improvements. 33 minutes out. Near station, stores, and trolley. N 251 Times Downtown.

Bargain price for bungalow, 7 rooms, improvements; bath houses; large plot, on Long Island Sound. L. B. Gildersleeve, East Northport, L. I.

Long Beach.—Broadway, near Long Beach Boulevard, bargain; 100x100; facing ocean; easy terms. Edward Freedberg, 115 Broadway, N. Y.

Port Washington.—New year-round bungalow, stucco, tile roof; 6 rooms; bargain, $5,950; easy terms; plan, photo. Frind, 47 W. 34th St.

Westbury.—Beautiful new houses; large plots; your prices and terms. Westbury Terrace, 115 Broadway.

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If you are interested in a cosey house in a healthy country suburb, 35 minutes from Broadway, with convenient train service, communicate at once with owner. A. Devries, Hampton Place, Nutley, N. J. No agents.

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67 acres, 16 timbered; small stream; elevation; view; house of 8 rooms and bath; farmer's cottage; commuting zone. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

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Builder has three new houses, six, seven, and eight rooms, in nearby Jersey suburb; near station and school; all improvements in and out for; will sell on virtually rental basis to reliable buyer; $40 to $50 monthly required. N 243 Times Downtown.

To Close an Estate—Great bargain is offered in the sale of a very fine residence in Monmouth Beach, N. J.; detached, 18 rooms, 2 baths; price $12,500. Estate of Frank Ibert, 1,041 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

Semi-Bungalows among the trees at beautiful Fanwood, N. J.; seven to nine rooms; hardwood finish; all latest city improvements; sold on easy terms. Write us for free sets of plans. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

Ideal mountain home, 50 minutes Broadway, furnished, adjoining lake, 1,200 acres; 40 acres partly developed; together, part; furnished cottage, bungalow; electricity, gas, water; 7 minutes Lackawanna Station. Reynolds, 31 Nassau St.

ASTONISHING BARGAIN.—Charming bungalow; rustic porch; $545; fascinating mountain scenery and river; good fishing, boating, bathing; commutation, 13c.; 35 minutes Lackawanna. 53 Times Downtown.

Summit, N. J.—Grand old homestead property; large concrete residence, barn, grounds, garden, fruit; mile from station; exceptional opportunity. Youngs, 674 Springfield Av.

A home, plenty of ground, $1,250; cash $100; 7-room house, improvements, $2,950; other in construction, $1,850. H. Dinnebell, Larch Av., at trolley, Bogota. Take West 130th St. Ferry.

COMMUTER'S FARM HOME.

Hour out, D., L. & W., near station; new Colonial house, eight rooms; tiled bath, steam heat, electric light, phone; 2½ acres; 80 fruit trees. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Beautiful bungalow, restricted street, near station; six rooms and bath; oak floors; steam heat; every improvement; $4,500, $500 cash. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.—Furnished cottages for rent and sale. W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Two-family brick house, all improvements; Greenville section, Jersey City. 265 West 23d St., New York.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale.—Seventy-five-acre farm in Northeastern Connecticut, situated on high ground, well watered and drained, with 500 or 600 cords of wood in timber and some 80 acres in tillage; the balance is in pasture and grass; in fact, it is an excellent grass farm; eleven-room house, with ell and piazza, 1½ stories; large barn, 68x32, and various outhouses; buildings all in good repair; farm is situated near church, school, and three cotton mills, and served by R. F. D.; failing health of owner requires immediate sale. For price and terms communicate with J. H. Perry, Killingly, Conn., R. F. D. 1.

Farm of 185 acres near best bass lake in Connecticut; old Colonial house; fine views, shade, orchard; only $2,500. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Real Estate—Out of City.

$20 MONTHLY RENTS BUNGALOW. Improvements; half hour out; privilege buying. Foster, Room 459, 200 5th Av.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted—Gentleman's estate, 15 to 20 acres, brick or stone dwelling, 6 master's and 6 servants' rooms, including garage with living rooms; vicinity of Morristown or Bernardsville. Address, with full particulars and lowest cash price, J. C. Hand, 28 West 34th St.

Modern house wanted at Plainfield, N. J., from owner. Address, with full particulars, price, &c. Room 1,762, Woolworth Building, New York City.

Mortgage Loans.

I wish to borrow $2,400 on first mortgage and bond for three years at 6 per cent. on 6-room house situate on lot 30x100; house contains all improvements, steam heat, tile bath, tile vestibule, hardwood floor and trim; thoroughly built and in good German neighborhood; bonus 5 per cent. to cover; I will furnish insurance policy and survey of property; any title company will insure. Richard H. Ashby, Rockaway Boulevard, South Ozone Park, N. Y. 'Phone Jamaica 735.

MORTGAGE MONEY at low rates. R. M. De Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Real Estate

To Let for Business Purposes.

Germania Life Insurance Building, 4th Av. at 17th St.—Entire 6th loft, 9,300 square feet, for exceptionally fine office or show room, to sublet at attractive figure, for immediate possession. Frederick Victor & Achelis, 88 East 25th St. Phone 9600 Madison Square.

DESIRABLE LIGHT OFFICE

in new building fronting Madison Square; exceptional elevator service; sublet for two years from May 1; substantial concessions given. Apply 122 East 25th St.

Fine two-story new building, vicinity of 116th St. and 3d Av.; suitable for department store, furniture, moving picture or other large business. Particulars, Brettell, 184 East 123d.

COLWELL BUILDING,

107 Lafayette St.; lofts, corner building; light three sides; steam heat and elevator service; moderate rents; size 60x80.

$80 Monthly.—Double store; an opportunity for a shoeman; shelves, electric fixtures, all in except benches; ready to start business. 1,027 3d Av. Inquire next door in bakery.

New Whitehall Building.—Two fine offices; Sub-lease or rent at extremely low price. Possession at once. Manufacturer moving plant and New York office.

Attractive desk room to let in exceptionally high-class building; beautifully furnished office in the Fourth Avenue Building, 381 4th Av., Room 715.

Store, 21x31 feet, corner Washington and Christopher Sts., slutable for restaurant or grocery; rent, $40 per month. Inquire 256 West St.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Office Space.—Half of office facing Broadway; 15x50 feet; glass partitioned. Call Room 407, 1,600 Broadway.

Very desirable light offices, 74 Broadway, to sublet at reduced rental. Inquire Room 1,501.

Parlor floor for business purposes; divide to suit; very reasonable. 265 West 23d St.

60th St., 167 East.—Large front office, 29x12; show window privileges.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Loft wanted, for machine shop; 5 to 6,000 square feet; west side, below 40th St. J 140 Times.

Building Material

AMERICAN ROOFING AND PAINT CO., Tel. 4698 John. 70 Malden Lane. Roofing, steam, boiler, and pipe coverings; all repairs guaranteed.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

Croton Falls, N. Y.—Eight-room cottage, barn, one acre of land; spring water, fruit trees; two miles from station, 50 miles from Grand Central Station. For particulars address H 155 Times.

Edgemere.—Stucco bungalow, 6 rooms, bath; electric lights, gas; 5 minutes from station, one block from ocean; rent, season, $350. P. E. Hoey, 134 West 29th St.

Furnished home to let; ten rooms, all improvements; wide porch, garden; two blocks station Newark branch Erie; July 28 to Sept. 6; price, $60. Write H. J. Condit, Nutley, N. J.

To rent any way desired, new cottage; all modern improvements; newly furnished; 9 rooms; in heart of Catskill Mountains. Abram Wood, Shandaken, Ulster County, N. Y.

Three-room furnished bungalows at Oakwood Beach, Staten Island; commutation $5.25. Address L. R. Fox, 208 East 9th St. or 'phone 3767 Orchard.

12-room furnished house; large, cool rooms; bath, electricity, furnace, fireplaces; $600 season. Apply Mrs. Emma T. Pratt, Litchfield, Conn.

Furnished bungalow, five rooms and sleeping porch; $50 per month. Address H. Child, Brookhaven, Long Island, N. Y.

Country Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

For Rent—Very desirable detached house, 18 rooms, 2 baths; large lawn, in very fine section of Monmouth Beach, N. J.; price for season $800. Max E. Lehman, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted—Furnished modern house in Westchester, preferably White Plains; three months; require six master's bedrooms, three maids' rooms; some grounds and garden; adults, one child. N 248 Times Downtown.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

48TH ST., 20 WEST.—Private Family Only—Three-story-and-basement house, 16 rooms, 4 baths; three-story extension; electric light, hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker, or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. Phone 587 Broad.

Automobile Exchange

A NEW cars, 50 per cent. off.

New Overland touring, 65 per cent. off.

100 rebuilt cars, all makes, $400-$3,000.

Fords...$150 up	Stearns..$700 up	Flanders$150 up
Buick.... 300 "	Everitt.. 500 "	Oakland 350 "
Overland 175 "	Hudson. 375 "	M. F. 300 "
Maxwell. 200 "	Cadillac 350 "	R. C. H. 350 "
Brush.... 150 "		Regal.. 300 "

New Ford tops, $10; others, all sizes.

Delv. wagons, $150 up; w'dsh'ds, speeders, $5. Time payments. Trades made. Cars bought.

20TH CENTURY CO., 1,706 B'way, corner 54.

Stutz, 1913, 6-cylinder roadster, like new. Peerless, 1912, 6-tylinder touring, sacrifice. National toy tonneau, 1912, renewed. National roadster, 1912, renewed. Peerless Motor Car Co., 1,922 Broadway.

BARGAIN WEEK IN OWNERS' CARS. Racers, roadsters, runabouts, touring cars, taxis, closed and commercial cars of all makes and models sold at sacrifice. Storage Mart, 32 West 63d.

Automobiles for Sale.—Two Dayton trucks, two ton and five ton capacity; in service less than year; both in first-class order. The Fleischmann Co., 701 Washington St.

Seven-passenger PACKAHRDS; new cars; SPECIAL RATES for polo game. Garage, 153-157 East 53d. Phone Plaza 2100.

Chalmers toy tonneau, fully equipped, $625; will demonstrate. 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

PATHFINDER 40, 1912 Roadster. Fully equipped. Like new. Call 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Premier six cylinder, ran less than 1,000, equipped, bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Packard seven passenger touring, equipped, $375. R. M. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo roadster, torpedo centre control, 1912, equipped, bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Maxwell touring; fully equipped, five passenger, $350. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

Flanders inside drive, suitable for physician; bargain. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

Ford touring, fully equipped, electric lights, $300. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Maxwell roadster, four cylinder, latest model, $375. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo fifth, centre control equipped, like new; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD, 4 DOOR, TOURING AND LIMOUSINES, $4.00 PER HOUR; CONEY ISLAND, 4 HOURS, $14.00; RACER, 5 HOURS, $18.00; REDUCED MONTHLY RATES. PACKARD GARAGE, 2700 BRYANT.

For Rent—1913 7-passenger Premier, $3.50 per hour, $25 per day. Trips to Coney Island, 5 hours, $15; 7 hours Rockaway, $18; highly recommended, licensed chauffeur. Telephone 821 Melrose.

UP-TO-DATE SERVICE ONLY.

New Packard seven-passenger cars, for rent; $4 per hour. Why pay more? Tel. 3486 Bryant. Hess, 1,531 Broadway.

For hire, by week or month, English Napier, 1912, 6-passenger touring, full equipment, electric lights throughout. Can be seen by appointment. Tel. 6520 Lenox.

Waldorf Renting Co.—Well appointed monthly service our specialty; large and small cars, $4 up and $3 up. 'Phone Murray Hill 181.

Packard touring cars for hire; best service and most reasonable prices in the city. Fred Smith, 102 West 46th. Phone Bryan 5424.

For Hire.—Elegant seven-passenger touring cars by the hour, day, month; very reasonable. Christy. Telephone 9780 Columbus.

Pierce-Arrow touring for hire, 1911; week or month; owner drives. McGrath, 236 Herkimer, St., Brooklyn. Phone 1634 Bedford.

For Hire.—Elegant seven-passenger touring cars by the hour, day, month; very reasonable. Christy. Telephone 9780 Columbus.

Waldorf Renting Co.—Monthly service, $250 up; large and $4 up; small cars, $3 up. 'Phone 181 Murray Hill.

For hire, elegant Packard touring, monthly; owner drives. Verlanglert, 532 West 122d. 7670 Morningside.

Private National touring car, Summer months; rates reasonable. Meyers, 115 Amsterdam Av.

Elegant five-passenger Hudson, $2.50 per hour; careful driver; private. Telephone Audubon 3843.

For Rent—Five seven-passenger Packard touring cars; hour, day, month. Phone Riverside 1003.

1913 APPERSON, touring, beautiful car, reasonable rate. Private. Phone 3843 Audubon.

Packard Touring, 7-pass., hour, day; low rate monthly. Phone 7261 Columbus.

Automobile Storage.

Limousine touring bodies stored, kept clean, $3 monthly. Moore & Co., 447 West 50th.

Country Board.

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.

It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Westchester County.

LARGE, well-furnished rooms and board, suitable for two or family; good table; all conveniences; private family; near station and Sound; reasonable. 65 Lafayette St. Phone 246 W, New Rochelle.

Long Island.

Rockaway Park, 46 Second Avenue—Desirable, cool rooms, $125, until October. Balconies facing the ocean. Excellent board; reasonable.

Richmond.

The Willows, Huguenot Park, Staten Island; on the beach; new, modern home; excellent cuisine, shade trees, porches; references.

New Jersey.

LARGE, well-furnished rooms and board, suitable for two or family; good table; all conveniences; private cottage; near Sound and station; reasonable. 65 Lafayette St. Phone 246 W, New Rochelle.

CRANFORD.—Couple with beautiful home could accommodate two or three refined guests; no objection to elderly people. Apply Box Y 3 Times.

Nurse, with cottage, accommodate few persons who appreciate homelike surroundings, 119 Main Av., Ocean Grove, N. J.

Country Board Wanted

BOARD wanted at Far Rockaway or Lawrence with a strictly private family; two adults; require two rooms and bath; will pay liberally for good accommodations. Box H 167 Times.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.

Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

Apartment 7 rooms, 2 baths; handsomely furnished; extra large, light, cool rooms; every convenience for comfort and amusement; well-stocked library, player piano, Victrola, &c. Address or call, Morgan, 362 Riverside Drive, near 109th St. (Subway station 110th St.) Telephone 5144 Riverside.

Beautiful five large rooms apartment on Riverside Drive; finest apartment on Washington Heights; will also consider selling very handsome furniture for $1,100; especially desirable for newly married couple. 'Phone 3020 Rector between 10 and 3 and other hours 7439 Audubon.

Sublet beautifully furnished, seven large rooms, two baths, southern exposure; linen, glassware, silver, piano, Oriental rugs; elevator apartment; sacrifice, $50. Johnson, 553 West 147th St.

Comfortably furnished five-room apartment; two doors from Riverside Drive; one and one-half blocks from 96th Subway express station; terms reasonable; June 1 or October. Hurd, 350 West 95th, Apartment 20.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.

Six rooms and two baths; newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

600 West 183d St., (corner Broadway.)—Sublet for housekeeping, three rooms, bath, all outside; modern elevator apartment, overlooking Hudson; inquire agent. Phone 4737 Morningside.

121st St., 509 West, (Bancroft Apts.)—Beautiful, sunny apartment three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; elegantly furnished; reception room; excellent restaurant. See Mr. Yetman.

ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE CORNER APARTMENT; 6 LARGE ROOMS AND BATH, TO SUBLET AND FURNISHED. APPLY 300 W. 109TH ST., N. Y. CITY.

Seven beautifully furnished, exceedingly cool rooms, facing Riverside Drive; rent $85 per month. Call any day before 2 P. M., 315 West 97th St., Apt. 64.

Furnished or unfurnished, 6 rooms and bath, exceptionally light, southern exposure, until Oct. 1; privilege of renewal. Kennelly, 203 West 94th.

Special low Summer rates for 1, 2, and 3 rooms; handsomely furnished; with hotel service; excellent neighborhood. 15-19 East 11th St.

THE SEVILLIA APARTMENT HOTEL.—41 West 58th St.; very desirable furnished apartment; 2 rooms and bath; for Summer months.

Riverside Drive, 67, corner 79th.—Ten rooms, fully furnished; large cool rooms; exceptional view of Hudson River. Apply at once. Sproul.

35th St., 65 West.—Artist's studio; very cool, spacious; bath, kitchenette; two, three rooms optional; finest location; Summer rates.

81st, 251 West.—Luxuriously furnished six-room apartment; exclusive neighborhood; all conveniences.

Manhattan Av., 540, (corner 123d.)—Three rooms, kitchenette. Apartment 6. M., 5770 Morningside.

Two rooms; kitchenette, bath; newly furnished; improvements; references. Hynes, 419 West 119th.

630 West 135th.—One door from Riverside Drive; 4 sunny rooms; bath; elevator; grand piano; until October; $85.

Riverside Drive, corner 143d.—Four rooms, completely furnished, until Sept. 15. Elbe.

Eight rooms, bath, all light rooms; terms reasonable. Livingston, 17 West 8th St.

East Side.

THE HAMPTON,
22 EAST 31ST.

Apartment of two, three, or four rooms, bath, furnished; attractive Summer rates.

Bronx.

4 rooms, all improvements, including shower baths, electric light, and telephone; one block from the Subway station; rents, $24 to $26; agent on premises. 1,553 Minford Place, Bronx.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

IVY COURTS,
230 WEST 107TH ST.

Six-room apartment; southern exposure; large, bright rooms; spacious closets; first-class elevator apartment house; rent $720 per annum; liberal reduction from now to Oct. 1, 1913.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON,

318-328 West 51st Street.

Attractive apartments, seven and eight large, light rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Fort Washington Heights.—Beautiful sunny five rooms to sublet, July 1 or later, to Oct. 1. Tenant leaving city. Call Hudson Overlook, 804 West 180th St., Apartment 55. Concessions.

83D ST., 71 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, suitable for doctor or dentist; rent reasonable. Apply premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Ave.

450 Riverside Drive.—7-room duplex apartment; 116th Subway or bus; $65 per month; 3 months or longer; elevator. Blackmur.

20th St., 422 West.—Beautiful section, 5 rooms, bath, $37; no children.

East Side.

1,880 LEXINGTON AV.
N. W. CORNER 117TH ST.

Large, light corner apartment of seven rooms and bath; all light rooms; rent only $28 per month; possession at once; apply on premises, or CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES'S PL., NEAR FULTON ST.

Six and seven-room apartments; $42 up; every modern convenience; walking distance to subway; branch office on premises; booklet. GOLDEN REALTY CO., 16 Willoughby St.

Motorcycles and Bicycles.

For Sale—1913 model, motor cycles and motor boats at bargain prices; all makes; brand new machines on easy monthly payment plan; get our proposition before buying or you will regret it; also bargains in used motor cycles; write us to-day; enclose stamp for reply. Address Lock Box 11, Trenton, Mich.

Pope motor cycles, New York Distributors. Also agent for Indian and Excelsior. Amos Shirley, 935 8th Av., near 55th St.

Schools.

Camp Champlain.—An ideal Summer camp for boys on Lake Champlain; twentieth year; every convenience for safety and comfort; waterproof tents, with floors; all land and water sports; leaders carefully chosen; best of food; long-distance 'phone. J. Clark Read, Berkeley School, New York.

Pianos and Organs.

$55.—Good mahogany upright piano; standard maker; stool. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Horses and Carriages.

Horses Bought—Have you a horse you wish to sell? Write or telephone Wiegel, 2,546 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Lost

LOST—Wednesday, between Knickerbocker Hotel, Princess Theatre, and Grand Central Station, an olivine and diamond platinum fancy barpin. A suitable reward will be paid for return to Pickslay & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST.—Packet containing checks on New York Produce Exchange Bank, Broadway Branch; lost at Bowling Green Subway Station, June 10. $500 offered for return to aforesaid bank, 10 Broadway, New York City. No questions asked.

LOST—Package containing canvas-covered book and papers, between Wall St. and 23d St. and 5th Av., via Subway. Return to address on package or Room 1,007, 200 5th Av.; reward.

LOST—Wednesday night, between Park Hill Inn, Yonkers, and Knickerbocker Hotel, New York, gold cigarette case; initials R. B. E.; heavy reward. R. B. Esselstyn, 1,270 Broadway.

LOST.—A diamond screw earring, between 116th St. and Morningside Av. and 123d St. and Broadway; liberal reward. I. Raphael, 23 Morningside Av.

LOST.—Lady's brooch olivine stone, set in Etruscan gold work; lost between 15th St. and 75th St. on east side; liberal reward. Lewis, 135 East 15th St.

LOST—At Hotel Gotham, a gold purse set with rubies and diamonds; liberal reward and no questions asked for return to Mrs. Brady, Hotel Gotham.

LOST.—Small Swiss gold watch, between White Plains and New York, or on train; liberal reward. Woodward Hotel, 55th St., Broadway.

LOST—Pearl scarfpin, set in diamonds, between 33d and 7th Av. and Long Island Station; liberal reward. Spring 7117. 702 Broadway.

LOST.—Chauffeur's identification card, New York and Connecticut license; reward. Charles Marshall, care of Westerly Cafe, 905 6th Av.

LOST—Wednesday, on elevated, black purse, containing over $10 bills and change. Kindly return Waxman, 225 West 14th St.

LOST.—On June 10, between West 87th and East 57th Sts., lady's gold watch, initials C. H. Please return to 58 West 75th St., city.

LOST—On June 10, between West 87th and East 57th Sts., lady's gold watch, initials "C. H." Please return to 58 West 75th St., city.

LOST.—Gold watch, initials K. K.; reward. Return to Apartment 101, 219 Audubon Av.

LOST—Elgin watch; reward; no questions. Telephone Taylor, Cortlandt 8980.

LOST—Watch and monogram fob; reward. D. D. Moore, 656 West 30th St.

$100 REWARD.

Lost—Thursday, June 5, between 41½ West 45th St. and 5th Av., envelope of Union Trust Co., (private branch,) containing money in bills. Return same to 41½ West 45th St.

$500 REWARD for diamond necklace, lost June 3 or 4; positively no questions asked. W. B. A., 530 West End Av.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of bicycle stolen at 118th St. and Lenox Av. Saturday morning; Rugby bicycle, equipped with lamp and siren horn; no questions asked. Mory & Thorn, 260 West Broadway.

Found.

FOUND.—Certificate of ownership of land at Wading River, Long Island. Box P104 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Chocolate Pomeranian, house pet, 7 years old, between 89th and 90th, on Broadway, late Monday night; very liberal reward; no questions asked. Mrs. H. E. Nagle, 251 West 89th. 'Phone 3,127—Riverside.

LOST—30, 9th Av., between 57th-58th, black cocker spaniel; $25 reward. 357 West 57th St.

LOST.—Bridle bull; left ear dropped; reward. 688 10th Av.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Boarders Wanted

East side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; rooms with bath; table board; references.

11TH ST., 15-19 EAST.—Hotel service; splendidly furnished rooms, with or without, private bath, $5-$10 per week; with meals, $12-$17 per week.

11TH ST., 29 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; references; telephone.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with excellent board.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Room, with board; Summer rates; table board; references.

63D ST., 23 EAST.—Single and double rooms; private bath; board optional.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; excellent table board; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 104, (between 27th and 28th.)—First-class board; Swedish home cooking; luncheon, 35 cents; dinner, 40 cents.

MADISON AV., 182, Near 34th St.—To rent June 21, very desirable room on Central Park; convenient to L and Subway; dinner optional. Mr. Clark, 217 West 110th St., after 5 P. M. and Sundays.

MADISON AV, 108, (near 30th St.)—Room and board; excellent table; location convenient to all cars; Summer rates.

West Side.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent board; telephone.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6068 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.

Single and double rooms; first class; Summer rates.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small connecting rooms; private bath; telephone.

57TH, 411 WEST.—Summer rates; double, $10; single, $7; excellent table; Southerners.

58TH, 37 WEST. Block Park.—Attractive, cool rooms; private baths; electricity; superior table.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room with private bath; electricity; southern cooking; attentive service; really an elegant residence.

68TH ST., 54 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; private baths; excellent table; Summer prices.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; all conveniences; Subway; ample table; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Rooms, suite, separate; every convenience; board; best location; select.

70TH, 151 WEST.—ROOMS, BATHS; HOT WATER; REFERENCES.

72D, 263 WEST, The Beaulieu.—Large, medium rooms; private baths; Summer rates; superior table.

73D ST., 155 WEST.—Large, small rooms, every convenience; excellent table; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Rooms, with, without bath; Summer rates.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.

Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; telephone in all rooms; out-of-town guests accommodated. Write for booklet.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cool suites, single, private baths; special inducement for Summer.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable, large, small room; electricity; telephone; generous table; home environment.

81ST ST., 120 WEST.—Large, small room, private bath; Southern home; parlor dining.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

84TH, 55 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; private baths; excellent board; reasonable; transients; table guests.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two adults in a refined, exclusive home; easy access to all car lines; references. Hexter.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board. Telephone 7442 Riverside.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Few table boarders; meals well-cooked, nicely served; small room.

95TH ST., 65 WEST, (Rozelle.)—Handsome rooms; cuisine service exceptional; cool, attractive dining.

103D ST., (West End Av., 879.)—Bright corner room; splendid cuisine; table guests.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; home cooking.

118TH, 625 WEST.—Cool rooms, near Drive; table board a specialty; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room, adjoining bath; electricity; references.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; conveniences; near Drive; table guests; references.

149TH, 544 WEST.—A beautiful, healthful section Washington Heights, "The Audubon"; first-class accommodations; very reasonable rates; every comfort; real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

157TH ST. Subway, West.—Cool, quiet room, overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. Phone 2-3 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855. — The Woodbury country house, two blocks north 157th St. Subway; large grounds; chickens, vegetables. Audubon 4412.

WEST END AV., 916, (105th St.)—Ideal Summer location; immaculate; appetizing food; private house; Summer rates. Phone 5262 Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

Brooklyn.

CONVENIENT Borough Hall, Subway; rooms; 76 Pierrepont St.; bath; excellent table. Main 1159 W. Mrs. Henry.

Bureaus.

FREE INFORMATION.

Save time, carfare, annoyance; consult our investigated list superior accommodations, board and rooms; all locations. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

19TH, 134 EAST.—Two comfortable large connecting rooms; telephone; bath; private; references.

19TH ST., 234 EAST.—Front alcove room; private house; convenient bathroom, (shower;) telephone; $6.

28TH ST., 109 EAST.—Large, cool rooms, suitable one, two gentlemen; reasonable; telephone; Subway.

29TH, 118 EAST, (Dwelling.)—Large double, also small, room; private family; comfortably furnished; all conveniences; telephone; breakfast optional; block Subway; reasonable.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, parlor, bedroom, bath, square room, Summer rates.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without bath; reasonable; gentlemen.

49TH, 38 EAST.—Comfortable room for gentleman; good location; private house; references.

57TH, 23-25 EAST.—Elegantly furnished double, single rooms; baths; electricity; telephone; $4, $5, $6, $8, $10.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board optional. Gramercy 1878.

LEXINGTON AV., 501.—Two connecting rooms, (sitting room and bedroom,) suitable for two gentlemen; private; every convenience. Chimaules.

MADISON AV., 182, Near 34th St.—To rent June 21, very desirable room on Central Park; convenient to L and Subway; dinner optional. Information Mrs. Clarke.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small rooms, with private baths; Summer rates.

West Side.

8TH ST., 7 WEST.—Select, well-furnished rooms, one door 5th Av.; private family; telephone.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite and single for bachelors; electricity, telephone.

9TH, 23 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; bath connected; small room; telephone; references required.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Nice small room; two large connecting rooms; fine surroundings, phone; reference.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean rooms; conveniences; telephone.

12TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, airy room; hot, cold water; private residence; telephone.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Clean, light rooms; bath; $2, upward; men; telephone. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private baths; small rooms; Summer rates.

47TH, 68 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large, small rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates.

53D, 62 WEST.—A large room, with bath; also medium rooms.

55TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful, clean, comfortable, light, airy room; all conveniences; telephone.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Desirable room, bath adjoining; moderate; references; telephone.

65TH, 59 WEST.—Large, cool rooms in elevator apartment, nicely furnished, with every convenience; phone, running water. Curtis.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; breakfast if desired.

69TH, 112 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms to rent; convenient Subway; reasonable; references.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nice large front room and bath. Also small room reasonable.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms, suitable one, two; private baths; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Single room; convenient; attractive neighborhood. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

77TH, 104 WEST.—Pleasant room; private bath; telephone; references; reasonable; board optional.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Unusually large front room, situtable for two; private family.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable large, front room; all conveniences; reasonable.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large and single rooms, baths adjoining; private house; gentlemen.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Two beautiful front rooms, double, medium size; private house.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Cool, delight

COHALAN PUTS CASE IN SULZER'S HANDS

Tells Bar Association It Has No Jurisdiction — Asks Governor to Act.

ANGER IN THE COMMITTEE

Members Determine Not to Let the Matter Drop — Expect Sulzer Will Ask for Assistance.

Justice Daniel F. Cohalan has appealed from the Bar Association, which has been investigating the charges brought against him by John A. Connolly, to Gov. Sulzer and the Legislature. He wrote a letter yesterday to Howard Townsend, Chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, in which he said that the association had no jurisdiction over the subject matter and that as he was presenting the matter to the Governor for consideration at the special session of the Legislature he presumed that the Grievance Committee would drop its investigation.

The action of the Justice came as a complete surprise to the Grievance Committee. It was actually in session when the news came to it, and then it was informed, not by the Justice, but by a newspaper reporter. J. C. McTighe, the secretary of Justice Cohalan, gave out the letters for publication at the Justice's chambers before Mr. Townsend had received the communication addressed to himself, and it was a reporter who took the copies up to the Bar Association and sent them in to the Grievance Committee's meeting.

The first letter given out by the Justice was that written to him by Mr. Townsend on June 5. It read:

Association of the Bar,
42 West Forty-fourth Street,
June 5, 1913.

Hon. Daniel F. Cohalan, County Court House, New York City:

Dear Sir: The Association of the Bar of the City of New York has been requested to investigate certain charges made against you. This matter has been referred to the Committee on Grievances of the association, and I beg to notify you that the committee is about to take up the investigation of them. The attorney of the committee, Mr. Elmar Chrystie, will confer with you or your attorney at any time that you may suggest during the coming week. Very truly yours,

HOWARD TOWNSEND,
Chairman Committee on Grievances.

To this Justice Cohalan replied yesterday after the usual days of grace allowed by the Bar Association in such matters had elapsed. His letter follows:

New York, June 12, 1913.

Howard Townsend, Esq., Chairman Committee on Grievances, Association of the Bar, 42 West Forty-fourth Street, New York City:

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of the 5th inst., advising me that your association has been requested to investigate charges made against me, and inviting me or my attorney to confer with your committee counsel during the present week, I beg to say that, inasmuch as your association has no jurisdiction over the subject matter, and as I am presenting the subject to the Governor of the State for such action as may be proper at the special session of the Legislature that convenes on Monday next, I assume that your committee will not care to proceed. Very truly yours, DANIEL F. COHALAN.

Grievance Committee Angry.

The action of Justice Cohalan astonished the Grievance Committee. It led to the belief on the part of some of those opposed to him that he had through an intermediary communicated with Gov. Sulzer, and that he was convinced that if the Connolly charges were brought before the Legislature that he would be acquitted, as was Justice Hooker under somewhat similar circumstances when Gov. Hughes was in the Executive Mansion.

The members of the Grievance Committee were particularly incensed at the assertion of the Justice that they were without jurisdiction in the matter. They are certain that they have every right to consider the actions of one of their own members, even though he be a Supreme Court Justice, and they are determined not to permit the matter to drop. They may, it is true, suspend action for a little to see what the Legislature, when it convenes on Monday, will do, but they are determined if its action is not satisfactory to continue to work on their own lines.

As a matter of fact they believe now that Gov. Sulzer will call upon them for assistance. The one pledge which he has thus far adhered to strictly, it is said in Bar Association circles, is not to appoint any one to the bench who has not the indorsement of the association. His good faith in this matter, they say, shows a regard for the standing of the judiciary, which should cause him to take a serious view of the Connolly accusations.

Will Employ Eminent Counsel.

So if the Governor writes, as they expect he will, to invite the members of the Grievance Committee to present what they know of the facts to the Legislature they are prepared to appoint the most eminent counsel they can find to present the case as they see it. They will, of course, try to give fair play to both sides, but they do not intend to permit politics to come in and cause the disappearance without due investigation of charges which they consider to be serious.

Even if Gov. Sulzer does not call on the Bar Association, it may try of its own motion to obtain a hearing at Albany. It may petition the Legislature for permission to appear before it and to tell what it has thus far discovered. Indeed, in the opinion of some of the members of the association, it must of necessity do something of the sort. All the evidence in support of the charges of Connolly is in the keeping of the Grievance Committee, and it would be impossible to carry on two investigations, one at Albany and the other in this city, without asking the committee to co-operate and furnish the documents which it has been examining. So whatever happens before the Legislature, the Grievance Committee is determined that it will go ahead on its own account.

WEDS WOMAN HE HURT.

Bert Traub Marries Miss Lillian Luck After Auto Accident.

When you knock a young woman down with your automobile and break her leg, one way of avoiding a damage suit might be to marry her, but both parties to a romance which began in that fashion, and which culminated yesterday at the McAlpin, deny that there was ever any thought of damages of a pecuniary kind. Anyhow, Bert Traub, a well-known automobile dealer of Jackson, Mich., was married yesterday in one of the private reception rooms at the McAlpin to Miss Lillian Luck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Luck of 522 West 136th Street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Edward Lissman.

About nine months ago Mr. Traub, who was one of the first men to make an automobile tour in Alaska, had come to New York and was taking a run about in the city in his big car. He asserts that he was not exceeding the speed limit as he neared 135th Street on Broadway, just at the time a young woman had chosen to cross the wider thoroughfare. His friends hint that Mr. Traub did see the young woman, and that in that first glance he forgot that he was navigating a car. Miss Luck was knocked down; Mr. Traub quickly brought his machine to a stop, hurried back and found her unconscious. He lifted her into his automobile and carried her to a hospital, where it was found her leg had been broken. Calling each day to see how his victim was progressing, Mr. Traub discovered very soon that he had developed an extraordinary interest in the young woman, and that is why they are sailing for Europe to-morrow.

MRS. HOUSMAN RETURNS.

Woman Who Quit Her Home in a Rowboat Visits Her Mother.

Mrs. Olga Housman, who disappared a week ago last Saturday by rowing away from her husband's home on Plumb Island in Jamaica Bay, has returned to the home of her mother, Mrs. S. Koivu, at 111 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. She has been living in Manhattan since her disappearance and working in a millinery store. Learning from the newspapers that her mother was ill from worry as to her fate and that the police suspected innocent persons of having done her harm, she telephoned her sister yesterday morning that she would meet her at Sixth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street. The sister brought along Capt. Deevey of the Sheepshead Bay Station, who has had the case in charge, and the three went to Mrs. Koivu's home in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Housman told reporters there last night that she had disappeared because she and her husband, Alonzo M. Housman, had disagreed. When Mr. Housman heard of her return last night he said that he was eager to welcome his wife back and that she would find him waiting her with open arms. For the first time in two weeks the Jamaica Bay "pirates," who have been generally denounced for kidnapping Mrs. Housman and keeping her prisoner, sang their rollicking songs last night and went about their work with light and merry hearts.

VENTILATED STRAWS

$2

20 Degrees Cooler

WHY not enjoy a Ventilated Straw? It's my exclusive feature. Why not wear that new style that Mr. Goodresser is wearing? See them in my windows. They're.. $2

Usual $5 Bangkoks $3.75
Usual $7.50 Panamas $5.00

13 Greater New York Stores.

Truly Warner
Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

19 GRADUATES IN MEDICINE.

Dean Polk Reads Honor Roll at Cornell Exercises.

The fourteenth annual commencement exercises of the Medical College of Cornell University were held yesterday afternoon in Dispensary Hall in First Avenue. Nineteen members of the Senior Class were graduated with the degree of M. D. Prof. Thomas F. Crane, acting President of the University, addressed the graduates. After the address the John Metcalfe Memorial prizes were awarded.

Morris Kush received the first prize of $300, Joseph Sylvester Baldwin a second prize of $125, and a third prize of $75 was awarded to Henry Richard Muller. Prizes for efficiency in otology, presented by Prof. Whiting, were awarded to Joseph Baldwin and John Randolph Quinn. The first was the sum of $50 and the second $25.

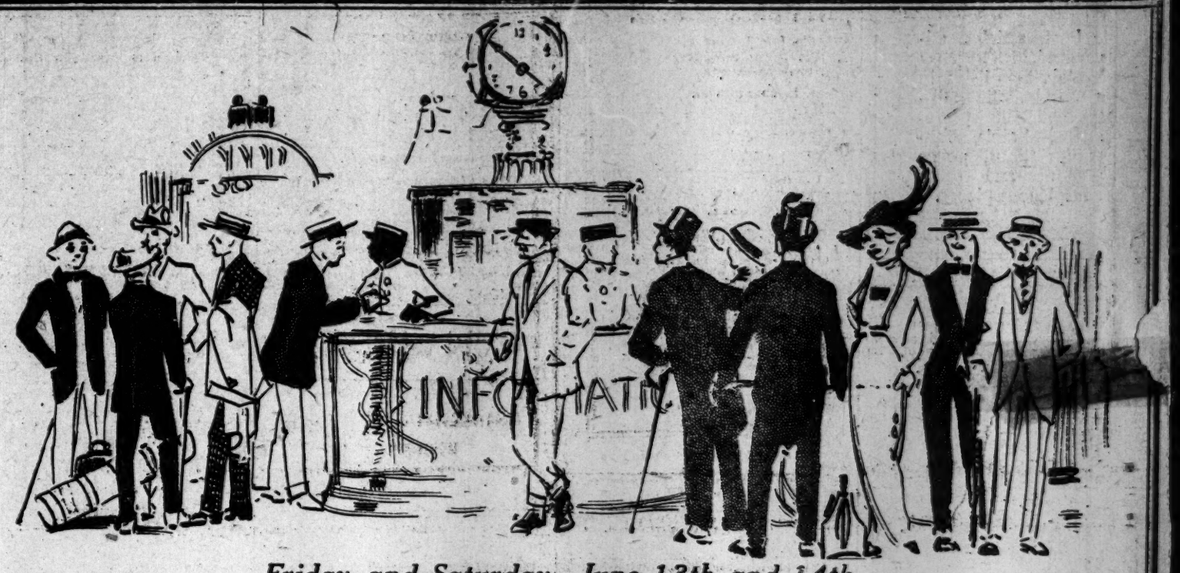
The honor roll read by Dean Polk contained the following names: Morris Kush, Joseph Baldwin, Henry Richard Muller, Frank Nicholls Dealy, Guilford Swathel Dudley, Eleanor Bertine, George Kornfeld, Harry Welday Mayes, Jacob Piller, and Walter Anderson Reiter. Frank Dealy is President of the class of 1913.

The degree of M. D. was conferred on Frank N. Dealey, Henry R. Muller, Harry W. Mayes, Nels Westby, Guilford S. Dudley, Kristine Mann, Maurice I. Smith, Jacob Piller, Arney G. Biddle, James W. Wiltsie, Morris Kush, Walter A. Reiter, George Kornfeld, Eleanor Bertine, Edward M. Dodd, John R. Quinn, Joseph S. Baldwin, Isador Adler, and Ann L. Martin.

New Denison University Head.

GRANVILLE, Ohio, June 12.—At the commencement exercises of Denison University to-day, Dr. George M. Peters of Cincinnati, President of the Board of Trustees, announced that Dr. Clark W. Chamberlin, Professor of Physics at Vassar College, had been unanimously elected to the Presidency of Denison to succeed Dr. Emory W. Hunt, resigned. Dr. Chamberlin has not yet accepted, but probably will do so on his return from Europe on Aug. 1.

Amusement Advertisements Page 9.



Friday and Saturday, June 13th and 14th

A Clothing Sale Held by a *Manufacturer* Direct to the Retail Trade

The papers are full of clothing advertisements. Sale after sale is being held by the retailers of this city. Only last week one of the largest and most prominent department stores astonished its patrons with tremendous reductions; they blamed the manufacturer, claiming that he—poor soul—had overstocked with merchandise; that he had bought heavily before the tariff discussion arose, and that when a reduction of duty was promised by Congress, the manufacturer immediately took every means in his power to rid himself of merchandise.

Now this was true in some cases, but it wasn't true with us. We weren't overstocked, and when the mills became tariff-stricken we bought, and have been buying woolens ever since, at reductions of 33⅓ to 40 per cent. The low prices we paid for raw materials enabled us to sell many a retailer men's clothing on which he has held special "tariff revision" sales, but we have made a profit on the transaction. Now we're going to hold a sale ourselves—we have 7,566 suits that form a complete assortment of styles, patterns and sizes. We wouldn't break into this lot for any man and there wasn't a retailer big enough to handle the whole consignment. Consequently they go in this Retail Sale at the same price we would have sold them at Wholesale. Look this price range over—the values run from $12 to $45—some are greater than others, but they're all priced at cost.

1407 Suits	$30 to $45 Grades	$21.50	1704 Suits	$20, $22 & $25 Grades	$14.50
1001 Suits	$25, $30 & $35 Grades	$19.50	1059 Suits	$15, $18 & $20 Grades	$12.50
1874 Suits	$22 to $27 Grades	$16.50	521 Suits	$12, $13, $15 & $16 Grades	$9.50

Our position in the clothing field is unique. We are manufacturers, but in conjunction with our wholesale business run a Retail Store, in which we sell clothing at wholesale prices.

Other manufacturers can't buy raw materials any cheaper than we, nor have they greater facilities for manufacturing—they have but one outlet—the Retailer—we have two, the Retailer and direct to the Consumer.

The Retailer can't compete with us because he must pay a profit to the manufacturer who makes his clothes, and even under ordinary conditions his prices are at least a third higher.

In this sale the difference is much greater. Here's what purchaser will save;

FIRST.—The difference between the wholesaler's cost of production and the retailer's selling price, which includes the profit he paid the manufacturer and the profit he himself makes.

SECOND.—The enormous reductions at which we bought these fabrics all figure in their cost and represent a saving of at least 33%.

No retailer can compete with these prices. We guarantee that you can't duplicate these suits at ⅓ additional cost anywhere. Further, we'll refund any man his money who isn't satisfied that this is the greatest value he ever received.

THE CHOICE.

Every conceivable pattern or fabric. Mills from all over the country have contributed, and I have chosen the best. There are blue, brown, and gray mixtures and plain serges. Pencil stripes, club checks, plain checks, plaids, and shepherd plaids.

There are sack suits, English suits, Norfolks, and the more conservative styles. There's everything any man could choose.

GUARANTEE EMPHASIZED.

You cannot duplicate any garment included in this sale at a third more.

Money back without question to any dissatisfied customer.

SERVICE.

There will be enough salesmen in the store to give attention to every customer. The doors will be open from 8:30 A. M. to 9 P. M. Friday and from 8:30 A. M. to 10 P. M. Saturday, so that every man may have a chance. We're ready for the crowds we expect.

LOCATION.

Our location is out of the high rent district, but central. Get off the Subway at Canal Street and walk one block east; get off 3d Ave. "L" or 3d or 2d Ave. surface line and walk 3 blocks west. Or take Broadway car to Walker Street and walk 3 blocks east. You can't fail to see the building.

FRIDAY 8:30 A. M. to 9 P. M.

MOE LEVY

119-125 Walker Street

SATURDAY 8:30 A. M. to 10 P. M.

For you young men—you young fellows who indulge in athletics

DOUBLE GRIP
PARIS GARTERS
No Metal Can Touch You

are especially suited. You realize the need for extra sock support

The name PARIS is on the back of the shield

FIND IT

A. Stein & Company
Makers
CHICAGO NEW YORK

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Don't squander—save!

Panamas at $3.90
Bankoks at $3.40
Regular value $6.00
We buy direct from the importer.
No Middlemen's Profits.

Smart Outing Hats, and Caps
Golf and Auto Caps, 50c
White Felt Hats, 65c
White Duck Hats (Green under brim) 50c
Silk Outing Hats, 95c & $1.50

Wilson's Vacuum Washer.
ALL STEEL—NEVER RUSTS.

Cleans clothes, blankets, dishes; two sizes, for dishes and small articles, 60c.; for family wash, $1.10. At grocers or by mail direct from

Wilbur Wilson, P. O. Box 461, N. Y.

Antiques For Sale.—Stone pitcher (1790;) three prints of General Washington, 4 Spanish Mill Dollars, Yellow Glass Candlestick (1800.) For particulars and price address X 240 Times.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Corner 122d Street (Open Evenings) | Broadway at 29th Street (Southwest Corner) | 246-248 West 125th Street (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

The Winners

DOWN in Long Island American and Briton are striving for the International Polo Trophy—and may the best team win.

As a sport, so in business, the fair and square merchant, the one that plays his game for all that's in it, that gives his best knowledge and experience toward making customers (who are the goals of business) wins out ALWAYS.

We are speaking from experience—For it is because we have always bent every effort to give the greatest possible *value* for your money that we have secured so many of you New York men as permanent customers.

We have won out.

As an example of the values you will find here

A Sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits $16.50 and $21.50

WE COULD have sold these suits at $25, $28, $30, $35, $40 and $45 each—but we bought them advantageously and we are giving you the benefit. That's what we call playing the game for all that's in it. Come and see the suits—you'll like the patterns and styles and you'll probably find just what you want here—at a mighty low price.

Have You Read
Mr. Winston Churchill's
New Novel
The Inside of the Cup

"In direct touch with most of the questions of the hour, the story is admirably well done. You will read this book with profound interest and will be thankful that Mr. Churchill was moved to write it."

Illustrated, $1.50 net. At All Bookstores.

Have You Read
Miss S. C. Nethersole's
New Novel
WILSAM

"He or she who seeks intellectual refreshment in a modern story wherein Truth to Nature is vividly set forth in the language of the imagination—human nature interpreted in terms of art—will find here a rare treasure."

Cloth, $1.35 net. At All Bookstores.

The Macmillan Company, Publishers, New York

Your Priceless Heirlooms

And Silverware exposed to fire and theft if left in your home during the Summer absence can be fully protected by telephoning Murray Hill 5888. Safety guaranteed from your door. Hampers, trunks, boxes, and men to pack them if required.

The Cold Storage Department

is still receiving furs, rugs, curtains and trunks. Why not send yours?

Household Furniture Storage.

Fire Proof Warehouses and a Superior Service at moderate cost.

Safes for Valuable Papers

may be rented as low as $5 per year.

Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

42d Street, Opposite Grand Central Terminal.
Most centrally located at a Subway Express Station.
Send for Pamphlet.